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EDUCATIONAL.

Laying of the Corner Stone of the New High School Building.

4,000 SCHOOL CHILDREN IN PROCESSION.

THE CEREMONIES.

10,000 Persons Present.

The laying of the corner stone of the new High School building, at the corner of Bedford avenue and Fulton streets, in the Eighth ward, which took place with appropriate ceremonies yesterday morning, was an event in the history of our glorious Common School System long to be remembered, not alone by those who participated in, but by every friend of free education throughout the State. A more delightful day for the ceremonies could not have been desired, and the programme, notwithstanding it was a lenthy one, was gone through with without the occurrence of a single incident of a nature calculated to mar the pleasure of the occasion. The interest manifested by the public generally, exceeded the expectations of the most sanguine friends of Common Schools and Free Colleges.

THE PROCESSION.

The programme included a procession of the children of the Public Schools of this city, which was one of the grand and imposing features of the day. At an early hour in the morning the streets and sidewalks along which the procession was expected to move, were literally crowded with people anxiously awaiting the first sound of the music to warn them of the approach of the army of school children.

The procession formed under the direction of Mr. R. H. Kelley, Chief Marshal, assisted by Prof. Eaton, on Penn street, with the right resting on Sixth street, in the following order:

A detachment of twenty-six policemen in full uniform, under charge of Lieutenant Barker.

State Superintendent Wickersham and City Superintendent Luckey.

Orators of the day.

The members of the Central Board of Education.

The Iron City Brass Band under charge of Julius Moore.

The Faculty of the High School and the Professors of Music.

Puplis of the High School, with flags and banners. The pupils number about three hundred.

Duquesne School, First ward, one hundred and fifty strong; Forbes School, numbering three hundred; Franklin School, two hundred and fifty; Grant School, two hundred and twenty-five; Howard School, one hundred and four; Lawrence School, one hundred; Lincoln School, sixty-two; Minersville School, eighty-six; Moorhead School, three hundred; North School, one hundred and fifty; Oakland School, two hundred and twenty-four; O'Hara School, two hundred and fifty; Germania Turners' Brass Band; Ralston School, two hundred and five; South School, one hundred and seventy-five; Washington School, two hundred and twenty.

THE ROUTE.

At ten o'clock the column moved by way of Sixth street to Market, thence to Fifth avenue, up Fifth avenue to Wood street, along Wood to Liberty, countermarched to Fifth avenue, up the avenue to Wylie street, up Wylie to Fulton, where the procession again countermarched and thence to the site of the High School building at the corner of Bedford avenue and Fulton street. The several schools were designated by neat and beaujiful silk banners, bearing in addition to the name of the school, appropriate mottos, and many of the children wore badges upon which was inscribed the name of the school to which they belonged. In addition to the banner described, each school carried a beautiful stand of our national colors. The little girls were neatly and tastefully dressed and many of them carried beautiful boquets and wreaths of flowers.

ON THE GROUNDS.

The proparation at the grounds were simple yet appropriate. A beautiful arch of evergreens was erected over the entrance to the lot from Fulton street and a commodious platform was constructed on the foundation of the building, upon which were six of Estys cottage organs. When the right of the procession reached the entrance, the police formed in open order and the column marched through, the members of the Central Board of Education, the orators of the day, focutly and schollars of the High School and the Allegheny Quartett Club took places assigned them on the platform, while the schollars of the public schools arranged along the hill side above the building. The gates were then throwen open and the vast multitude which had assembled on the outside was admitted, until the entire lot was a vast sea of human being's, numbering fully ten thousand persons, and the whole presenting one of the grandest and most imposing spectacles ever witnessed in this city.

ORGANIZATION.

On motion of G. J. Luckey, City Superintendent, Mr. John Wilson, President of the Central Board of Education, was called upon to preside. Mr. Wilson called the meeting to order, and at his request Rev. Alexander Clark delivered a feeling and impressive prayer, after which an appropriate anthem was sung by the children of the schools, under the direction of Prof. Walter Slack.

LAYING THE CORNER STONE.

The Chairman introduced Professor Philotus Dean, Principal of the High School, who had been selected by the Committee of Arrangements to lay the corner stone.

MR DEAN said: It is a custom of men to mark the commencement, as well as the completion, of important structures, with ceremonies and symbols comporting in character with the enterprise, and exhibiting in form their respect for its purpose. With like interest we have assembled here. This broken ground, these massive foundations, bespeak the design of a large and intelligent community to erect a noble structure- and this great assemblage, gathered here from all quarters, with flashing banners and martial music, attests that the purpose of this structure touches widely and deeply vast numbers of individual interests. The representatives of thousands are here to solemnize the beginning of that which, they fondly hope, will prove to multitudes the gateway of a higher and a nobler life. Gray headed guardians of the public welfare are here to seal and sanctify the corner stone of an edifice to be consecrated to the cause of public education. The honored head of the pepie's schools of the Commonwealth of the noble Penn is here, to rejoice in one more opportunity of carrying out those admirable provisions of her constitution which make it the duty of her legislature to provide for free public instruction, and to promote the arts and sciences in seminaries of learning. A toiling, devoted, yet honorable, and ever-to be-honored band of educators is here, to smile upon an effort which promises to assist the ripening of the fruitage of their continuous labers. Here are those upon whom, as parents, rests the responsibility of having given to the human race a representative, to society a member, to the State a citizen, to the world an intellect, and to God a soul. Here they lift their hand to consecrate that which is designed to help them furnish to the race an improved representative, to society a better member, to the State a more useful citizen, to the world a higher intellect, and to God a more exalted soul.

A great congregation of the hopeful and happy young are here to represent that vast human tide which ever sets in from the mysterious eternal past toward all gateways of a promising future. And there are also here, warm with the heart fires of a grateful remembrance, those who have passed this gateway, and are now speeding onward and upward in the path that lies beyond. From the other side of this rainbow spanned arch of hope the alumni of this institution have come here to smile upon those who have not yet reached it, and to beckon them forward.

As the mouthpiece of all these representatives of interests and hopes, past, present and future, your speaker is, in the providence of God, permitted to be here, after an identification of two jubilees of years with the enterprise now beginning to culminate. Time has not abated the force of his early desire that any institution which the people have may combine in itself every practicable excellence. Procrastination and delay have not drowned in bitterness his love for the cause of popular education. The obtuseness of the lukewarm and the opposition of the hostile have not changed his conviction that whatever is worth having at all is worth being made good; that the people's schools should be capable of imparting to the people's children that which is, in the world's estimate, an education; that an educational system which the people pay for and sustain, shall not be despicable in the quantity of its products, when compared either with what the world wants or with what the world enjoys: that the people themselves, who must be educated in their own system, if at all, shall not be looked upon as a pariah caste in education, shut out from knowledge held only by a favored few; that the talented of the people shall have a chance of development in the people's own institutions.

Having been appointed by a Committee of the Central Board of Education to the duty of laying this corner stone, at their command I deposit within its crypt a box of documents, memorials of the past history of the High School, significant of its character and expressive to future generations, who may open it, of the purposes of its founders. This receptacle also contains evidences of the present state and workings of the schools of Pittsburgh. In it are also placed the following articles:

1. Copies of all the latest dailies, weeklies and monthlies published in Pittsburgh.
2. List of members of Central Board of Education.
3. Pittsburgh Educational Directory.
4. Copies of the Pittsburgh School Law of 1855 and 1869.
5. List of text books in use in the Public Schools.
6. Schedule of the grades in the Public Schools.
7. Specifications of the High School Building.
8. Schedule of salaries of Teachers.
9. Copy of rules and regulations of High Schcol.
10. Printed blanks and forms used in High School.
11. Programme of exercises at the laying of the corner stone, and orders of the Marshal of the day.
12. Manuscript History of High School, with lists of Faculty and graduates.
13. Manuscript History of Alumni of High School, by the Secretary of the Association.
14. Copy of Bible, without note or comment.
15. Copies of all text books in use in Pittsburgh Sub-district Schools.
16. Specimens of 50c., 25., 15c.; and 10c. currency, and 5c., 3c., 2c., and 1c. coins.

At this point Prof. Dean descended from the rostrum, and placed the box in the cavity prepared for it. Cement was then spread over it, and the stone slowly lowered into position. Taking a mallet, three blows were struck on the top, after which Mr. Dean continued:

By this solemn act the guardians of the Public Schools of the city of Pittsburgh name and cocsecrate the structure that shall rise over this corner stone—A PUBLIC HIGH SCHOOL.

In it they deposit the evidence of their intentions and their hopes. In their behalf, and in behalf of the people whom they represent, we invoke upon these beginnings the prospering smile of the great benificent Father of all. May this become a building which shall give to the community that erects it its pay in intelligent and valuable citizens, to the State that fosters it a proud sustaining column of capable intellects and loyal hearts, to the country that protect it a bulwark and battlement of freedom, truth and right. God bless our common country, and make her sons the peers of those of any nation in anything that makes our nation noble. God bless the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and make her sons the peers in intelligence and virtue of those of any State in our starry cluster. God bless the city of Pittsburgh, and make her population the peers of that of any city of the land, not only in the abundance and solidity of material possessions, but also in the higher riches of the soul.

The scholars, at the conclusion of Mr. Dean's address, sang "America," led by Prof. Slack and accompanied on the six Esty organs by the teachers of mucic in the city schools. The rendition of the piece was excellent, considering the number of voices engaged in it, and it produced a thrilling effect upon the vast audience.

THE ORATION OF JOHN H. KERR, ESQ.

Ladies and Gentlemen—It is with hesitation that I raise my poor voice to break the eloquent silence of God and Nature. I am cheered, however, by the evidence of Divine approval and human sympathy. I gather inspiration from beholding this large assemblage of the scholars, teachers, and friends of popular education, and felicitate myself, that I am not only of you but with you all in heart, feeling and sentiment in your grand and glorious work of human improvement.

Leaving the school room deserted, the counting house neglected, the workshop forsaken, roseate youth, mature manhood, venerable age, matron and maiden, wisdom, beauty and labor have come up here in numbers hard to estimate, with banners raised aloft and music vibrating the air, to celebrate with appropriate ceremonies the laying of the corner stone of the first *free* academy in Western Pennsylvania. We meet to mark the Augustan era in our municipal history and participate in an event not soon to be forgotten. We meet to show by our presence and example that our hearts are in the work this day inaugurated. We meet to rejoice that the foundation of this edifice has been laid, that after years of trials, difficulties and disappointments, the Pittsburgh High School rests at last upon a basis as fixed as the salid rock upon which its foundation stands. We meet to congratulate each other that this institution of learning has been dedicated to the education of the masses of the people for all time. In the name of the thousands of coming generations who shall here enjoy the benefits of your efforts, I thank you who compose the Central Board of Education, for contributing so much for the welfare of that common humanity upon which rests all that is true and good and best in society. For providing for the masses a temple of education, that will rise like the Temple of Fame reared by the imagination of Chaucer and perfected by the genius of Pope, to enshrine the contributed wisdom of all the ages of the past.

"For in he structure that we raise
Time is with materials filled,
Our to-days and yesterdays
Are the blocks with which we build."

Although Wm. Penn, in the first school founded in this State, declared "Good instruction is better than riches;" although it was written in our State charter "that the Legislature, as soon as conveniently may be, shall establish free schools throughout the State," it was not until 1834 that a general system of free schools was established in our own great Commonwealth. In 1835 an organized effort was made to overthrow that system, but Thaddeus Stevens came to the rescue and performed the greatest act of his life in defending it. May we not pay to him the tribute which the gifted Junius paid to the great Chatham: "Recorded honors gather round his monument and thicken over him. It is a solid fabric and will support the laurels that adorn it."

Our fathers established the Common Schools, but upon us devolves the responsibility of their maintenance and improvement. In 1855 the High School was a step in the march of progress—and we are gathered here to-day to hear the first sound of the hammer upon the walls of a permanent structure for free academic education. This age is progressive, we must not stand where our fathers stood. We must not open the portals of the future with the rust-stained key of the past, we must advance the standard of the schools onward and upward, and plant it upon higher ground. The age demands "higher education." The citizens of Pittsburgh representing millions of wealth, feeling a just pride in their vast resources and unrivaled manufactories, should manifest a local pride in making this city as renowned for intellectual culture as it is for material interests. They should open to the vast congregation of noble souls here to-day a school that will compare favorably with the Latin High School of Boston and the Free Academy of the city of New York, or any other common school in the land. An institution that will prove a studio of the soul, where the rough blocks of humanity may be moulded, chiseled and polished into graceful, living personations of science and art, faith, love and valor, where the rich and poor may press up to the same high attainments of knowledge, and hand in hand struggle for the victor's crown. The influence of the High School upon the intehigent and industrial character of society cannot be adequately measured. From many obscure and humble homes will be called forth trained inventive talent, productive skill and intellectual taste, which will add to the general wealth and will carry forward every enterprise which aims to bless and elevate society. Like the sun which makes each hill top glorious with a floral crown, and each life-pulse to beat with songful rhythm, it will send its rays to dispel the moral darkness that hangs over humanity and cause wealth, industry and a refinement to flourish in its light. It approaches that true ideal of public instruction where the schools shall be *free to all, and attended by the children of all.* Such will be the High School when this structure shall reach completion, when its amplitude of grounds shall be beautified, when its walls shall be hung with paintings, when its scientific department shall be supplied with philosophical apparatus and chemical larbratory, when literature and art will have a place in its spacious halls. I will not go over the long list of its alumni filling honorable positions in every position, mercantile pursuit and mechanical avocation. I shall not make a defence against the attacks of its enemies. The numbers here to-day indicate the public feeling in its favor and speak louder than words, more convincing than logic. But permit me to pause one brief moment to consider the objection of one for whose opinion I have great respect. Said he: "Every young man who graduates at the High School thinks he should enter the learned professions which are already crowded to excess. The result is, labor is deprived of his services, and the number of non-producers is greatly increased." I answer that in this land every man should have the opportunity of being the equal of every other man if he can. That as you elevate the masses of the people, the labor of the hand and the labor of the brain come more closely together. That, wherever education is freest and best, there does the labor of the hand most flourish. That, whenever education, and especially higher education, is circumscribed and confined to class, there manufactures languish, and men of thought and men of action are seldom found. That society is best which has in the workshop men of culture and education, and more of such will be found in workshops where culture and education is within the reach of all. All true labor is sacred. There is a divineness in it, from the labor of the hand up to the labor of the brain and heart, which includes all of Kepler's calculations, all of Newton's meditations, all acted heroism and martyrdoms up to that agony of bloody sweat which all men have called divine. Every one should have an equal chance to win victories in life's conflict, and as said by the Frst Napoleon, "The true victories—the only ones we need never lament are those won over the dominion of ignorance."

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It is the crowning glory of our free-born, unsceptred Empire, that the humblest individual in it, if endowed with a noble mind may rise above his obscure origin to stand among the great and illustrious of earth. Here, from the common materials of poverty, a sublime architecture may be reared that will stand pyrmid in the solitude of time. Here, under the free school system, the poor child of genius, burning with immortal inspiration, and animated by a holy striving, may divest himself of the beggarly habilaments of earth, and find in "knowledge the wings wherewith to soar to Heaven." Here, "some mute in glorious Milton," may first feel the divinity that stirs within him; some Webster become first conscious of the power that will lead captive at his will a nation's throng, and

"Leave his lofty name
a light, a landmark on the cliffs of fame."

Here may be nurtured in some ingenious youth a grand thought that will stand the creed of ages. Here in quiet meditation and dreamy boyhood, may breathe some dormant reformer, who in after years will revolutionize society, shake the pillars of the throne, and above the dogma of the "divine right of kings" raise the labarum of the imprescriptible rights of man. Here may be heard some still small voice that will be repeated in some oratorio of song, some outburst of eloquence that will fill the soul of humanity with a "bodless enjoyment"—That hence some Herschel may ascend to sweep through the circle of the stars as with an angel's privilege, or some self-taught Franklin to tame the fury of the lightning and send it a servile messenger obedient to his will—that from this place may go forth some missionary who will carry the torch of civilization, and the inspired Word beyond the seas and frighten the slumbering heathen god from his repose on the banks of the upper Ganges. Here Religion shall have a sanctuary and Truth an altar, and man, breathing the spirit of both, be redeemed from self, redeemed from sin, and annointed for the championship of his high destiny. Other monuments of greatness may pass away, but the Common School seems from its very nature imperishable.

I read on your banners to day "that education fosters patriotism"—I read that the "common schools are the hope of the nation." Teach the rising youth the value of their great privileges. As citizens and patriots, guard your common schools. Guard them as the ancient Aztec guarded with superstitious zeal the sacred fires that burnt on the summit of the Teocalli—whose extinguishment presaged wrath and ruin to the nation. Guard them as the angels of the Lord stood watch and ward around the ark of the Covenant. Guard them as the palladium of your civil and religious freedom—the sanctuary of your faith—the shrine of your devstion.

Lifting our eyes heavenward, let us invoke the aid of the Divine Architect that from this high eminence, this edifice may rise in unadorned grandeur—lofty in purpose as it shall be elevated in position—the crowning glory of our city, kissed by the first rays of morning and gilded by the last beams of sunset. That thousands may enter its portals, and passing beyond with minds enlightened and hearts purified, shall mingle with the great throng of humanity that is pressing up to that diviner scholarship beyond the realms of material things, when, to use the eloquent language of Everett, himself a graduate of the Common Schools, "after the bloom of the cheek has faded, after the wreath of fame has withered, after the taste of pleasure has palled, after nature, after life, after death, we reach at last the pleasant lands,

Sweet fields beyond the rolling floods.

Where the philosophy of the mind awaits at the foot of the Cross from a Wisdom higher than its own, the complete solution of its momentous problems."

At the conclusion of Mr. Kerr's able and eloquent address, an ode, written by one of the faculty of the High School appropriate to the occasion, was sung by the scholars, to the air "Work for the night is coming."

A POEM.

Mr. George W. Dithridge was then introduced and read the following beautiful poem, the production of his own gifted pen written expressly for the occasion:

Not with the beat of rolling drum,
Or sabres brightly gleaming,
Not with the pomp of war we come,
To the hillside proudly streaming.
From sombre mine and noisy mill,
From store and school and forum;
From home and hall, with royal will,
And sovereign might the people come.

No more we swarm to stay the blows
Of Treason's arm descending;
We meet to cleave the deadlier foes
Our country's steps attending.
With triumph song on this hight we found
A school for our warriors' training,
Whose arms of Truth and Right shall wound
The hosts of Error waning.

Firm lay the stone on the rock-ribbed mound,
With heart-beats slow and tender!
Raise high these walls! They'll ne'er be found
Our country's sure defender.
Build broad and high on mind and mound,
Point skyward wall and spirit;
And truth-armed warriors, vanward bound,
Our country shall inherit.

And year by year, adown this hight,
Truth's champions will be streaming;
With tongue and pen to stay the blight
Of Error's subtle scheming.
E'en now their youthful forms we see
Their triumph-voices greet us;
They soon in the foremost ranks will be—
On the battle-field they'll meet us.

In the growing dawn of the coming years
We see the conflict dimly:
Fair march for a myriad each appears,
Who grapples Error grimly.
Yonder are they who wield the Press,
With its million snow-flakes falling,
That whiten the tombs of men, and bless
Our race, in darkness crawling.

Behold after those minds profound
Their mantle—Wisdom—girding
God's timeless law they strive to sound,
In time-born notes and wording.
And near us see the true and tried
The skillful healer—flitting
As teacher now—disease's guide
Only the vice-permitting.

On every side, in every walk
Of human life, we'll find them—
But, ere the years of strife shall lock
The door of youth behind them,
That their hearts may know no fainting sigh,
There sters no backward turning:
We bid a rise—the people cry—
These training-halls of learning.

And to you, young hearts, the people breathe,
A low and tender warning:
Around your brow we hope to wreathe
An immortelle adorning.
May word or deed unworthy you
Never dim your brightening glory;
To truth steadfast to duty true—
Be your lives' undying story.

Then go ye forth, to nobly cope
With Falsehood, Wrong and Error;
Go ye amid the souls that grope
In darkness, gloom and terror:
Speed ye the wheels of the lightning Press,—
Your brain-coin is the Nation's,
Your bearts deep feeling boldly dress
In soul inspired orations.

There are worlds unfound, rich mines unsought,
And fields that await your tilling;
There is wealth untold of deed and thought,
For earnest hearts and willing.
Then toil, oh Youth, in your morning years.
At manhood's noon-time stay not;
Unheeding Pleasure's scorning Fears,
Your Life's brief work delay not.

The prison-door, by bolt unspanned,
Do unused hinges keep standing;
Be the hangman's rope, a rope of sand:—
Man's law in blood disbanding.
Cease not till every lip no more
Shall poverty's rod be kissing;
Nor the hand of toil from Plenty's door
Be thrust with rude dismissing.

Cease not till told free thought shall find
In every clime expression:
Till priest, nor power from mind shall grind
God's pure, Divine impression;
Till sin and pain no longer stain
Man's sin-wrecked body ever;
And life, as the setting sun, shall wane,
On a field of crowned endeavor.

Till men no more refuse to clad
The feet of their toiling sisters,
And "unworthy" shout with voices glad,
When their feet are torn with blisters:—
Then close to them the college hall,
Close every door of labor:
'Tis woman's sphere to yield to all
The bodily wants of her neighbor.

Cease not, fair youth, till the drunkard's cries;
This slumbering nation waken,
In the gutter's filth debased he lies,
Drink-marred and man-forsaken.
In the darkness dim, what friend draws nigh,
The bloated hand upraising?
'Tis woman heeds his mourning cry,
With tenderest pity gazing.

Oh, Woman! tender, loving, true!
Oh, Woman pure and holy!
Thy God-like work is worthy you,
Go raise your brother lowly:
Then the ballot wrest from his trembling hand
And with it—a mighty lever—
This hell-lit brand from our dear, dear land,
Cast out the *still* forever!

ADDRESS BY GEO. N. MUNROE, ESQ.

At the conclusion of the reading of the Poem, the President introduced Prof. Geo. N. Munroe, Principal of Duquesne school, who addressed the assembly. Mr. Munroe said:

We meet here to-day to raise another column in support of the grand edifice of public education.

To this fair spot now to be dedicated have come from the confines of this great city earnest friends, lovers of popular education, and with them the bright and intelligent youth and happy children for whose benefit this edifice is to be reared.

With joyous songs, and with beautiful banners and glad hearts, they have come; rejoicing because the work of education is going forward: rejoicing because to day is laid the corner stone of another temple for the moral and intellectual elevation of man.

What convincing evidence is this of the powerful hold that popular education has on the popular heart. Not many years have passed since our system of common schools began its great mission amid strenuous opposition from mistaken men, who little dreamed of the good accomplished through its instrumentalities. They saw not in the future; they looked only at the present expense; they saw not the wise, patriotic and farsighted policy kept in view by the supporters of the system; they refused to recognize the interest that every good and well regulated State has in the education of her children. They saw not the grandeur of the position to be won for our country among the other nations of the world, their minds did not attain a comprehension of the idea that the education of the people was of vital importance to the stability of the State. But the advocates of our common shools, men in the highest sense of the term, clearly comprehended their duty and that of the State to her future citizens, and manfully bore back the tide of opposition and established upon a firm basis the common schools of our land.

Little by little the end of the system began to show itself. It was invariably the observation of those who took an interest in the work that in those parts of the State where already the people were most intelligent there most eagerly was the sytem received and appreciated, while in the strongholds of ignorance its growth was slow and it was met with disfavor and opposition. Even here, however, it won its way to the affections of the people, and through the blessing of God success has at last attended upon its every step, and only rare, individual cases are to be found, leavened with the old leaven, who still gainsay and resist as far as their little power extends the onward movements of these, our people's schools.

The speaker then spoke of the demand for a higher culture which sprung up as the outgrowth of a higher education and led first to the establishment of the Central Board of education, in 1855, and subsequently to the organization of the High School which met with such favor that in 1863 measures were taken toward the erection of the new building for the accommodation of the increasing demands of the school.

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Here are taught and practised the cordial principles underlying every creed and profession. Here flourish industry and high intelligence. Here the youth of our city are taught the useful sciences and are fitted and prepared for the active pursuits of life. The hopes of the people are centred here. They have sent their children to be educated under its fostering care. It has proved a blessing to many who are now among you to sing its praise, and under Divine Providence it will prove an Alma Mater to thousands. This is a peoples' school because it is eminently intended to break down all those class distinctions that in time would inevitably rot and destroy the essential principles of freedom in this land. The rich and the poor alike are educated here, and it is the great policy of that noble band of men who are giving their talents and energies and time to make the school such that no better education can be received anywhere. So that rich and poor shall find it to comport with their interests to send their children here, and while the rich man's child is being taught that with equal advantages of education the son of the poor man is every way his equal, the latter may, by a sound mental and moral training, be so taught that all his powers may be developed, and his strength and capacity brought to light. The advantages of such a school can not be calculated. No country can afford to dispense with them, cost what they may. Short as the time has been since the organization of this school, its pupils have nobly illustrated its uses and have amply repaid for all the care and labor spent on their education. They have in turn become teachers of the men of their day. Some are found in the Christian ministry; some are working up to high position and reputation at the bar. At the call to arms in the day of the country's peril many were found in the front, others winning their way as leaders of the thought of the day in that great school of Public Instruction—the Public Press. Many more have become teachers of the youth of our city and country, and in their quiet and inobtrusive life are contributing their skill and talent to advance the grand work of education.

Let your eyes dwell for an instant on the seen before you to-day. Before us, floating side by side with our countrys flag and the beautiful banners of the school, reared by children's hands, upon them are enscribed mottoes, descriptions of the aspirations of youth, their love and praise of education mingled with sentiments of true patriotic feelings, nothing can seperate these sentiments in the warm hearts and honest impulses of the young. The sublime sentiments of gratitude prompts them to look to their country who as a tender foster mother cares for them with emotions of the deepest love, while their minds enlightened by instruction, recognize that the best and dearest of all lands is the land of nativity or their adoption. Where the state is educating such material as this the future of the country is secure.

Lay then the corner-stone of our building and doubt not that Heaven smiles upon your work. It is cemented well with the good wishes and prayers of these assembled thousands of innocent young hearts. The noble and earnest men who have come to join in the completion of their labors, the men and women, the laborers in the vineyard, the earnes. working teachers, are here, and from all arcund this vast city, from the workshop and the fireside, converging to this spot borne by wings of love, come the hopes and desires that this people's school may prove a blessing to the land, and as its stately walls rise under the care of the human architect, let us not doubt that the Divine Architect will so guide and direct that our building shall prove a blessing to the Republic, a gratification to her citizens and an instrument for working out the moral and intellectual elevation of our young, and in everything redound to the honor and praise of the great Master Builder.

THE STATE SUPERINTENDENT.

Prof. J. P. Wickersham, State Superintendent of Public Schools, was then introduced by Prof. Luckey:

Mr. Wickersham said:

Mr. President, Ladies and Gentlemen:—If time would permit it, I might make you a speech, but owing to the lateness of the hour and the great length to which these interesting exercises have already been continued, I will be brief in what I have to say. The speaker said he had a deep interest in the exercises, in fact a personal interest. He had all his life been battling in the cause of free schools and free colleges; when but a boy of ten years, he had seen the importance of a system of free schools, and since that time he had been working for the cause. He felt an interest in the ceremonies in which he was now participating, not because of its importance to the cause of education in Pittsburgh alone, but on account of the beneficial effect it would have throughout the State. The progress made by those having in charge the schools of the city have already been of incalculable benefit throughout the State, and he was thankful to Pittsburgh for it. After referring briefly to the progress of the Common Schools in the State the speaker said that he had but one thing to regret to day, and that was that the scholars of the Colored Schools were not in the procession. He was opposed to the system of separate schools. The schools were not and never would be what they were represented until they were free to all. This sentiment was applauded enthusiastically by his hearers. The speaker thanked the audience for their attention and closed his remarks.

Mr. George H. Anderson, a member of the Central Bourd of Education, was next introduced and made a brief address. He stated that notwithstanding the almost universal favor with which the Common School system was received in this State, and the rapid progress it had made toward perfection, there was danger ahead. All great measures for the public good were more or less in danger, and there had already been an attack made upon the public school system. A move had been made to exclude the Bible from the Common Schools, and he would warn those who in future years would control the schools to guard against such invasions.

A VOTE OF THANKS.

On motion of Prof. Lucky, a vote of thanks was tendered to Prof. J. P. Wickersham, State Superintendent, for his presence on the occasion, and for his able and eloquent address.

CONCLUSION.

The closing ode was then sung by the scholars, with an organ accompaniment, after which the long metre doxology was sung, and the assembly dismissed with a benediction by Rev. Alex. Clark.

The vast assemblage quietly dispersed, the scholars of the several schools in charge of their respective principals, marching to their school houses, and the parents and friends of education, who participated in the interesting and long to be remembered ceremonies, seeking their respective homes. So ended one of the grandest movements for the advancement of free education, free schools and free colleges, that has yet been made in this State, the beneficial results of which will be felt not only in Pittsburgh but throughout the State, and will be hailed by future generations as a living monument to the noble minds who projected the enterprise.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

GENERAL NEWS.

THE new Catholic Cathedral in New York will seat 19,000 persons.

A FATAL type of whooping cough is prevailing at Golconda, Illinois.

MURRAIN is killing cows and cholera hogs, in Fayette county, Tennessee.

IT is suggested that divorces be made cheap, so as to be within reach of the poor.

A JUDGE down east refused to receive "spiritual testimony" unless the ghost was sworn.

THE freight on peaches alone over the New Jersey Railroad has reached $430,000 this season.

ONE New York telegraph office sent 10,700 commercial messages during the gold "corner" there last Friday.

A GOLD brick, weighing twenty-eight hundred ounces, coin value over $49,000, was recently made in Montana.

JUDGE B. S. COWEN died suddenly of paralysis, at St. Clairsville, Ohio, a few days since. He was 79 years of age.

A CITIZEN of Georgetown, D. C., died a few days ago of lock-jaw, caused by using bluestone as a remedy for toothache.

GLASS WORKS are in progress of erection at Bellair, Ohio, and are expected to be in readiness for operations by the 15th of December.

THERE are not hogs enough in southern Indiana to consume the very large crope of corn and beech and oak mast now growing.

THE advertising of Cincinnati, under the new municipal code, will, it is stated, cost the city nearly one hundred thousand dollars per year.

IT IS publicly charged that hazing has been renewed at Harvard College, and that the practice now prevails there to an intolerable and shameful degree.

THE amount received for the Avondale Relief Fund at the Mayor's office, New York, on the 28th ult. amounted to $19,536. The subscription books closed on the 1st inst.

AN insane man, James Taylor, residing at Houghtonville, N. J., was allowed to roam about and was finally found in a condition which indicated that he had starved to death.

THE pantaloons of Lucy Stone and husband were stolen from a sleeping-car between Pittsburgh and Cincinnati, on which the happy pair were serenely sleeping the other night. They contained considerable treasure.

AZRO LEE, who died in battle at Knoxville, deserted his wife in New Hampshire fifteen years ago, and but recently his wife, now residing in Illinois, learned of his fate through a newspaper paragraph. She has obtained his property, valued at $1,500.

THE Elmira (N. Y.) *Advertiser* says: "We have never thought that we should like to go to State Prison for any length of time, but we have no hesitation in saying that we would prefer to have one located in our city to having the State Fair inflicted on us again."

DR. WM. MCEWEN and Mrs. Athena B. Reeves, the principals in the "spiritual" developments in Newark, N. J., some eighteen months since, for which the Doctor was sent to prison and Mrs. Reeves to the lunatic asylum, were married in New York recently.

THOSE two young Amazons at Dorchester, Mass., have been displaying their agility again, in a jumping match for $150 a side. One at the first jump cleared 10 feet 9 inches, and at the second 11 feet 2½ inches; the other 10 feet 7¼ inches at the first jump, and at the second 10 feet 8½ inches.

A MAN named James Brennan was tried last week at Hudson, N. Y., for cruelty to a baulky horse. He tied a strap to the animal's tongue, and fastening the other end of it to another horse, cruelly and inhumanly tore out the tongue. He was found guilty and sentenced to six months' imprisonment and to pay $50 fine.

A JOKE is being told at the expense of a gentleman of Rochester, N. Y., who went into a liquor store where the gauger had just deposited a revenue stamp upon a keg of liquor. The gentleman sat down on the stamp, and the varnish with which it was covered caused it to adhere to his pants as he walked off. He was not arrested.

REPUBLICAN papers in Ohio allege that General Samuel Cary is organizing a secret political league in the interests of the Democratic party in all the places in that State visited by him. It is called the Workingman's League, and its object is to elect Democrats to the Legislature, and when that is impossible, to make pretended independent nominations.

MR. BONNER, his owner, says: "While I will not trot Dexter against any horse, even for the most worthy purpose, I will pay one hundred thousand dollars, in cash, for another horse—from any part of the world, if the world can produce one—that will trot as he trotted last week, a mile in 2 21¾ to a road wagon—and carrying the same weight he carried."

THE Rochester (N. Y.) Board of Fire Commissioners have expelled one of their members, John M'Cuen. The charge against him was writing articles for the *Sunday Mercury*, "which were calculated to bring discredit upon the commissioners, and lead to insubordination and demoralization in the department." He admitted the authorship.

AN attempt to rob the National Bank of Washington, N. J., last week was unsuccessful, but the thieves had worked at the safe long enough to destroy the lock. An expert from New York, after working diligently, succeeded in opening it about 12 o'clock Saturday night, and finding the funds safe, a shout went forth which made the midnight ring with delight to many anxious minds.

THE property at Harper's Ferry belonging to the government will be sold on the 30th of November. Included in the property to be sold is the magnificent water power, which is not excelled anywhere in the country. The proceeds of the sale, after re-imbursing the government for its original outlay, are, by act of Congress, donated to the Free School Fund of West Virginia.

A JURY in Cincinnati retired at five o'clock to deliberate upon a verdict in an insignificant case of disorderly conduct. At eleven they were still "deliberating." Some of them had gone to sleep, some were poring over legal tomes which they found in the jury room, and others were discussing the bible question. The jury was "hung" by four high temperance men, who were determined to convict or run the jury past twelve o'clock, and then claim and receive pay for two days' services.

A SIDE WHEEL steamer, named Helen Brooks, built of iron, and but 65 feet in length, has arrived at Chicago from Baltimore. It came through the New York and Erie Canal to the lakes, and thence around to Chicago. It will leave Chicago for Bayou Teche, Louisiana, via the Illinois and Michigan Canal to the Illinois river, thence to the Mississippi and its place of destination.

AT A Ten Hour Convention, at Worcester, Mass., Monday last, resolutions were adopted in favor of a law prohibiting manufacturing corporations of the State from employing women or miners more than ten hours a day, and binding those present to vote for no man, no matter what his politics or antecedents are, who does not pledge himself unreservedly to this principle and give it an unqualified support.

WHILE the family of Mr. Nelson How, of Marshall county, were eating inner one day last week, a copperhead snake which had found its way into a room in the second story of the house, dropped through an opening in the floor, falling on the head and shoulders of Mrs. H. The scene which followed may be imagined but not described. After recovering somewhat from the fright occasioned by the arrival of so unwelcome a visitor, his snakeship was dispatched with very little ceremony.

THE people of Alton, Ill., were considerably excited on Saturday last by the arrival of a tremendous fish which was caught opposite the city, on what fishermen call a "trot line." The monster was of the alligator gar species, and measured seven feet, five inches for tip to tip, with a circumference, when taken out of the water, of four feet, and a weight of one hundred and sixty pounds. The line became twisted into a noose and fastened itself around the jaw, by which it was drawn to the surface and dispatched with a knife.

EXPERIMENTS are now being made with the fibre of the okra plant to test its capacity for making paper. Paper is now being made of wood, grass, cane, rags, cotton and various other articles. Heretofore, okra has been supposed to be valuable mainly as a basis for that excellent soup known in the South as "jumbo." Should it turn out to be more valuable as the basis of food for the mind than the stomach everybody may bid farewell to 'jumbo." The experiment is spoken of as being conducted at a paper mill near Mobile, Alabama.

LETTER CARRIERS are paid a maximum salary of $800 per annum, and an act of Congress of July 1, 1864, allows the Postmaster General to increase the compensation to $1000, when the carriers have performed diligent and faithful service for a certain length of time. It is asserted that the Postmaster General has now under consideration a plan for adjusting the compensation of letter carriers to a sum more on an equality with the services rendered, those in the country receiving the minimum rates and those in the city the maximum.

SOME years ago Mrs. C. W. Oakley, of Saratoga, New York, narrowly escaped death from corrosive poison, accidentally taken, and afterwards suffered from a difficulty of the throat and organs of speech, and in swallowing. A few weeks since there was a complete paralysis of these parts, so that she could not swallow even a drop of water. A physician had kept her alive by throwing food into the stomach through a tube introduced in the mouth and injections of broth. Medicine had been injected under the skin. She finally died from want of nutrition.

A TRIAL was made recently, by order of the Postmaster General, of a new wagon designed to make collections of mail from street boxes. The mail matter was taken up from the 175 boxes of Washington in six hours. At present it requires twenty men to do the work. Three wagons are considered necessary to insure sufficient celerity in collections. The body of the box is a large iron one, with a slide through which the mail matter is introduced, the keys to the wagons being kept at the postoffice: If the trial proves successful, it is intended to use them in all the larger cities.

A FEW DAYS since, after the postoffice in Brighton, Mass., was "closed," a resident of the town went to the store where the office is kept and asked the proprietor how he could get a letter which he saw in his box. He was told that he could get it only by seeing the Postmaster, but rejoined that he knew a better way than that, and taking a key from his pocket opened the door which separates the office from the store, took his letter from the box, relocked the office and departed. Complaint was brought under the statute in relation to the larceny of a letter from the Postoffice, the penalty being imprisonment for three years, and the man was held in $300 for trial in the U. S. Court.

A FEW days ago, William Moody, living near Canaan, Jefferson county, Ind., attacked his wife with a hatchet, wounding her severely on the head and breast. Thinking she was dead, he dragged her into the yard and set fire to all the buildings, and standing guard over it with a loaded rifle, allowed no one to go near the burning buildings. When they were burned, he shot himself through the head, with fatal effect. He had formerly lived in Ohio, and three years ago, after a visit to his old home, he became jealous of his wife, and separated from her. About a year ago, however, they came together again. Moody was about sixty years of age, and well off in the world. He had lived with his wife over forty years, raising four or five children, all of whom, except one son, are married.

A CITIZEN of New Rochelle, New York, Thomas H. Field, a merchant, having been greatly annoyed by trespassers upon his grounds, robbing his grapery, &c., purchased two shot guns, which he loaded heavily, and then placed in his hennery, with the muzzles protruding from the loop-holes and pointing directly toward the graperies. He then attached wires to the raised triggers, leading to the vines, and so arranged that trespassers must shoot themselves. On Monday morning last Mr. F. found his grapevines and the trellis which supported them prostrated by a storm on the previous night, and he proceeded to put them in proper position, and in so doing, it is supposed, he came in contact with one of the wires attached to the guns. An explosion followed and he was instantly killed, fifteen or twenty large shot passing into the head, neck and shoulders of the unfortunate man.

AN ELEPHANT attached to a menagerie created a good deal of excitement in Waterford, N. Y., the other day. A cow stood by the roadside, gazing curiously at the huge creature. The elephant walked quietly up to "bossy," and, with a gentle tap of his enormous trunk, sent her against the roadside fence. Poor "bossy," struck with amazement, fled precipitately, and at last accounts her tail was disappearing up the road. His majesty passed on and leisurely took a halt in front of a grocery store, where, finding a barrel of potatoes on the sidewalk, he devoured the esculents in a wink, tossed the barrel upon a neighboring shed, and again took up the line of march. An unfortunate grunter attempted to cross his path, when he was immediately seized by the elephant's dangling trunk, and, squealing and kicking in affright, was lifted high in air and tossed into the gutter. Four-legged creatures kept aloof from the vicinity of the elephant after his disposition was made manifest, but a mongrel cur boldly followed, barking at the feet of the animal, who, with apparent unconcern, sucked up from a dirty pool a half hogshead of muddy water, and, turning quickly upon the cur, literally drowned the poor thing.

IN the Baltimore police court, lately, Alice, Lena and Deborah Jones, the latter mother of the two first named, and Catherine Helen were arraigned for assault and attempt to kill Samuel Lee. The victim, who was so badly beaten as to be scarcely recognizable, states that he had been a visitor at Mrs. Jones' house for some time, and on Saturday was requested to call and see them. He did so, and while seated in the parlor in conversation with Mrs. Jones, she approached him and threw a handful of snuff into his eyes, completely blinding him. He was then seized and taken behind the door, his legs and arms tied, and cowhided by the women in an unmerciful manner his, screams for assistance being suppressed by having his mouth smothered in a pillow. He was attacked three times successively, and terribly beaten; a piece of his left arm was bitten out, and bones of his left hand were mashed. The assault was continued for about half an hour, and was assisted in by the two daughters and two men, and when Lee had well-nigh fainted from pain, they ceased, and bathed his body in cologne. Lee further stated that the attack had been planned for some two weeks, and two rings were fastened to the floor, with a chain passing between them, which they endeavored to secure him to, but failed. The cause assigned by Mrs. Jones for the assault was that Lee had engaged in insulting remarks in her daughters' presence. She admitted the assault, and added that the snuff cost ten cents, and the cow-hide the same sum, and that she never invested the same amount to better advantage.

STATE ITEMS.

THE Philadelphia Odd Fellows contemplate the erection of a hall worthy of their wealth and numbers.

AARON ALGARD, a notorious Bucks county thief, has been sentenced to the Eastern Penitentiary for seventeen years.

A CHILD sixteen months old, of David Fulse, Center county, choked to death last week by a grape becoming fastened in its throat.

THE taxable population of Philadelphia foots up 145,571. The decrease from 1868 in the regular assessment is 6,097, and in the extra assessment 10,006.

THE ceremony of laying the corner stone of the monument to the memory of the late David M. Lyle, chief engineer of the Philadelphia fire department, will take place next Monday afternoon.

FUNDS of the Welsh Society in Philadelphia, to the amount of $10,000, are missing, the discovery having been made after an order had been issued for five hundred dollars to be applied to the relief of the sufferers by the Avondale calamity.

ON Saturday night of last week the house of Mr. John Myers, one mile from Johnstown, was burned, and a little daughter, aged twelve years, perished in the flames. She was left in bed asleep, the family forgetting her in their excitement.

SPEAKING of the recent rainy weather in that locality, a Philadelphia paper says "the showers of the last three days will cause every stock of corn to carry ears like a jackass, while every watermelon will fancy itself a lager beer keg dressed in Paris green."

ABNER FORDYCE, of Whiteley township, Washington county, on Monday of last week, while taking some pigs out of a pen, was attacked by two or three large hogs, and before they could be driven off he was so badly hurt that his life was despaired of.

THE prisoners in the Clearfield county jail having been furnished with a quart of whiskey, got drunk on Saturday of last week, and one of them, tearing down the bannisters, took the rail for a weapon and swore he would kill the first person who approached him. The *Raftsman's Journal* says "the jail is a disgrace to the county in every sense of the word."

THREE men, R. A. Adams, J. A. Foust and Elmer Good have been held to bail, the latter to answer a charge of forgery and all three for alleged conspiracy to defraud the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. It seems that Good, an employe of the company, tore from a book free passes, (admitting the fact himself), to which the name of Mr. Samuel Laverty was signed, and which were used by the other defendants. They will be tried at Philadelphia.

A TERRIBLE accident occurred on the Tyrone and Clearfield Railroad, on Monday afternoon last. As a freight train was passing the switch at Sandy Ridge, the engine jumped off the main track and ran into another train standing on the siding. John Adams, an engineer, was instantly killed, and a fireman so badly scalded that his recovery is doubtful. Several others were slightly injured. One engine and some eight or ten freight cars were badly smashed. This is the first accident, of a serious character, that has occurred on this road.

NATHANIEL MAPES, residing near Tunkhannock, was recently bitten in the hand by a "pet" rattlesnake. His hand and arm soon became much swollen, and turned to a dark spotted color for some days, but by reason of the copious flow of blood produced by the fangs of the snake, or the prompt application of proper remedies, or both, no very great inconvenience has been experienced by him. This interesting pet, one of the largest of his species, having twelve rattles, had been captured a few weeks previously—had been kept in a box about the mill as a curiosity. His teeth or fangs having been drawn out, he was supposed to be harmless, and was therefore handled by his keeper in a careless way. After the ungrateful bite, it was found that new fangs to the length of nearly an inch had grown since the first dental operation on him.

FRUIT CAN TOPS.

SELF LABELING
FRUIT-CAN TOP.
COLLINS & WRIGHT,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

We are now prepared to supply Tinners and Potters. It is perfect, simple, and as cheap as the plain top, having the names of the various Fruits stamped upon the cover, radiating from the center, and an index or pointer stamped upon the top of the can.

It is Clearly, Distinctly and Permanently LABELED,

by merely placing the name of the fruit the can contains opposite the pointer and sealing in the customary manner. No preserver of fruit or good housekeeper will use any other after once seeing t. mh25

PIPES, CHIMNEY TOPS, &c.

WATER PIPES,
CHIMNEY TOPS

A large assortment,

HENRY H. COLLINS,
ap14:h37 3d Avenue, near Smithfield St.

DRY GOODS.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,
Dry Goods and Notions,
No. 115 Wood St., Pittsburgh,
SOLE AGENTS
FULLERTON'S BARRED FLANNELS,
GREENVILLE BARRED FLANNELS,
A No. 1 BLANKETS AND YARNS
ALSO, BRADLEY'S AND EASTERN FLANNELS.

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,
No. 94 WOOD STREET,
Third door above Diamond alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

FALL STOCK OF
MEN & BOYS' CLOTHING,
Now Receiving by
GRAY & LOGAN'S,
No. 47 SIXTH STREET,
se17 LATE ST. CLAIR.

P. M'ARDLE,
FASHIONABLE
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Keeps constantly on hand
Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings.
Also, GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.
No 93 1-2 Smithfield Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Gent's Clothing made to order in the latest styles. se3:n83

NEW FALL GOODS.
A splendid new stock of
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &C.,
Just received by HENRY MEYER,
se3 Merchant Tailor, 73 Smithfield street.

B. TIEGEL,
(Late Cutter with W. Hespenheide,)
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 53 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.
se26:v21

FLOUR.

NOTICE TO FLOUR DEALERS AND CONSUMERS.—We are now receiving a lot of 40,000 bushels carefully selected WHITE AND AMBER AND TENNESSEE WHEAT, purchased in Gibson, Parke, Green and Morgan counties, Indiana. This lot of Wheat is the very best to be found and cannot be surpassed by any in the United States.
We have also finished our improvements in Machinery, Bolting Cloths and Cooling Rooms, and are now prepared to furnish the best Flour we have made for ten years at prices that defy competition on the same grades of flour.
R. T. KENNEDY & BRO.,
Pearl Steam Mill, Allegheny.
September 13, 1869.

FLOUR! FLOUR! FLOUR!
MINNESOTA BAKERS FLOURS.
480 bbls. Legal Tender, 347 bbls Ha Ha, 367 bbls Ermine, 170 bbls Summit Mills 270 bbls Winona Co., 580 bbls Red River. 133 bbls May Day.
CHOICE WISCONSIN FLOURS.
560 bbls Riverside, 465 bbls White Star, 500 bbls various brands Spring Wheat Flour.
WINTER WHEAT FAMILY FLOUR.
City Mill of Springfield, Ohio, Pride of the West, Depot Mills, Massilon A, Paragon Mills Ringleader and Crown, choice St. Louis.
For sale lower than can be brought from the West. WATT, LANG & CO.,
jy21 172 and 174 Wood Street.

COAL AND COKE.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!
DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,
Having removed their Office to
NO. 567 LIBERTY STREET,
(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND ELOOR.
Are now prepared to furnish good YOUGHIOGHENY LUMP, NUT COAL OR SLACK, at the lowest market price.
All orders left at their office, or addressed to them through the mail, will be attended to promptly.

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BARR & MOSER,
ARCHITECTS,
FRUIT HOUSE ASSOCIATION BUILDINGS, Nos. 3 and 4 St. Clair Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Special attention given to the designing and building of COURT HOUSES and PUBLIC BUILDINGS,

TRIMMINGS, NOTIONS, &C.

JUST OPENED
BY
JOSEPH HORNE & CO.
EXTRA QUALITIES
ARAB SHAWLS,
IN STRIPED AND SCOTCH PLAID, ALL SHADES.
Reversed Satin Pleating,
The Latest Novelty in Dress Trimming.
Quilled Satin Trimming,
Gimps, Fringes,
Plain and Plaid Hercule Braids,
Silk, Satin and Velvet Buttons,
Scotch Plaid Glass Buttons,
Black and Colored Velvet Ribbons,
Lama and Silk Girdles.
Merino and Wool Underwear.
In all sizes and qualities.
Child's Merino Dresses,
Ladies' Merino Skirts,
Boulevarde Felt Skirts.
HOSIERY.
An Unsurpassed Assortment
Merino and Wool Ribbed,
Fleeced Cotton,
Plain Merino,
Tartan,
Pa isian Striped.
VICTORIA AND STUART CASHMERE HOSE, in all sizes.
Gents' Half Hose in Wool, Merino and Super Stout Cotton.
AT VERY LOWEST PRICES.
77 and 79 MARKET STREET.
se30

FALL OPENING.
FINE ASSORTMENT OF
ARAB SHAWLS,
In Plaid and Roman Striped.
Ruffled Collars and Cuffs,
The New Sailor Collar,
Silk Fringes,
Satin Trimmings,
Silk Glass Buttons.
In all the Newest Patterns.
MISSES FINE WOOL CAPS AND SACQUES,
An elegant assortment just received.
Hair and Jute Switches,
Balmoral and Plaid Hosiery,
Wool Half Hose,
Shirts and Drawers,
FOR FALL AND WINTER WEAR.
YARN,
A Full Supply of All Kinds.
HEAVY PLAID FLANNELS,
MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,
78 & 80 Market Street.
se18

NEW SUMMER GOODS
AT
MACRUM & CARLISLE'S
No. 27 Fifth Avenue,
Dress Trimmings and Buttons.
Embroideries and Laces.
Ribbons and Flowers.
Hats and Bonnets.
Glove fitting and French Corsets.
New Styles Stanley's Skirts.
Parasols—all the new styles.
Sun and Rain Umbrellas.
Hosiery—the best English makes.
Agents for "Harris' Seamless Kids."
Spring and Summer underwear.
Sole Agents for the Bemis Patent Shape Collars. "Lockwood's" "Irving," "West End," "Elite," &c; "Dickens," "Derby," and other styles.
Dealers supplied with the above at
MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
NO. 27
FIFTH AVENUE.
my4

WINES, LIQUORS, &c.

SCHMIDT & FRIDAY,
IMPORTERS OF
WINES, BRANDIES, GIN, &C.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
PURE RYE WHISKIES,
408 PENN STREET,
Have Removed to
NOS. 384 AND 386 PENN,
Cor. Eleventh St., (formerly Canal.)

JOSEPH S. FINCH & CO.,
Nos. 185, 187, 189, 191, 193 and 195,
FIRST STREET, PITTSBURGH,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Copper Distilled Pure Rye Whiskey.
Also, dealers in FOREIGN WINES and LIQUORS. HOPS, &c. mh28.n53

WALL PAPERS.

ELEGANT
PAPER HANGINGS.
Enameled Wall Papers in plain tints impervious to soot and smoke. Vermillion grounds with gold and inlaid figures. EMBOSSED VELVETS, INDIA TAPESTRY, GREEK PANELS stamped and printed gold.
Newly imported and not to be found elsewhere in the country. For sale at
W. P. MARSHALL'S
NEW WALL PAPER STORE,
191 Liberty Street.
se11

DECORATIONS—In Wood,
Marble and Fresco imitations for Walls and Ceilings of Dining Rooms, Halls, &c., at No. 107 Market street.
jy27 JOSEPH R. HUGHES & BRO.

STAMPED GOLD PAPERS for Parlors, at No. 107 Market street.
jy27 JOSEPH R. HUGHES & BRO.

CARPETS.

CARPETS.
NEW FALL STOCK.
Oil Cloths, Window Shades,
DRUGGETS.
DRUGGET SQUARES,
Ingrain Carpets,
At the Lowest Prices Ever Offered.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
21 FIFTH AVENUE.
se18:d&T

NEW FALL STOCK.
OF
CARPETS,
The First in the Market
AND
THE CHEAPEST.
CHOICE PATTERNS
Two-ply and Three-ply
CHEAP INGRAIN CARPETS.
THE FINEST LINE OF
BODY BRUSSELS
Ever Offered in Pittsburgh.
Save time and money by buying from
McFARLAND & COLLINS,
No. 71 and 73 FIFTH AVENUE,
au25:d&T (Second Floor).

NEW CARPETS!
FRESH IMPORTATION
Purchased by our Mr. H. McCallum from manufacturers in Europe.
VELVETS, BRUSSELS,
Tapestry Brussels, &c.,
THE FINEST
Assortment ever offered in Pittsburgh.
ALSO, A FINE STOCK OF
THREE-PLYS, INGRAINS,
AND
COMMON CARPETS
A FINE ASSORTMENT OF
Well Seasoned Oil Cloths.
M'CALLUM BROS.,
No. 51 FIFTH AVENUE,
se10

OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO.
HAVE JUST RECEIVED A
FINE SELECTION OF
BRUSSELS,
TAPESTRY BRUSSELS
THREE PLY AND
INGRAIN CARPETS.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF
WHITE, CHECK & FANCY
MATTINGS,
FOR SUMMER WEAR,
IN THE CITY.
STOCK FULL IN ALL DEPARTMENTS
AT
OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO'S
23 FIFTH AVENUE.

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BENJAMIN SINGERLY.....PHILIP CLEIS
SINGERLY & CLEIS, Successors to GEO. F. SCHUCHMAN & CO.,
PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHERS.
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TWIN BROTHER Yeast Cakes
Just received a fresh supply of these celebrated dry hop YEAST CAKES, for sale by the dozen, gross or at retail, at the Family Grocery Store of JNO. A. RENSHAW,
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NEWSPAPER FREE.—Coal Miners, and persons desiring a Western Home, and others, can have a spicy Weekly Paper FREE FOR SIX MONTHS by sending name and Postoffice address to GARDNER JOURNAL, Gardner, Illinois,
31:m18

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, Sept. 30, 1869.

The general markets are quiet and devoid of anything really new or important. There is a continued steady demand for most of the leading commodities and a fair business in the aggregate, without any material change in values.

APPLES—Sales at $1,00@2,50, for common to choice.

BUTTER—Prime to choice is scarce and higher while common and inferior is in good supply and very dull; we now quote the former at 30@33.

CRANBERRIES—Sales of prime eastern cultivated at $11,50@12,00 per bbl.

CARBON OIL—Is in fair demand but prices are lower; we now quote at 28¼@28½, for round lots, and 29¼@30 in a jobbing way.

CHEESE—Sales Hamburg at 15: Factory at 16; and Goshen at 17@18.

EGGS—Sales at 21@22.

FEATHERS—Dull; quoted at 80@85 cents to the trade, and the usual advance for small lots in store.

FLOUR—Is quiet and dull, but unchanged. Winter wheat brands are being sold to the trade at $6,75@7. Little or no inquiry for Srping wheat flours, and the stock in this market is very much reduced.

GROCERIES—The excitement which prevailed in the grocery market last week, has pretty well subsided with the decline in gold, and refined sugars are a shade lower. Otherwise there are no changes worthy of special notice.

SUGARS—S H, 11⅞@12: A A, 13; Havana 13¼@14; Cuba, 13½@14½; Porto Rico, Demarara, 14@15¼; New Orleans, but little prime in market; Refined Ex. C, 16; B, 16¼; A, 16½; Hard, 17½.

MOLASSES—New Orleans of good quality is in strong request and bring 90@95: Porto Rico, 65@75.

SYRUPS—White Honey Drips, $1,10: Silver Drips, 95c; Jersey, 90c; Lovering, 95: Golden 70; Amber, 60; Common, 50; Booth & Edgar fancy, $1,10.

COFFEE—Fair to Good Rio, 21½@23; Prime, 25@25½; Choice, 26½@27.

RICE—Carolina, 9¾c@10c; Rangoon, 8.

TEAS—Young Hyson, $1,00@1,80, G. P., $1,10 to 1,90. Imperial, $1,40 to 1,80. Colong, 85 to $1,45. Sou Chong, 90c to $1,50.

STARCH—Pearl, 7½; Silver Gloss, 11½c, and Corn Starch, 12½c.

CONCENTRATED LYE—$8,25 per case.

FRUITS—Layer Raisins, $3,75 per box; Prunes, 13½c; Currants 12½c; Valencia Raisins 16.

SPICES—Cassia, 75c; Cloves, 50c; grain Pepper, 36 Allspice, 33c; Nutmegs, $1,50.

BAR LEAD—12½c; Shot, $3,25 per bag.

SOAPS—"Babbit's," 12c: "Oakely's," 11½c; Rosin, 5 to 7c; "Dobbin's," 15c; Wax, 10c; Chem. Olive, 9c.

CANDLES—Mould, 15½c; Star, 23½c.

BI CARB SODA—$6¾ per 100.

FISH—Lake Herring per half bbl 3,00; White Fish do do, 7,00; No. 1 Mackrel Shore in bbls $28,00; No. 2 do Bay, bbls, $15,00; No. 3 do Large bbls $14,00; Half bbls 37½ in additional; Labrador Herring $10¾@11.

GRAIN—Wheat is in fair demand at $1,30 for prime red, and $1,35 for prime white—receipts continue light. Oats dull under influence of increased receipts, and prices are barely sustained: we continue to quote at 50 to 53. Rye is in demand at $1,10 for No. 1, but there are but few if any buyers above this figure, and holders generally, do not seem satisfied with this price. Corn is quiet and unchanged—sales prime yellow at $1. Barley comes in very slowly, the market is quiet and unchanged, $1,25 to $1,30 for prime to choice.

HAY—Sales from country wagons at $15@22, as to quality.

HEMP—Very dull, $205 per ton.

HUSKS—Sales at 2¾@3 cts per pound.

LARD OIL—F. Sellers & Co. quote Extra No. 1, at $1,43@1,45, and No. 2, at $1,05@1,08

PROVISIONS—Firmer and higher. Shoulders, 16¾@17; Ribbed Sides, 20: Short Ribbed, 20½; Clear do, 21; plain Sugar Cured Hams, 22½; Cavassed do, 24. Mess Pork, $33@33½. Lard, 20¼ in tirces, 20½ in ½ bbls, and 21 in kegs. Dried Buef, 22.

PEANUTS—None in hands of commission men.

PEACHES—The season is about over, and but very few in the hands of commission houses. There are still some coming in from the country, with sales at $1@2,50 per bushel, as to quality.

POULTRY—Sales of chickens at 55 to 65 cents per pair.

POTATOES—Fresh receipts of Jersey sweets firmer and higher; we now quote at $5,25@5,50 per bbl.

SEED—Flaxseed is in demand, and the mills are paying $2,20@2,25. Small sales of timothy seed at $4,25@4,50. No demand for clover seed.

SALT—Is firmer, with sales of car load lots at $1,85 per bbl.

STRAW—Sold in Allegheny market at $12 per ton.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30.—Cotton heavy and fully ½c lower; sales 1,500 bales at 27½c for middling nplands. Flour: receipts 14,561 bbls; market dull and declining for choice, without decided change in medium and common grades; sales 87,000 bbls at $5,75@6 for superfine State and western, $6,10@6,65 for extra State, $6,05@6,70 for extra western, $6,70@6,85 for white wheat extra, $6,15@6,75 for round hoop Ohio, $6,25@7 for extra St. Louis, and $7@9 for good to choice do. Rye flour heavy; sales 280 bbls at $4,75@6,00. Corn meal is quiet. Whisky a shade firmer, with sales of 200 bbls western at $1,18 free. Wheat: receipts of 24,237 bus; opened 1c better and closed dull with the advance lost and holders disposed to realize; sales of 74,000 bus at $1,15@1,27 for rejected No. 3 spring, $1,45 for good No. 2 do., $1,50 for amber Tennessee, $1,57 for old white Genesee, $1,58 for new white western, and $1,40@1,42 for winter western; closing at $1,45@1,46. Rye quiet. Barley dull, with sales of 5,000 bus State at $1,30. Barley Malt quiet. Corn; receipts of 14,271 bus. opened 1c better and closed quiet, with the advance lost; sales of 49,000 bushels at 93c@$1,02 for unsound new mixed western, $1,03@1,05 for sound do., $1,06 for western yellow, $1,08 for white western. Oats 1c better; receipts 24,312, sales 42,000 bush at 62½@64c for new southern and western. Rice quiet. Coffee dull. Sugar dull; 300 hhds at 12½@12¾c for Cuba, and 12@12½c for Porto Rico. Molasses dull. Petroleum dull at 16¼c for crude, and 31½@31¾c for refined. Hops dull 10@20c. Linseed oil quiet. Pork firm; 400 bbls at $30,50@30,75 for mess, closing with $31 bid; $26,50@27 for prime, and $29,25@29,30 for prime mess. Beef quiet; 125 bbls $8,50@$13,50 for new plain mess, $12@17 for new extra mess. Beef hams dull; sales of 70 bbls at $18@20. Cut meats quiet; sales of 110 packages at 14¾@15¼c for shoulders, 17@19c for hams; middles quiet, sales of 90 boxes ice cured at 17@17¼c. Lard quiet and heavy; sales of 550 tierces at 16¾@18¼c for steam, 18½@19c for kettle rendered. Butter moderately active, 16@28c for Ohio. Cheese firm, 13@16¼c. Spirts turpentine quiet, 43@44c. Freights to Liverpool firm; shipments of 50,000 bush wheat at 8¾@9d per sail, and 10d per steam.

Latest.—Flour closed dull and 5c lower. Wheat dull and heavy, at 1@2c lower. Rye dull and nominally unchanged. Oats dull and heavy, at 62@64c for western. Corn 1c lower and dull; 92c@$1 for unsound, and $1@1,04 for sound mixed western. Pork active and decidedly firmer; sales of 750 bbls. mess at $31,50, closing with $31,60, and $32 asked. Beef steady and rather more doing. Cut meats and bacon quiet, without decided change. Lard dull, at 18½@18¾c for fair to prime steam. Eggs quiet; without decided change.

CHICAGO, September 30.—Eastern Exchange 1-10@1-8 off buying, par selling. Flour firmer, demand mostly for lower grades, sales at $4,25@6,25 for spring extras. Wheat more active and firmer, sales of No. 1 at $1,13@1,15, No. 2 unsettled and irregular, ranging at $1,08, No. 3 $1,10, closing at $1.08½; this afternoon the market is easier at $1,07¾@1,08 for No. 2 seller October. Corn dull; No. 2 opened at 71¼c, advanced 72½c and closed quiet and almost nominal at 71¼@71½c, rejected 68¼@69c. This afternoon the market is irregular at 70½@71c, seller October, for No. 2. Oats firm and ½c higher: sales No. 1 at 40¼@41½c cash, 39½@40¼c seller October, closing firm at 41¾c cash. Rye moderately active, unsettled and ¼@1c higher for No. 2 and rejected; sales No. 2 at 79@82c, rejected at 72@74c, closing at 82c for No. 2 and 73c for rejected. Barley fairly active, weak and lower: sales No. 2 at $1,30@1,35, cash, and $1,22@1,23 seller October. Highwines; early sales at $1,00 and closing at $1,10. Mess pork dull at $32,75@33 cash and $26 seller January. Lard dull at 18c. Dry salted shoulders firm at 14¾@15c. Receipts during the past twenty-four hours: 6,281 bbls flour, 95,834 bush wheat; 126,330 bush corn, 84,896 bush oats, 7,036 bush rye, 8,079 bush barley, 6,105 hogs. Shipments: 11,649 bbls flour, 89,201 bush wheat, 115,546 bush corn, 52,433 bush oats, 5,400 bush rye, 11,936 bush barley, 3,075 hogs. Freights dull and firmer at 7c for wheat to Buffalo.

ST. LOUIS, September 30.—Tobacco is very stiff but not quotably higher. Cotton unchanged at 27c middling hemp steady with sales of undressed at $1,20@1,30. Flour quiet and unchanged at $4,75@5, super at $5,25, extra at 5,40@5,75, double extra at $6,25, tripple extra at $6,75@7,75. Choice to fancy wheat 2@3c higher. Low and medium grades of fall No. 2 and red fall $1,02@1,03, No. 1 do. at $1,08@1,12½, choice at $1,20, No. 2 white at $1,08@1,10 choice at $1,28@1,30. Corn dull and drooping; mixed in bulk at 82@83c, yellow at 84c, white at 88@90c, yellow in sacks at 91½@93c, and white at $1@1,03. Oats inactive and unchanged; mixed in bulk at 42@44c, do. in sacks at 48½@49c, white at 49½@50c. Barley: low grades are very dull; best qualities are in good demand and scarce: fair Iowa spring at 87½c, choice Missouri fall at $1,88. Rye firm at 87½@90c for prime to choice. Whisky firmer at $1,14. Groceries quiet and unchanged. Pork dull at $32@32,50. Dry Salt Meats very firm, but no sales. Bacon firm at 16¾c for shoulders, 20c for clear rib sides in half casks, and 20c for clear sides. Lard dull and nominal at 18@18½c. Cattle steady and unchanged at 2½@5¼c for inferior to prime, and 6¼c for choice. Hogs firm and in request at 7@9½c for very light to medium. Receipts—1,900 bbls flour, 21,000 bush wheat, 7,300 bush corn, 11,000 bush oats, 800 bush barley, 700 bush rye, 550 head nogs.

CINCINNATI, September 30.—Flour dull; family $5,75@6. Wheat dull, and prices lower, with sales of No. 1 red at $1,15, No. 2 held at $1,12; the market closes weak. Corn dull and the demand limited at 95@96c. Oats firmer, with sales of No. 2 mixed at 52@53c, No. 1 55@56c, and choice white at 58@59. Rye dull at 98c for No. 1. Tobacco active, with sales of 315 hhds at $7,70 to $23,50. Cotton dull, middling 28c. Whisky closes firmer, with sales at $1,13, but it is held higher; receipts light. Mess Pork is very dull at $32; no demand. Lard was offered at 17¾c, without buyers. Bulk shoulders are held firmly at 15c; no sales; clear sides are held at 18¼@18¾c, but no sales have been made above 18c. Bacon firm: shoulders 16¼@16½c, clear sides 20c; no other kind in the market. Bntter firm at 30@35c. Cheese 15@15½c. Eggs firm at 20c. Sugar is less firm, and refined a shade lower. Coffee unchanged. Raw Sugar 13¾ to 16c, refined 16¾@17¾c. Linseed Oil 98c@$1, and dull. Lard Oil $1,35@1,37. Petroleum at 32@34c for refined. Gold is 131 buying and 133 selling; the market is unsettled.

BUFFALO, September 20.—Flour; city ground easier $5,75@6 for Nos. 1 and 2. Wheat dull and lower with sales of 800 bush. amber Michigan at $1,25, 1,200 bush do at $1,27, 7,000 bush. red Toledo at $1,25, 1,000 bush No. 1 do. at $1,30, 7,500 No. 2 Milwaukee club at $1,20. Corn dull and easier 1,500 bush. No. 2 at 85c. 1,500 bush do. at 84½, 7,000 bush. do. 84c and closing weak. Oats, best bid is 50c but held at 53c. Rye nominal. Highwines, sale of 200 bbls at $1,10. Pork and lard dull and unchanged. Barley, sales of 1,500 four rowed Canada at $1,25, to arrive.

CLEVELAND, September 30.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat: market weak and 1c lower. Corn: market very dull and prices nominal. Oats dull and lower: sales of No. 1 State at 50c, and market closed weak. Rye dull and heavy at $1 for No. 1, 90@95c for No. 2. Barley dull and nominal. Petroleum: nothing doing; we continue to quote refined at 28c for prime light straw to white, 28¼@29c for standard white; the eastern demand is light; crude dull and unchanged at $6,50; refined in small lots 2@3c advance on the above figures.

LOUISVILLE, September 30.—Flour in fair demand; superfine at $5@5,25. Grain steady. Groceries firm. Hay quiet. Leaf tobacco quiet and firm; sales of 160 hhds. at $6,40@19,50. Provisions: Mess pork quiet, at $33. Bacon in fair demand; shoulders, 17c: clear rib sides, 20¼c; clear sides, 20½c. Hams firm: Sugar cured, 24c; fancy sugar cured, 25c. Lard quiet and weak, at 19@19¼c. Whisky, raw, $1,12@1,14.

PHILADELPHIA, September 30.—Flour more active; extra family Indiana and Ohio sold at $6,75@7,25, northwestern $8,70@8,75. Wheat dull and declining; white $1,55@1,60. Rye $1,12@1,15. Corn dull and weak: mixed western $1,05@1,05. Oats unchanged. Petroleum unsettled and lower; refined 30½@30¾c. Provisions: but a small business doing. Mess pork $32,75. Lard 18½c. Whisky dull at $1,18.

MILWAUKEE, September 30.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat dull and lower; $1,13 for No, 1 and $1,08¼ for No. 2. Oats steady at 41c for No. 2. Corn unchanged. Rye and barley dull and nominal. Grain Freights steady at 6½ and 13c to Buffalo and Oswego. Receipts: 3,000 bbls flour, 136,000 bush wheat, 4,000 bush oats; shipments: 6,000 bbls flour, 102,000 bush wheat.

TOLEDO, Sept. 30.—Flour dull. Wheat a shade lower; amber 2c lower at $1,16; No. 1 red at $1,25, No. 2 do. at $1,20½, and No. 3 do. at $1,12½. Corn 2c lower; No. 1 at 86c, and No. 2 at 84c. Freights firm at 4@9c to Buffalo and Oswego. Receipts—5,300 bbls flour, 57,000 bus wheat, 14,000 bush corn, 17,000 bush oats, 300 bush rye. Shipments—1,000 bbls flour, 57,000 bush wheat.

MEMPHIS, September 30.—Cotton market weak, middling opened at 25¼c; closed at 24½c; sales 300 bales; receipts; 481 bales; exports 872 bales. Flour steady, superfine at $5@5,50. Wheat at $1,27½. Corn scarce at $1,10@1,12. Oats at 58@60c. Hay firm at $25@25½. Bran scarce at $25. Pork firm at $34,75. Lard steady at 20¼@21¼c. Bacon firm; shoulders at 17¼c; sides at 21c.

BALTIMORE, September 30.—Flour is quiet and steady. Wheat quiet: choice red $1,50@1,55. Corn dull; prime white $1,26@1,28. Oats firm at 60@63c. Rye dull at $1,10@1,20. Mess Pork quiet at $33,00@33,50. Bacon firm; rib sides 19½c, clear rib 21c, and shoulders 17½c. Lard quiet at 19½@20c. Whisky in fair demand at $1,20.

DETROIT, Sept. 30.—Wheat opened steady but closed heavy and lower: receipts 31,000 bush extra white at $1,45; No. 1 do $1,27; regular $1,18; amber $1,18. Corn 90@91c. Oats lower 48c. Mill stuffs firm, Bran $16,50@17.

OSWEGO, Sept. 30.—Flour unchanged; sales of 1,300 bbls. Wheat dull; sales last night of 7,500 bush red Indiana at $1,36. Corn held at 90c for No. 2. Barley in fair demand; sales 22,000 bush. uplake Canada at $1,38.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD, September 30.—5 cars metal Nimick & Co: 2 do do, Bryan & Caughey: 1 do do, Zug & Co: 1 do do, Union Iron Mills; 2 do do, Brown & Co: 7 do do, Coleman, Rahm & Co; 1 do do, J Wood & Son; 3 do do, Graff, Bennett & Co; 2 do do, Rees, Graff & Dull; 2 do do, John Moorhead; 28 doz brooms, John Wilson & Son: 15 bgs timothy seed, H Rea Jr: 100 hides, M Delange; 26 doz brooms, Means & Coffin: 3 cars rye, Robb & Herron; 1 car middlings, H Schuelbach: 3 do lumber, W P Shinn; 10 tes lard, 10 bbls oil, E H Myers & Co; 5 cases lard, Dalzells & Townsend; 400 sks flour, E Heazleton: 200 bbls do Shumaker & Langenheim; 1 car wheat, Hitchcock, McCreery & Co: 4 tubs butter, W H Graff & Co; 5 bbls oil, G A Kelly: 1 car staves, 100 oil bbls, R Lucas: 100 bbls flour, Seghmyer & Voskamp; 100 do do, owner; 36 bdls bed steads, Fackiner & Irwin; 100 bxs grapes, Woodworth & Davison; 80 green hides, G N Hoffstott; 15 bxs cheese, S Ewart & Co: 450 do do, owner; 1 car lumber, W McQuewan; 50 bbls linseed oil, Schwartz & Haslett.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD September 30.—100 bbls oil, J Spear: 55 do do, Brewer, B & Co; 164 sks oats, 49 do rye, Bricker & Co; 2 cars ore, McKnight & Co: 2 do do, Zug & Co: 3 do iron ore, Shoneberger & B; 1 do s iron, Mullin & Maloney; 100 bbls lime, Semple Reynolds & Co; 3 cars ore, Bryan & Co; 5 do billets, Nimick & Co; 3 do do, J Moorhead; 15 half bbls fish, E H Myers & Co; 25 cases tobacco, W M Gormley; 28 bbls apples, 9 buckets, butter, Voigt Mahood & Co; 14 sks rags, Christy & Benham; 2 bbls eggs, Day & Co; 60 sks oats, Meanor & Harper.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, September 30.—1 car metal, McKnight, P & Co; 2 do do, John Moorhead; 1 do lime, D L Reynolds; 4 do railroad iron, C A Carpenter: 2 bbls eggs, Little & Baird; 3 hides, Seibert & Berg; 10 sks rags, McCullough Smith & Co; 75 sks wheat, 52 do rye, 28 do oats, Scott & Gisal; 60 bbls tar Traux & Co.

ALLEGHENY STATION, September 30.—48 bbls rosin, W & H Walker; 10 bbls flour, W Sedden; 3 cars wheat, Kennedy Bro; 34 bbls apples, F Owens; 18 do do, Rose & Ewing; 174 sks oats, M Steel & Son; 1 car flaxseed, M B Suydam: 180 bgs barley, M Weil & Co: 26 bdls hides, Luckcamp & Co; 10 doz brooms, Clark & Co.

RIVER PACKETS.

VICKSBURG, NEW ORLEANS.

FOR MEMPHIS AND NEW ORLEANS—The steamer MESSENGER.....Capt. JESSE IKEAN, Will leave for the above and intermediate ports on MONDAY, Oct. 4th, at 4 P. M.
GHRIEST & SWANEY.
se28 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

CINCINNATI AND LOUISVILLE.

FOR CINCINNATI and LOUISVILLE.—The fine passenger steamer MOLLIE EBERT,.....Capt. G. W. EBERT. Clerk, C. Shepard, will leave for the above and intermediate ports on THIS DAY, 29th inst., at 12 M.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
se28 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

WHEELING AND CINCINNATI.

FOR WHEELING, MARIETTA, PARKERSBURG AND CINCINNATI.
Leaves Pittsburgh EVERY SATURDAY 12 M.
The swift and superb Sidewheel Steamer ST. MARYS, T. C. SWEENEY, Commander, will leave as announced above.
For Freight or Passage apply on board, or to
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, or
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N. B.—No Freight received after 11 A. M. se10

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Safety Fire Jacket, Car Heater and *MODERATOR.*

For Smoke and Hot Air Flues, dispensing with the use of stoves and fires in or about the Passenger Baggage Cars, with the attachment to graduate the heat to any temperature that may be desired without the possibility of firing the car or cars to which the Jacket may be attached. Having obtained of the United States Letters Patent for a Safety Jacket, which is warranted to resist the most intense heat that may be applied to it in the position and purpose for which it is intended.

It is a sure protection from accidents by fire, originating from defective flues or where iron pipes are used as conductors for smoke or heat. It is applicable to all piping that may become overheated, and is warranted to give perfect satisfaction where wood or other combustible material may be placed in close proximity thereto. I am now ready to apply my invention to stores, dwellings, factories, ships, steamboats, railroad cars, &c. Wherever pipes as conductors are made dangerous by being overheated and security desired, I will send on application right to manufacture or use the above invention. Also Territorial rights to such as may wish to engage in selling privileges either by State or county.

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Particular attention given to Custom Work.

We beg leave to direct the attention of the public to the fact that we are now prepared to manufacture Boots and Shoes for persons troubled with Corns, Bunions, or deformed feet, under the personal supervision of our Mr. ALPERT, formerly of Allegheny City, who will be pleased to see his old customers again. We have adopted Mr. Alpert's mode of measuring the foot, by which we can be safe in warranting easy and comfortable Boots and Shoes for the tenderest feet. Give us a trial and be convinced.

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J. B. CANFIELD

RIVER NEWS.

The river continues to recede steadily with five feet eight inches in the channel. Weather clear and pleasant though the recent fogs are regarded as a sure precursor of rain. Mercury at 4 P. M. 68 in shade.

The Camelia from Cincinnati, was due last night, and will probably be found in port his morning.

Mr. A. C. McConnell clerk of the Arkansas, arrived at St. Louis on Tuesday.

Capt. M. W. Beltzhoover, is also in St. Louis and will likely remain there until the fair.

The Bellevernon departed for New Orleans last evening with about 400 tons, and engagements below sufficient to fill out. Pilots—John Ferguson and Thomas Morris.

The Sallie and Batesville were at Cincinnati on Wednesday. Barney Given, one of the pilots on the latter boat, arrived here yesterday having come through by rail.

Capts. Frank and Dan Marratta launched the hull for their new Trinity River (Texas) boat, at Freedom on Wednesday. The cabin and machinery will be put on here.

The Messenger, Capt. Jesse Dean, is now in turn for New Orleans and will be the next boat out.

—The Richmond came off the Sectional Docks, below St. Louis, on Monday.

—The Flirt is having new and smaller chimneys put up at St. Louis.

—The Bengal Tiger left Dubuque on the 27th, for St. Louis, with five barges of ice—the biggest tow of the season.

—The barge sunk by the Sam. Brown at Hurricane Island was loaded with 500 tuns iron ore, valued at $10,000, and is a total loss. The Brown entered protest at Paducah.

—On her late trip up the Illinois to Lasalle, the safe of the towboat Robb was entered by some thief, so far unknown, and $450 abstracted therefrom. A further sum was left undisturbed.

—The Sioux City *Journal*, last received, promised to publish, on the 25th, "an interesting statistical compendium of the business, tunnage, arrival and departure of every boat that landed at Benton City since 1857 to 1869." It will be valuable.

—The St. Louis *Republican* of Thursday says: The Great Republic was towed down to the boneyard yesterday, where she will undergo a complete renovating. She has an immense force of mechanics at work on her, and she will be painted and repaired thoroughly. She is also having her roof covered with new material, and as one item of her repairs we mention, that it took just 3,000 yards of "ducking" to cover her roof. She will leave for New Orleans on the 11th of October.

—The St. Paul Pioneer learns from the officers of the Millwaukee & St. Paul Railway that the erection of a magnificent bridge across the Mississippi, at Prairie du Chien, has been determined upon, and the work will be commenced the ensuing winter. It will be a high bridge, above the smokstacks of the largest steamers, and so constructed as not to obstruct navigation in either channel. The bridge will probably be completed in less than a year.

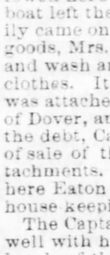
—The New Albany *Ledger*, of Monday, says: The case of Capt. Josiah Murray, who was tried before Mayor Hart, Saturday afternoon, upon a charge of burglariously entering the house of Wm. Eaton, on the 17th inst., for the purpose of robbery, created considerable comment. The main facts in the case, as we learn them from other parties, and from the evidence, are about as follows: About seven months ago Capt. Murray came here from Dover, Tennessee, with the hull of a small sternwheel boat. The hull was built at that point, and it was towed here to be completed. When the boat left there, Wm. Eaton and his family came on board with their household goods, Mrs. E. being employed to cook and wash and take care of the Captain's clothes. It seems the furniture of Eaton was attached for debt by the authorities of Dover, and having no money to pay the debt, Capt. M. paid it and took a bill of sale of them, to prevent further attachments. Soon after the boat reached here Eaton rented a house and set up house keeping.

The Captain d'd not get along very well with his boat, and she fell into the hands of the Sheriff, and finally passed into the hands of other parties. After that event Capt. Murray took boarding at the house of Mr. Samuel Birch, on Fourth street, Louisville, where he was stopping when the alleged burglary took place.

On Friday morning, the 17th, about 3½ o'clock, Mrs. Eaton testified she heard some one in her room, her husband being absent, and upon striking a light discovered Capt. Murray, who fled when she turned up the lamp. Upon the floor she found a handkerchief and some papers, the latter being receipts given by the Postmaster at Dover for registered letters. Mrs. E. swears positively that she recognized Murray in the house, and another witness swore that he saw him coming out of the alley at Mrs. Eaton's house about 4 o'clock that morning. He, however, was not positive that it was Murray.

The defense set up an *alibi*, and produced witnesses from Louisville, Mr. and Mrs. Birch, their daughter, and a boarder, to prove that they saw him go to bed at 10 o'clock on the night of the 17th, and that he was called up to breakfast next morning. The defense also proved that Mrs. Eaton had charge of part of the Captain's clothes at the time of the burglary; endeavoring to establish the impression that she got hold of the receipts and handkerchief in that way. The bill of sale of the household goods was proven, and offered in evidence, but the Court held that it had nothing to do with the case.

At the close of the evidence, of which the above is a synopsis, the attorneys argued the case and submitted it to the Court. The Court decided it this morning by holding defendant to bail in the sum of $500, to answer at the next term of Criminal Court. The attorney for defendant excepted to the judgment, and moved for a rehearing, which motion was granted, and the case will come up before Justice Jocelyn in a day or two.



TRADE MARK.

DITHRIDGE'S FIRE-PROOF Lamp CHIMNEYS.

10;e2 h

GEO. B. MILTENBERGER,
SOLE AGENT FOR
KEDSIE'S RELIABLE WATER FILTER,
No. 236 Penn Street,
se2 PITTSBURGH, PA.

WHITE LIME.—100 barrels Cleveland White Lime; 200 bbls Eastern do., for sale by
J B.CANFIELD.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

WILLIAM MILLER & CO.,

Nos. 221 and 223 Liberty Street.

Corner of Irwin, now offer to the trade at low figures, strictly

Prime New Crop New Orleans Sugar and Molasses.

Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Sugars.
New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore Refined do.
Golden Drips, Loverings, Brunjis, Stuart's, Adams' and Long Island Syrups.
Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Molasses.
Young Hyson, Japan, Imperial, Gunpowder and Oolong Teas.
Carolina and Bangoin Rice.
Java, Laguayra and Jo Coffees.
Tobacco, Lard Oil, Fish, Nails, Glass, Soaps, Cotton Yarns, &c., constantly on hand.

ALSO,

IMPORTERS OF

Fine Brandies, Wines and Segars.

Rhenish, Moselle, and Sparkling Hock Wines of Hingel & Co., in bottles.
Sparkling Moselle, Sekarsberg and Johannisburg, Hockheimer, Burgundy, &c.
Brandenburg & Freres' Fine Olive Oil.
do do Clarets, Imported in bottles.
do do White Wines, in bottles.
M. Work & Sons' Sparkling Catawba.
Fine old Sherry, Madeira and Port Wines.
Free Old Monongahela Rye Whiskies, pure.
do Very Superior Old Scotch do do.

ALSO,

Sole Agents for Moet & Chandon's Grand Vin. Imperial.
Verzenay and Sellery Champagne.
Brandies of our own selection and warranted.
j10:d43

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W. M. GORMLY,

WHOLESALE GROCER,

No. 271 Liberty Street,

(DIRECTLY OPP. EAGLE HOTEL,)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

se6 :y18

W. C. ARMSTRONG,

Successor to Fetzer & Armstrong,

PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANT,

No. 25 MARKET STREET.

my18

MEANOR & HARPER,
FLOUR, GRAIN AND PRODUCE
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 329 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Consignments solicited. se7

PETER KEIL.....JAS. F. RICHART

KEIL & RITCHART,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AND DEALERS IN
FLOUR, GRAIN, SEEDS, MILL FEED, &c.,
349 Liberty St., Pittsburgh,
my24:y37

M. STEELE.....J. A. STEELE.

M. STEELE & SON,
Commission Merchants,
AND DEALERS IN
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No. 93 OHIO STREET, near East Common,
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

L. J. BLANCHARD,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers,
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ap18:n83

LITTLE, BAIRD & PATTON,
Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants and Dealers in Produce, Flour, Bacon, Cheese, Fish, Carbon and Lard Oil, Iron, Nails, Glass, Cotton Yarns and all Pittsburgh Manufactures generally, 124 and 124 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

JOHN I. HOUSE..EDW. HOUSE...WM. H. HOUSE.

JOHN I. HOUSE & BROS., Successors to JOHN I. HOUSE & CO., Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, Corner of Smithfield and Water Streets, Pittsburgh.

JOHN SHIPTON.....A. WALLACE.

SHIPTON & WALLACE, Wholesale GROCERS AND PRODUCE DEALERS, No. 6 SIXTH STREET, Pittsburgh.
ja19:y81

TO MANUFACTURERS.

Rights to use "ALLEN'S PATENT ANTI-LAMINA" will be issued on application to the undersigned. It is a

Sure Preventive of Scale in Steam Boilers.

The article will be furnished at SIX DOLLARS per can, or we will sell rights to make and use the same for

Ten Dollars per annum for each Boiler.

The materials for making the "ANTI-LAMINA" will be supplied by us, if desired, at low prices. RIGHTS for Counties, States, or other Territory for sale at fair rates.

ALLEN & NEEDLES,
Dealers in Oils,
No. 42 South Delaware Avenue, Philad'a.
Circulars will be sent on application.
se25:073

FREIGHTS

FOR

All Points South and South-west,

Consigned to care of

J. C. BUCKLES & CO.,
General Freight Agents,
CINCINNATI, O.,

Will get LOW RATES and QUICK TIME. We are agents for no route or line, hence take advantage of the great competition here and ship by cheapest routes. se25:075

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.—To the citizens of adjoining counties, who are forming Militia or Military Companies,

LANE & TOWNSEND,
430 Market St., Philadelphia,

Offer for sale a large quantity of the All-Wool Dark Blue Cloth Infantry Frock Coats in sound condition, for the low price (in quantities of 100 or upwards) of $5.00 each, cash on delivery. au23:n40

KEYSTONE POTTERY.

S. M. KIER & CO.,
Manufacturers of
QUEENSWARE, BRISTOL WARE &c.
office and Warehouse, 363 LIBERTY STREET
All orders promptly attended to.

J. K. SWINT.....J. M. BRATT

SWINT & BRATT,
ARCHITECTURAL AND
ORNAMENTAL CARVERS
No. 61 Sandusky St., Allegheny, Pa.
A large assortment of NEWEL POSTS and BALUSTERS constantly on hand. TURNING of all descriptions done oc9:y38

MAPLE SUGAR.—10 barrels on consignment at WATT, LANG & CO'S, 172 and 174 Wood street.

RAILROADS.

CHANGE OF TIME.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD,
THE ONLY DIRECT ROUTE TO THE OIL REGIONS WITHOUT CHANGE OF CARS.

On and after MONDAY, Sept. 20, 1869 TWO THROUGH TRAINS DAILY (except Sunday) will leave Pittsburgh Depot, corner of Eleventh and Pike streets, for Franklin, Oil City, Buffalo, and all points in the Oil Regions.

LEAVE PITTSBURGH.	ARRIVE IN PITTSBURGH
Day Ex..... 7:00 a m	Day Ex..... 5:15 p m
Night Ex.... 7:35 p m	Night Ex..... 6:55 a m
1st Hulton.... 6:20 a m	1st Hulton.... 6:25 p m
2d Hulton.... 1:40 a m	2d Hulton.... 8:50 a m
3d Hulton.... 5:00 p m	3d Hulton.... 2:10 p m
4th Hulton.. 11:00 p m	4th Hulton.. 7:30 p m
Freeport Ac. 8:15 a m	SodaWorks.. 7:30 a m
Soda Works.. 6:30 p m	Freeport Ac 6:15 p m
Brady's B Ac 3:05 p m	Bradys B Ac 10:05 a m
Church..... 1:00 p m	Church..... 10:10 a m

Express trains stop only at principal points, Accommodation trains stop at all stations

J. J. LAWRENCE, Gen'l Sup't.
THOMAS M. KING, Ass't. Sup't.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD. On and after 11 P. M., Sunday AUGUST 29th, 1869, Trains will arrive at and depart from the Union Depot, corner of Washington and Liberty streets, as follows:

Arrive.	Depart.
Mail Train.... 1:20 am	*Day Express 12:30 am
Fast Line.... 1:45 am	*Pacific Ex.... 7:45 am
Wall's No. 1.. 6 20 am	Wall's No. 1.... 6:30 am
BrintonAcc'n. 7:50 am	Mail Train..... 8:10 am
Wall's No. 2.. 9:05 am	Bra'ksAc No 1. 5 10 pm
Cincinnati Ex. 8:25 am	Cincin'ti Ex. 12:30 pm
Johnstown Ac 10:20 am	Wall's No. 2.. 11:35 am
Bra'ks Ac No 1 7:00 pm	Johnstown Ac 4:05 pm
Pittsb'h Ex. 12:40 pm	Bra'ks Ac No 2 8:20 pm
Phila. Express 1:00 pm	Phila. Express 3:50 pm
Wall's No. 3.. 1:50 pm	Wall's No. 3.. 3:05 pm
Bra'ks Ac No 2 9:55 pm	Wall's No. 4.. 6:05 pm
Wall's No. 4. 5:50 pm	*Fast Line..... 7:30 pm
Way Passen'r

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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By the week (from carrier.)	15	Three mos	75	10 " "	1.15 and one to Agent.

FRIDAY, OCT. 1, 1869.

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET.

STATE.

FOR GOVERNOR:

JOHN W. GEARY.

JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT:

HENRY W. WILLIAMS.

COUNTY.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE DISTRICT COURT,
JOHN M. KIRKPATRICK.

ASSISTANT LAW JUDGE, COMMON PLEAS,
FREDE'K. H. COLLIER.

STATE SENATE—THOMAS HOWARD.
ASSEMBLY—MILES S. HUMPHREYS,
ALEXANDER MILLAR,
JOSEPH WALTON,
JAMES TAYLOR,
D. N. WHITE,
JOHN H. KERR.
SHERIFF HUGH S. FLEMING.
TREASURER—JOS. F. DENNISTON.
CLERK OF COURTS—JOSEPH BROWNE.
RECORDER—THOMAS H. HUNTER.
COMMISSIONER—HAUNCEY B. BOSTWICK.
REGISTER—JOSEPH H. GRAY.
CLERK ORPHANS' COURT—ALEX. HILANDS.
DIRECTOR OF POOR—ABDIEL McCLURE.

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE—*Second Page: General Intelligence, State Items. Third and Sixth pages: Finance and Trade, Markets, Imports, River News. Seventh page: Grand Rapids and Indiana Railroad, Maximilian and Juarez, the Statistics of Immigration, First Declaration of Independence, Amusements.*

U. S. BONDS at Frankfort, 87⅛@87¼.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 56¼f.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 129@134.

REGISTER! REGISTER!!

The registration of voters in this county closes this week, after which and without which, the citizen must prove his right to the suffrage. Every reader of this paragraph should therefore attend to his duty, and go to his Assessor at once.

ATTORNEY GENERAL HOAR is of opinion that the provisional Legislature of Virginia may elect United States Senators, "such action being essential to the completeness of reconstruction." Finding nothing in the text of the Acts of Congress to support this opinion, he upholds it with logic which is, on the whole, rather adroit. But, not even an Attorney General is infallible.

TOMORROW the Republican primary meetings will be held in Allegheny, when candidates for municipal and ward offices will be chosen. Every Republican voter who desires good and true men at the head of the city government should cast his vote between three and seven o'clock in the afternoon. A nomination in Allegheny is equivalent to an election, which makes the primary meetings more important than the general election. Let every Republican remember this fact, and do his duty.

ONE LEMUS, representing one of the rival Cuban Juntas in this country, advertises that the insurgents have but one Constitution; that this decrees an absolute emancipation of the slaves, and that their immediate freedom has everywhere followed the flag of revolt. The statement is so completely at variance with other and better information, and especially with the tenor of all previous reports from the insurrectionary districts, as to convince us that Senor Lemus feels a profound contempt for the truth.

AT THE RATE for the current quarter just closing, of the fiscal year, the receipts of internal revenue for this year will exceed those of last year by full forty millions of dollars. This proves what sad work these "rascally Radicals" are making of the public interests! It was high time for Mr. Packer, and some other Democratic millionaires, to do what they can to stop it, by virtuously declining to contribute more than $8.95 apiece to the swollen coffers of a Radical Administration. They *have* done what they could in that way, and an appreciating people will know how to credit them for it.

A LEADING REPUBLICAN JOURNAL of New York insisted, the other day, that our only question with Cuba is—"What shall we do to promote her emancipation? The question of annexation is not pending." This was a well-intended suggestion to avert the odium with which the people regard the current effort of a small but noisy clique to involve the country in a policy of annexation, at a large cost, including, probably, a foreign war. But the Republican Convention of the same State declines to imitate the dodge. They declared, in the same breath, at Syracuse, on the 29th, that they were for recognizing Cuban belligerency as soon as possible, and for the annexation of the island when its people have achieved independence.

THREE THOUSAND CHILDREN, the pride and hope of the city, assisted yesterday at the ceremonies attending the permanent location of the corner stone of the new High School building. The edifice which in due time will crown the work of yesterday will supply the needful accommodations for that advanced grade of free public instruction which is, itself, to crown our municipal system of popular education. Each bright and happy face in the Army of the Innocents which yesterday stormed the busy city and led captive every heart was the hopeful representative of a popular attachment for this system so deep and ineradicable that we may safely count upon it as an institution to be fostered and protected by the citizens of Pittsburgh as long as one stone stands above another in the foundation just dedicated.

THE COMING ELECTION.

In eleven days the people of Pennsylvania will have made choice of a Governor, a Supreme Judge, and a Legislature. As we read the portents, these are all predestined to be Republican, but not without the continuance of proper exertions on the part of the advocates of that political faith. We know the difficulties, such as they are, in the way of the consummation, and we realize the powerful inducements to such efforts as shall render the triumph certain and conclusive.

The re-election of Gov. GEARY is a necessity to the party. It would not add a particle to his personal aggrandizement or to his place in history. So far, he has, in fact, no need of the party. In the position he occupies, the party has need of him. Indeed, it cannot do without him.

The great struggle that has convulsed this country for thirty years is not closed, though we are thankful for multiplying indications that it is drawing to an end, and in such a way as to console and inspirit the friends of personal liberty and representative government, here and in all parts of the world. What remains is to secure the complete reconstruction of the Union on conditions that shall obliterate the old causes of contention without implanting fresh ones.

To this end it is essential to re-admit the white population of the Southern States to a full and unconditional participation in all the rights and privileges of citizenship, but only when the equal rights and privileges of the black population shall be effectually secured. Universal amnesty, coupled with universal suffrage, will meet the exigencies of the case, and nothing else will. It is folly or madness to urge an adjustment that shall deprive the blacks of that political power which is the surest, if not the only defence of all their interests as individuals and as a race. Such a settlement, if it could possibly be made to subserve a temporary purpose, would remit the embarrassment, with accumulating evils, as a baleful legacy to the next generation. It would inevitably fall into the category with all the other compromises of inherent and vital principles which were tried in former years, to the disgrace at once of our statesmanship and humanity. The Democrats of several of the Southern States, enlightened by the stern discipline of the war, are taking sensible and wholesome views of the situation. They have reached the conclusion that the whole solution had better be made now than be postponed, and they shudder at the suggestion of sending the most intrinsic and weighty question of all down to posterity, with [illegible] certain to follow in its train. We have, therefore, no sneers for the readiness with which they now covet the political co-operation of the blacks, but reserve sneers all for those northern Democrats who have learned nothing though they have been brayed in mortars, and after successive defeats have nothing animate remaining but undying and persistent malignity.

But more than the re-election of Gov. GEARY is required to enable the Republican party of Pennsylvania to perform its whole duty. It must secure the retention of Judge WILLIAMS upon the bench. It is puerile to declaim against what is denominated the intrusion of politics into courts of law. Where shall politics make its presence felt if not in the judiciary? The judges have the laws to interpret and apply. There is no higher function in politics than this; and none so high except the co-ordinate functions of making the laws and seeing that they are faithfully executed.

Judges have political opinions. They who have none are unfit for the magistrature. The two political parties into which the people are divided represent two different political conceptions, which they respectively endeavor to have illustrated in the practical operations of the government. As well talk of keeping these two opposing conceptions out of executive chambers and legislative halls as out of the courts of justice. They must and will enter into every department of National and State organizations.

Of the four Judges of the Supreme Court of this State who hold over, two are Republicans and two Democrats, each two sharing in and striving to give effect to the ideal of the party by which they were nominated and elected. There is nothing monstrous or improper in this but simply that which is natural and beneficial.

We want the Republican party to be in the ascendency in the Supreme Court, for the same reasons that we desire to have the President and Governor and working majorities in Congress and the Legislature. Without the concurrence and help of a majority of the judges, the Republican party will certainly be impeded, to the great damage of the people.

Mr. Williams is the right person to determine which way the balance of political opinion shall incline in the Supreme Court. A man of the strictest moral integrity, instinct with the deepest religious convictions, of large mental powers which have been carefully and variously trained, experienced in the subtleties and the solidities of the law, and in the very prime of life, he is pre-eminently qualified for the delicate and arduous post for which he has been designated. This is not a matter of inference or conjecture. He has been tried—is in this very service now. The reputation he carried upon the Supreme bench, when he took a seat there under appointment from the Governor, has not merely been sustained but enlarged. In that position he has impressed most favorably legal gentlemen from all the counties of the State, and of both political parties, by the natural force of his mind, by the nice balance of his judgment, by the subordination in which he holds passion and prejudice, by his extensive and accurate knowledge of the laws, by the supremacy he allows to considerations of justice and equity, and by his personal bearing and demeanor.

In view of the case as thus presented, we appeal earnestly to our Republican readers to make no engagements that shall interfere with their attendance at the polls on the 12th of next month. Let there be a full vote, which means a crowning victory.

A SWINDLE AND ITS CATASTROPHE.

The story of financial experience in New York, for the week past, is a short one. First, a gigantic swindle was engineered, then two or three days of speculation run-mad, a dead-lock in the adjustment of the vast and complicated transactions, the failure of subsequent expedients to relieve the situation, and then, a panic in the stock market, and the final ruin of a large number of dealers, the suspension of one bank and a sharp contraction of business by others, with a general apprehension of still greater embarrassments and distress to follow. At this writing, the crash of speculation seems to have been general, and the condition of legitimate business in New York has been made decidedly unpleasant.

We must, however, adhere to the opinion that, while the ruin wrought by the excitement of last week among these gamblers, whether in gold or in stocks, promises to be vastly more general and disastrous than when we adverted to it a few days since, it is nevertheless confined, thus far, to the business houses which either speculated for their own account, or as the brokers for gambling principals. The failure of their own debtors, the losses made directly by themselves, or the inability of these principals to make good their margins of loss, and, withal the locking up of so large an amount of solid values in the choked and paralyzed clearing-house, then the fresh panic in stocks which came to deliver the *coup de grace* to so many dealers already tottering on the verge of ruin—these are the causes of the present crisis in the financial metropolis, and which, fortunately, mark as clearly the limits within which the mischief is confined.

In this position of affairs, it is but a small consolation to the sufferers, or to the country which does not fail to realize a large temporary embarrassment from the existing panic in these financial but speculative circles, to know that the handful of men, who have engineered the opening movements which have resulted in such general disaster, have themselves been, nearly every man of them, caught and crushed by the fall of the fabric which their cunning cupidity had reared. These reckless and disreputable adventurers have coruscated through a dazzling round of apparent successes in the railway and financial world for two or three years past. They have fallen at last, and with them collapses the great Erie "ring," and, if we are not mistaken, its very menacing and influential coalition with one unscrupulous wing of the New York Democracy is also blown to fragments forever. That infamous partnership will never again carry the States of New York and New Jersey for Seymour or any other Democratic candidate.

The Gold Exchange Bank has failed. And forty or fifty brokers and financial dealers have also "gone up." Perhaps a still larger number are soon to follow. The legitimate business interests of the country are quite sound and will not suffer, beyond the brief delays required to clear up the lately convulsed atmosphere of Wall street. Holding this view, the country will not regret the explosion which promises so to cleanse and renovate the purlieus of the money-changers, as to expel, for at least a season, an element which never has been of any benefit to the solid interests of the people, and which, of late years, has really threatened the most serious mischiefs to the country at large.

We perceive that the proposition, to give to all time transactions in gold the legal effect of contracts for an immediate cash delivery, which we suggested in the GAZETTE of Monday last, finds very general favor not only in New York but among Senators, one of whom, Gen. Wilson, of Massachusetts, designs to introduce a bill to that end at the coming session of Congress. There is no doubt that a measure of this sort would effectually preclude the recurrence of such events as have marked the last week's financial annals of the metropolis. In this connection, it is proper to state that an existing law of Pennsylvania for our own people provides precisely that remedy which we have urged upon, and which Gen. WILSON will present to, Congress for adoption in the Federal law. All time transactions of this sort are here legally regarded as cash contracts for immediate delivery. Let New York copy the provisions of our law, or let Congress apply them to the country generally, and the New York gold-room will be closed in an hour.

FOREIGN NEWS AND RUMORS.

THE Prussian Bible Society in Berlin has distributed since its foundation in 1814 more than three millions of copies of the Holy Scriptures. In the year 1867 alone the number was 90,000.

A SEMINARY has lately been founded near Berlin to educate preachers and teachers for the German emigrants in North America. It is called the *Sterenhaus* (star-house) after the banner of the United States.

THE cattle disease is dying out fast in Prussia. In the province of Bradenburg special precautions have been abandoned in the districts of Lebus, Landsberg, and Sternberg, with the exception of two or three small localities. In the province of Prussia proper no new cases have appeared for weeks.

A NUMBER of submarine sweet water springs are known to exist along the coast of Istria and Dalmatia. As the coastal districts of these provinces suffer from want of a sufficient supply of water, and as it is possible by means of the Norton pump to save much that is now lost, the Austrian Ministry of Agriculture has published a book on the means of finding and utilizing submarine fresh water springs on the Austrian coasts.

PRINCE GORTCHAKOFF is surveying the political field in England and France before returning to St. Petersburg, and takes an especial interest in the progress of the Anglo-American complications, as well as in the Americanization of Cuba, the Emperor of Russia being well known to sympathize with the United States in our claims against Great Britain, as well as with the progress of American supremacy in the New World.

AT the meeting of the German Evangelical *Kirchtag* at Stuttgard on the 1st of September, Dr. Schaff, of New York, as delegate of the American branch of the Evangelical Alliance, invited his German brethren to the proposed meeting of the Alliance to be held in New York, assuring them that their Christian friends in North America would do everything in their power to make their journey and their stay in the New World agreeable. He considered that the necessity of an intimate union between the evangelical Christians of the two hemispheres, especially at the present moment (referring to the coming Ecumenical Council) must be universally admitted, but such an alliance he believed to be still more requisite in order to present a firm front to the unbelief of the times in which we live.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—Bishop Lynch, of Toronto, leaves for Rome next week.

—There was an immense crowd of visitors at the Indiana State Fair yesterday.

—The distillery of Powell & Atwater at Canton, Ills., was destroyed by fire on Tuesday. Loss $20,000; no insurance.

—F. M. Blair, editor of the *Masonic Home Advocate*, and formerly Grand Master of Illinois, died in Indianapolis Wednesday night.

—The Memphis Board of Alderman adjourned last evening till Tuesday, without action in reference to the sale of the city's railroad stock.

—The planing mill, with two hundred thousand feet of lumber, belonging to Charles Reuter, at Omaha, was burned Tuesday night. Loss $25,000.

—Two oil cars on the Hudson River Railroad ran off the track at New York, Wednesday evening, caught fire, exploded and were burned. Loss, $5,000.

—A collision on the Iron Mountain Railroad, in Missouri, on Wednesday, resulted in the death of one engineer and the serious injury of the other.

—David Williams, Baggage Master on the Lafayette Road, was knocked from the train while passing under a bridge, and instantly killed, yesterday morning.

—John W. Moore, who killed Mrs. McAdams, near Greenville, Illinois, last July, after attempting to outrage her, has been tried and sentenced to be hung, October 22d.

—The latest report from Fort Buford is that the troops were building stockades and considered themselves safe against the Indians. The Fort has been fully supplied for the winter.

—The frame building, No. 78 Sherman street, Albany, New York, occupied by Michael Sixt and Mrs. Sandlightner, fell yesterday, and two children of Mr. Sixt were fatally injured.

—The Examining Board at the Naval Academy, Annapolis, admitted as cadets yesterday, James S. Negley, of Penna.; George B. Way, of Maryland; and R. F. Nicholson, of North Carolina.

—The following additional cadets were admitted to the Naval Academy Wednesday: Wm. A. Talbot, of Pennsylvania; David Peacock, of New Jersey; John B. Nichols, of New York; and Wm. Dunaluck, of Illinois.

—Koopmanschoof has appointed John Ainslee, late President of the Memphis German National Bank and business manager of the *Appeal*, his agent for the South. Koopmanschoof leaves Memphis for New York to day via New Orleans, and will attend the Convention at Louisville.

—Chief Justice Conner, of Honduras, was one of the party with Capt. Morrill, of the steamer Trade Winds, who were picked up by the steamship Clinton. They were three days without water and their sufferings were great. Some of the men became delirious and one jumped overboard and was drowned.

—At a meeting of citizens of Cincinnati, Wednesday night, to take action for the relief of the orphans and widows of soldiers, speeches were made by George H. Pendleton, Job. E. Stevens, Judge Leavitt and others. A letter from Governor Hayes was read. A committee of twenty-one was appointed to take the matter in charge with power to act.

NEWS BY CABLE.

Speech of Hon. Edward Cardwell—He Gives His Views on the Proper Policy of Governing Colonies—Rt. Hon. Jas. Moncrief Appointed Lord Justice Clerk of Scotland—The Empress Eugenie Gone to the East—The Suez Canal.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, September 30.—Mr. Cardwell, Secretary of State, in a speech to his constituents at Oxford last evening, favored the confederation system in Canada as one that should be encouraged in all the English colonies. He said the general policy of governing colonies from home was a total failure, and there had, consequently, been substituted a policy to encourage them to develop their own power and resources, and stimulate them to a spirit of self-reliance. He showed how successful this policy had been in the case of Canada, and briefly reviewed the progress recently made by that colony. She had already an army of her own, and such a merchant navy that, if her people chose to adopt the act passed for the purpose, she might become one of the first maratine powers of the world. This, the speaker said, was the true policy to pursue. If we benefit the Canadians we benefit ourselves. Also, by this policy our colonies have become sources of strength and honor; and when the time comes, and England calls for the support of her colonies, there will be a confederation such as the world never saw under a single sovereign.

The Right Honorable James Moncrief has been appointed Lord Justice Clerk of Scotland vice Hon. George Patton, deceased.

FRANCE.

PARIS, September 30.—A late dispatch from Bordeaux states that only fifteen vessels were burnt there at the recent fire. They were all French vessels. The fire was caused by an explosion of petroleum.

The Bank of France to-day has 9,200,000 francs less than last week.

The Hippodrome in this city was burned last night. Loss heavy.

The Empress left Paris this afternoon on her eastern tour.

It is reported the father of the murdered family whose fate is attended with so much mystery, was strangled and his body has been found in Alasoe.

No decided action has been taken in regard to the convocation of the Senate and legislative body.

EGYPT.

ALEXANDRIA, September 30.—A dispatch from Suez announces that the barriers against the passage of the waters of the bitter Lakes have been removed, and M. Lesseps has passed through the canal in a steamer from Port Said to Suez in fifteen hours.

MARINE NEWS.

QUEENSTOWN, September 30.—The steamer Virginia, from New York, has arrived.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, September 30.—*Evening.*—Consols for money 93. Five-twenty bonds at London 83¼; '62s, 83¾; '67s, 82½. Ten-Forties, 75½. Eries 22¾; Illinois 93¾; Atlantic & Great Western 27. Stocks quiet.

LIVERPOOL, September 30.—Cotton dull; middling uplands 12¼; Orleans 12½; sales were 5,000 bales. California white wheat 10s. 8d.; red western 9s. 4d. @9s. 5d. Western Flour 24s; Corn 29s 6d. Oats 3s. 6d. Peas 44s. 6d. Pork 110s. Beef 89s. Lard 73s. Cheese 63s. Bacon 65s 6d. Produce unchanged.

LONDON, September 30.—Tallow 47s. and dull. Calcutta Linseed 63s. Refined Petroleum 1s. 7¼d. Turpentine 27s. 9d. The specie in the Bank of England has decreased £353,000 sterling.

PARIS, September 30—*Evening.*—Bourse closed steady. Rentes 71f. 27c.

HARVE, September 30.—*Evening.*—Cotton dull at 144f. on spot.

ANTWERP, September 30.—*Evening.*—Petroleum quiet; standard white sells at 56¼ francs.

FRANKFORT, September 30.—American securities firm: Five-twenty bonds 87⅛@87¼.

Mississippi Republican Convention—Ticket Nominated, and Resolutions Passed.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

JACKSON, Miss., September 30.—The Republican Convention here has made the following additional nominations: Auditor, H. Musgrave; Treasurer, W. H. Vasser; Attorney General, J. S. Morris; Superintendent Public Instruction, H. R. Pearse. Resolutions to the following effect were adopted: First—Union, first, last and forever. Second—Freedom of speech and of the press. Third—universal suffrage and universal amnesty. Fourth—free schools, their benefits to be extended to every child in the State. Fifth—opposition to that unjust system of taxation which discriminates against labor and unjustly bears upon the industrial classes. Sixth—revision of the conditions of free labor, with a view especially to a more summary process for the recovery of debts. Seventh—adherence to the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Amendments to the Constitution of the United States. Eighth—The exercise of the whole political influence of the State with Congress for the immediate removal, as provided, of the disabilities imposed by the Fourteenth Amendment. Ninth—The ratification of the Fifteenth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States. Tenth—A new Constitution for Mississippi, with the disfranchising and proscription clauses left out.

Editors Nominate a Candidate for Governor.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, September 30.—A special to the *Times* from Brenham, Texas, yesterday, states that the editors of the Democratic newspapers, in Convention, have nominated Hamilton Stuart, of Galveston, as a candidate for Governor, and he has accepted. A full straight-out Democratic ticket will be put forward. Forty newspapers are pledged for their support. Much enthusiasm prevails in the Convention.

Wholesale Poisoning.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BOSTON, September 30.—Considerable excitement exists in the south part of Boston from the sudden deaths of Mrs. Hartington, her little child, and a brother of Mrs. Hartington. Mrs. Dumphy wife of the latter, and Hartington, husband of the poisoned woman, are under arrest to await the result of the coroner's inquest, on suspicion of poisoning the deceased.

Secretary Seward and Party.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAN FRANCISCO, September 30.—The Seward party, consisting of the Ex-Secretary, Frederick Seward and wife, Abijah Fitch and Albert S. Evans, correspondent of the New York *Tribune*, departed to-day on the steamer Golden City for the city of Mexico, via. Manzillo, Colima, Guadaljara and Tuertaro.

THE CAPITAL.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 30, 1869.

SATISFACTORY INTERVIEW.

Senator Spencer and Col. Jno. G. Stokes, of Alabama, had a lengthy interview with the President this morning, on the subject of the complete restoration of law and order in the South. The result of the interview was highly satisfactory, and complimentary to the people of the South and their intentions. The President hopes to visit the South this winter.

BOUNTY MONEY.

A large number of cases have been prepared by H. F. Sherman, of New York, soon to be filed by him in the Court of Claims, for the recovery of bounty money, of which he says the soldiers have been defrauded. He claims that the payment at the Sub Treasury, in New York, was illegal, as the soldiers have neither endorsed the checks which have been issued and intended for the settlement of their claims, nor given to any one legal authority to endorse them. The case will be heard at the December term of Court.

NEW HALL OPENED.

The new Hall of the Young Men's Christian Association was formally opened this evening with a variety of exercises, in the presence of a very large audience. Chief Justice Chase presided. Addresses were delivered by Gen. O. O. Howard, Rev. Dr. Grammar, of Baltimore, Rev. J. T. Duryee, of Brooklyn, and Geo. H. Stuart, of Philadelphia.

VICE CONSULS.

The President has recognized Caspar Ritchie as Vice Consul of the Swiss Confederation for Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky, to reside in Cincinnati. Also Peter Staub as Consular Agent of the Swiss Confederation for Tennessee, to reside at Knoxville.

OFFICIAL PROCLAMATION.

An official proclamation has just been issued by the Convention between the United States and Hesse Darmstadt regulating citizenship on the same basis of naturalization as with the North German Confederation.

RESIGNATION.

Secretary Boutwell to-day received a letter from Assistant Secretary Richardson enclosihg his resignation as Assist. ant secretary of the Treasury.

CUSTOM RECEIPTS.

The custom receipts for September last, were $3,310,198.

—A milk train on the Naugatuck, Ct., Railroad was wrecked last night at Platts Mills four miles below Waterbury. Fourteen platform cars were smashed and piled up twenty feet high on the track. One trakeman was badly hurt, but the passengers are safe. The cause of the accident was an ox on the track.

A NEW YORK speculator returning home last Friday thus announced the result of his operations to the family group: "No more silk dresses this winter, my dear; no more balls and parties; no more opera boxes; and then, warming with his subject, "no more infernal winings and dinings, and no more nonsense of any sort, Matilda," Surely, the most uninitiated would have known that the man had been in Wall street that day.

FIFTY thousand pounds of brass are annually consumed for shoe-string tips in the United States, all of which are manufactured in Waterbury, and most of it consumed in Rhode Island.

THOU BRINGEST ME LIFE—LUNG-WORT.

One of the truest and most suggestive ideas can be obtained from the caption at the head of this article; for of all diseases which impair human health and shorten human life, none are more prevalent than those which affect the lungs and pulmonary tissues. Whether we regard lung diseases in the light of a merely slight cough, which is but the fore-runner of a more serious malady, or as a deep lesion corroding and dissolving the pulmonary structure, it is always pregnant with evil and foreboding of disaster. In no class of maladies should the physician or the friends and family of the patient be more seriously forewarned than in those of the lungs, for it is in them that early and effielent treatment is most desirable, and it is then that danger can be warded off and a cure effected. In DR. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE you have a medicine of the greatest value in all these conditions. An alterative, a tonic, a nutrient and resolvent, succoring nature and sustaining the recuperative powers of the system, Its beautiful workings, in harmony with the regular functions, can be readily observed by the use of one or two bottles: it will soon break up the chain of morbid sympathies that disturb the harmonious workings of the animal economy. The harrassing cough, the painful respiration, the sputum streaked with blood, will soon give place to the normal and proper workings of health and vigor.

An aggregated experience of over thirty years has enabled Dr. Keyser, in the compounding of his LUNG CURE, to give new hope to the consumptive invalid and at the same time speedy relief in those now prevalent, catarrhal and throat affections, so distressing in their effects and so almost certainly fatal in their tendencies, unless cured by some appropriate remedy. DR. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE is so thorough and efficient, that any one who has ever used it, will never be without it in the house. It will often cure when everything else fails, and in simple cases will cure oftentimes in a few days.

The attention of patients, as well as medical men, is respectfully invited to this new and valuable addition to the pharmacy of the country.

DR. KEYSER may be consulted every day until 1 o'clock P. M. at his Great Medicine Store, 167 Liberty street, and from 4 to 6 and 7 to 9 at night.

NOW IS THE TIME

To repair the inroads made upon the physical strength by the heated term which has closed with September. The vitality that has been oozing through the pores in the form of perspiration, for the last three months, requires to be replaced, as a preparative to the cold season which makes such disastrous havoc with relaxed and untoned sytems. The reverse of vigor with which the stoutest man commences the Summer campaign is drained out of him at its close, and unless by some means he acquires a new stock of vital energy wherewith to encounter the shock of a colder season, he may droop and wither like the falling leaves whose life-juices are exhausted. If it is thus with the strong, how much more perilous is the condition of the weak and ailing. Their reason must suggest to them, more forcibly than these printed words, the necessity for *invigoration*, and the world have decided, after an experience of nearly a quarter of a century, that HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS embrace such restorative properties as are not possessed by any other tonic and alternative preparation in existence. The importance of resorting to that great RENOVATOR AND REGULATOR OF THE HUMAN MACHINE, at this critical season is as obvious as the light of day. Let all who desire to escape an attack of chills and fever, bilious remittent fever, dysentery, diarrhœa, dyspepsia, rheumatism, hypochondria, or any other of the diseases of which the Fall season is the prolific parent, have recourse promptly to this celebrated preventive and restorative,

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞**FAREWELL SERVICE.**—The last service in Trinity Church, Sixth avenue, previous to the removal of the old building, will be held on SUNDAY MORNING next, at 10½ o'clock. The Holy Communion will be administered, and a historical sermon preached. The old members and former worshippers at Trinity Church are specially invited to be present.

☞**MASS MEETING OF THE** FRIENDS OF TEMPERANCE AND REFORM and the Independent Voters of Allegheny county, at CITY HALL, on TUESDAY, October 6th, at 7½ o'clock P. M. The Commissioners of Allegheny county, the lawyers and leaders of the Republican and Democratic parties, the rank and file of all parties, and every citizen who wishes to understand the questions involved in the election of County Commissioner are invited to be present. The meeting will be addressed by Col. J. B. Clark, David Kirk, Esq., and S. Y. Kennedy. se30:p13

☞**ACADEMY OF MUSIC**

LAST TWO NIGHTS OF

THE CREGORY'S

AND

CLODOCHE TROUPE.

FRIDAY and SATURDAY, October 1st and 2d, entire change of Programme.

GRAND GALA MATINEE Saturday Afternoon. oct:p7

☞**MERCANTILE**

LIBRARY LECTURES.

The Young Men's Mercantile Library Association.

SEASON OF 1869-70.

The Lecture Committee would respectfully announce that the first Lecture of the course will be delivered early in November. Engagements have been made with

JOHN B. GOUGH,

Mark Twain,	Miss Anna E. Dickinson
James E. Murdoch,	Bayard Taylor,
Miss Kate Field,	Wendell Phillips,
George Vandenhoff,	Henry Vincent,

THEODORE TILTON,

and other celebrated lecturers.

SEASON TICKETS

Are now ready and can be procured at the Rooms of the Library, or from the members of the Lecture Committee.

W. S. Howard, Chairman; A. H. Lane, W. L. Chaffant, W. Schover, W. J. Radcliffe, John G. Holmes, Malcom Hay, Lecture Committee. oct

AN ORDINANCE

Widening Fifth Avenue from Dinwiddie to Jummonville street.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the City Engineer be and is hereby authorized and directed to survey and open Fifth avenue to its full width between Dinwiddie and Jummonville street, and to appraise damages and assess benefits James McGinn, Jas. Irwin and John Flinn are hereby appointed in accordance with an Act of Assembly approved January 6th, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 27th day of September, A. D. 1869.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
JOHN BARTON,
President pro tem of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. oct

AN ORDINANCE

Appointing a Viewer on the Opening of Webster Avenue.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That V. G. Elliot be and he is hereby appointed viewer on the opening of Webster avenue, from Grant street to seventh avenue, in lieu of Adam Floyd, who declines serving.

SEC. 4. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 27th day of September A. D. 1869.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council,
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. oct

AN ORDINANCE

Widening the Sidewalk on the west side of Fortieth street to Fourteen feet.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the sidewalk on the west side of Fortieth street be and is hereby declared fourteen feet in width.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 27th day of September A. D. 1869.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council,
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. oct

LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING IN BUCHANAN POSTOFFICE, October 1, 1869:

A	Holden M E	McSwiggin A A
Anthony Fred	Houston I	McKaleps M
Anderson C C	Hogan M	McGaugn M
Aughe Rev A C	Hill R Miss	**N**
B	Hill C	Nicolson J A
Buttermore Jno	Henry L	**O**
Bankard A	Henry M A	O'Neil Margt
Bankard F K	Hunter D	**P**
Brown D P	**J**	Price W B
Barrett Owen	Jenkins E	Peel R
Barret Mrs S E	James Mrs A	Puff F
Barrett Joan	Jones J	Poosser Wm
Bell Jas	Jones H	**R**
Bradley B J	**K**	Reed D
Boyd Miss M	Kelly M	Roberts D
Bowers Jacob	Krymer J C	Reed E A Mrs
Burns Sarah	**L**	Reed L Miss
Brubaker E A	Lohg Mr E	**S**
Brewster J W	Levake Sr H C	Smith G
Brooks Mary	Levake G	Shannon H
Brutis Wm	Long H	Smith J L
C	Larell J	Shivlin P
Campbell J P	Ledman Mrs A	Smith W H
Campbell A	Lowery P	Skelck E J
Conners Wm	**M**	Stewart T F
Coslon Jno	Miller A G	Stewart Miss C
Cooly W H	Miller J	Springer J
Carlisle Jas	Meehan J	Snyder Miss L
Cocain Lavina	Mckeis J	Slatters F
Coleman Chas	Miller Jos	Stratton R
D	Morgan T	**T**
Davis S W	Morgan David, stone mason	Thomas M
Dowden Jas	Morgan J	Tuoburn J M
Duff Alfred	Matthews C B	Thompson M
E	Mullen Wm	Thomas E B
Evans T A & Co	Marlerny Mrs J	Thomas R
Evans Jas	**Mc**	Taylor A
F	McCombs Mrs J	**W**
Feathers Mrs M	Mc ain C	Ward Wm J
G	McCoy T C	Watkins M A
Gillett J M	McDonald D S	Williams T
Gault J A	McDonald Liz	Wood E
H	M Carthy D	
Hammill J	McClelland J	
Havay A		

se31 PHILLIP HOERR, P. M.

ASTONISHING!

LADIES' FINE

Solid Gold Hunting Case Full Jeweled

WATCHES SELLING FOR $30.

At the LOWEST PRICE STORE IN THE CITY

WATTLES & SHEAFER'S,

101 FIFTH AVENUE, above Smithfield street. se27

BURN'S RESTAURANT, corner Sixth avenue and Smithfield street, keep constantly on hand OYSTERS IN EVERY STYLE, and the kindest attention given to Daily Boarders. Also those wishing single meals shall be served with the best the market affords at the most reasonable terms.

We keep also the finest choice WINES AND ALES. se29:p2

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAS COMPANY, PITTSBURGH, October 1, 1869.

TAR.—On and after this date and until further notice, the price of Coal Tar will be TWO DOLLARS PER BARREL.

By order of the Board of Trustees.

o1:p19 W. H McCLELLAND, Treasurer.

STRAY MULE.—Came to the residence of the undersigned, on Wednesday, September 29th, a

LARGE DARK BROWN MULE, MARE.

The owner is requested to come after her, pay charges and take her away. B. AUTH, 182 Smithfield street.

JOHN PECK, ORNAMENTAL HAIR WORKER AND PERFUMER, No. 53 Market street, Pittsburgh.

Always on hand, a general assortment of Ladies' WIGS, BANDS, CURLS; Gentlemen's WIGS, TOPEES, SCALPS, GUARD CHAINS, BRACELETS, &c. ☞A good Price in cash will be given for RAW HAIR.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hair Cutting done in the neatest manner. oct

TRADESMEN'S NATIONAL BANK,

Wood St., corner Second Avenue.

A. BRADLEY, President,

CYRUS CLARKE, Jr., Cashier.

Interest paid on Deposits.

Gold, Coupons, Bonds and Stocks bought and sold. d&P

AN ORDINANCE

Authorizing the Grading, Paving and Curbing of Irwin's Alley, from Fortieth Street to Forty-second Street.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the grading, paving and curbing of Irwin Alley from Fortieth street to Forty-second street, and to let the same in the manner directed by an ordinance concerning streets, passed August 31st, 1857; also, an act concerning streets, approved January 6th, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 27th day of September, A. D. 1869.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. oct

AN ORDINANCE

Authorizing a Public Sewer on Forty-eighth Street.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Pittsburgh, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the construction of a public sewer on Forty-eighth street, from the Allegheny River to Butler street, and to let the same in accordance with Acts of Assembly and Ord nances of the city providing therefore.

SEC. 2. And to make assessments for the cost thereof. John T. Btown, Wm. A. Herron and James T. McClure are hereby appointed.

SEC. 3. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 27th day of September, A. D. 1869.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. oct

AN ORDINANCE

Authorizing the Grading, Paving and Curbing of Centre Street, from Forty-fifth to Butler Street.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same,* That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the grading, paving and curbing of Centre street, from Forty-fifth street to Butler street, and to let the same in the manner directed by an Ordinance concerning Streets, passed August 31st, 1857; also, an Act concerning Streets, approved January 6th, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 27th day of September, A. D. 1869.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. oct

AN ORDINANCE

Authorizing the Grading, Paving, and Curbing of Twenty-second Street, from Penn Street to Liberty Street.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the Grading, Paving and Curbing of Twenty-second street, from Penn street to Liberty street and to let the same in the manner directed by an Ordinance concerning Streets, passed August 31st, 1857; also, an Act concerning streets, approved January 6th, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 27th day of September, A. D. 1869.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. oct21

AN ORDINANCE

Authorizing the Grading of Lang Avenue to a width of forty feet from the Greensburg Pike to the Pennsylvania Railroad.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same.* That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the Grading of Lang avenue a width of forty feet from the Greensburg Pike to the Pennsylvania Railroad, and to let the same in the manner directed by an Ordinance concerning Streets, passed August 31st, 1857; also, an act concerning Streets, approved January 6th, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 27th day of September, A. D. 1869.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. oct

AN ORDINANCE

Authorizing the Grading, Paving and Curbing of Mulberry Alley, from Twenty-eighth Street to Twenty-ninth Street.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the Grading, Paving and Curbing of Mulberry alley from Twenty-eighth street to Twenty ninth street, and to let the same in the manner directed by an Ordinance concerning Streets, passed August 31st, 1857; also an Act concerning streets, approved January 6th, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 27th day of September, A. D. 1869.

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President of Select Council.

Attest E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. oct

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE BEST BARGAINS

IN

DRY GOODS.

At 12 1-2 Cents.

DARK DE LAINES,

Good Styles and Quality.

At 6 1-4 Cents,

Good Dark Calico.

At 12 1-2 Cents,

NEW DARK CALICOS,

Best Quality and Styles.

At $2.50 per Pair,

GOOD WHITE BLANKETS,

A Decided Bargain.

White Country Blankets

LARGE SIZE, BEST QUALITY,

A

WILLIAM

Nos. 180

FEDERAL STREET.

es30

ATTRACTIVE

Prices

AND

COMPLETE

ASSORTMENTS

OF

Colored Silks,

Irish Poplins,

French Poplins,

AT

BATES & BELL'S.

se29:MWF

A. A. ANDERSON & SONS,

Book and Job Printers,

67 AND 69 FIFTH AVENUE,

Dispatch Building, Pittsburgh.

Having extra large founts of Types, and Press facilities for the RAPID execution of

PAPER BOOKS,

Would respectfully solicit the patronage of the legal fraternity.

Those who favor us with their orders, can rely on having them done NEATLY, and

AT THE TIME AGREED ON.

All Kinds of

ELECTION PRINTING

PROMPTLY EXECUTED.

se27:o89

CAUTION.

We call attention of consumers to the practice of Adulterating Lard Oil, by mixing with it Cotton Seed Oil, Rosin Oil and other Inferior Oils.

OUR LARD OIL

WARRANTED PURE.

Any person altering our Brand or copying our Trade Mark will be proceeded against according to law.

PROCTER & GAMBLE,

au24:n44 TF CINCINNATI.

RED AND FIRE BRICK PRESSES, CLAY TEMPERING MACHINES and BRICK MAKER'S TOOLS manufactured at No. 309 South Fifth street, Philadelphia, Pa.

se27:p3 S. P. MILLER.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OF THE SEASON.

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BLACK, BROWN AND

Gold Mixed

Waterproof Cloths.

Heavy Bookfold Barred

COUNTRY FLANNELS.

Best Makes and Styles.

Fine Eastern Barred

SHIRTING FLANNELS.

The Above Goods Offered

BY THE

YARD, PIECE OR BOX,

AT LESS THAN

Present Market Prices

AT

SEMPLE'S,

and 182

ALLEGHENY CITY.

POLITICAL.

☞**REPUBLICAN MEETING** For the FIFTH and SIXTH WARDS, ALLEGHENY, at

HAMILTON'S DRUG STORE,

Corner of Locust street and Beaver avenue, on

Friday Evening, October 1st,

AT 7½ P. M.

The meeting will be addressed by

Hon. THOMAS HOWARD,
B. F. LUCAS, Esq.

By order Committee on Speakers and Meetings. se30:p10

☞**REPUBLICAN MEETING**

AT THE

HOUSE OF J. M. SCHLESSMAN,

On the Washington Pike, in Union Tp.,

On Monday Evening, October 4th,

At 7½ o'clock. The meeting will be addressed by W. C. MORELAND, Esq., MILES S. HUMPHREYS, W. S. McCUNE, Esq.

A Glee Club from Temperanceville will be in attendance.

By order of Committee on Speakers and Meetings. se30:p9

GRIFFIN & HOFFMAN,

AUTHORIZED

ADVERTISING AGENTS

FOR

Newspapers, Magazines and Periodicals of United States and Canada,

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(Bank of Baltimore Building,)

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Larned & Starr, Philadelphia,
R. Patterson & Co., Philadelphia,
Johnston Brothers & Co., Baltimore,
Thomson & Bloch, Baltimore,
W. T. Walters & Co., Baltimore. se29:p5

IRON AND STEEL.

OSBORN'S NEW BOOK.

THE

Metallurgy of Iron and Steel.

Theoretical and Practical in all its branches, with especial reference to American Materials and Processes, by

H. S. OSBORN, LL.D.

230 Engravings and 6 Folding Plates.

FOR SALE BY

R. S. DAVIS & CO.,

192 LIBERTY STREET.

se24:FMW

NOTICE.—We have admitted J. W. COOK as a member of our firm, to date from August 1st, 1869.

se27:o88 CHESS, SMYTH & CO.

APPLE PARERS.—I have a full assortment of Apple Paring, Coring and Slicing Machines, which I invite all to call and see them tried. The PARING, CORING AND SLICING MACHINES, takes only three turns o the crank to pare, core, and slice an ordinary sized apple. It will pare without slicing or coring required.

Dried Apples sell much higher when sliced with this machine than when quartered by the old process.

Also, a full assortment of

Lightning & Turn Table Apple Parers.

For sale, wholesale and Retail, by

JAMES BOWN,

No. 136 WOOD STREET.

au13

HENDERSON J. & BROTHERS, 266 Liberty street, Dealers in Drugs, Paint and Patent Medicines. ja2:y

POLITICAL.

☞**ATTENTION,**

Executive Committee and Vigilance Committees.

The members of the Republican Executive Committee for Allegheny County, are requested to meet at 11 o'clock A. M., on TUESDAY, October 5th, at CITY HALL. A full meeting is desired.

At the same time and place, the Chairmen of the Republican Vigilance Committees of the different districts throughout the county, and as many members of each of said Vigilance Committees as can attend, are earnestly requested and expected to be present.

Business of great importance will be before the meeting, and it is hoped that every Committee man, and every Chairman of Vigilance Committees, together with as many members of Vigilance Committees as can attend will be on hand.

By order of the Committee.

W. S. PURVIANCE, Chairman.

WALTER S. McCUNE, Col. GEO. F. MORGAN, } Secretaries. se30:p7

☞**GRAND REPUBLICAN**

MASS MEETING

AT

CITY HALL,

On Monday, October 4th,

At 7½ o'clock. The meeting will be addressed by

Hon. JOHN SCOTT,
U. S. SENATOR FROM PENNSYLVANIA.
Hon. H. BUCHER SWOPE,
Hon. C. A. GROW.

Campaign, Geary and Glee Clubs are earnestly invited to attend.

Turn out *en masse* to welcome these able and eloquent speakers.

JOHN S. LAMBIE, Chairman.
J. S. FERGUSON, Secretary. se30:ps

☞**REPUBLICAN MEETING**

On Saturday, October 2d, at 4 P. M.,

AT LIBRARY,

In Snowden Township, will be addressed by

Hon. THOMAS HOWARD,
JOHN H. KERR, Esq.,
JOSIAH COHEN, Esq.

By order of Committee on Speakers and Meetings. se28:o83

☞**REPUBLICAN MEETING**

On Saturday, October 2d, at 3 P. M.,

AT WARREN'S HOTEL,

In Marshall Township, will be addressed by

A. M. BROWN, Esq.,
Col. T. M. BAYNE,
H. C. MACKRELL, Esq.,
W. S. PURVIANCE, Esq.

By order of Committee on Meetings and Speakers. se28:o84

☞**REPUBLICAN MEETING**

WILL BE HELD

AT TARENTUM,

On Friday, October 1st,

At 7½ o'clock. The meeting will be addressed by

JAMES W. MURRAY, Esq.,
Col. T. M. BAYNE,
W. C. MORELAND, Esq.

By order of the Committee on Meetings and Speakers. se29:o85

☞**REPUBLICAN MEETING**

AT FRANKSTOWN,

In the Twenty-third ward, Pittsburgh, on

Friday Evening, October 1st,

At 7½ o'clock. The meeting will be addressed by E. C. MACKRELL, Esq., P. C. SHANNON, Esq., JOSIAH COHEN, Esq., W. F. HAINES, Esq.

By order of Committee on Speakers and Meetings. se28:o96

☞**REPUBLICAN MEETING**

AT THE

WIGWAM,

In the Sixteenth ward, Pittsburgh, on

On Friday Evening, October 1st,

At 7½ o'clock. The meeting will be addressed by

A. M. BROWN, Esq.,
JAMES P. JOHNSTON, Esq.,
S. P. FULTON, Esq
MILES S. HUMPHREYS, Esq.

By order of Committee on Meetings and Speakers. se28:o97

☞**FOR MAYOR OF THE CITY** OF ALLEGHENY:

SIMON DRUM,

Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election, to be held Saturday, October 2d. se27:o85

☞**FOR MAYOR,**

A. P. CALLOW,

Subject to the decision of the Primary Elections, on Saturday, October 2d. se27:o85

INDEPENDENT TEMPERANCE CANDIDATE.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,

ISAIAH DICKEY.

au5:n12

BARKER'S

LARGE STOCK OF

Cheap Merinos,
Cheap Silks,
Cheap Poplins,
Cheap Alpacas,
Cheap Linens,
Cheap Crashes,
Cheap Flannels,
Cheap Muslins,
Cheap Delaines,
Cheap Calicos,

EVERYTHING CHEAP AT

J. W. BARKER & CO'S.

59 MARKET STREET.

☞*NOTICES—"To-Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES, will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.*

WANTED---HELP

WANTED.—A GOOD PHOTO- GRAPHER, to rent a new suite of rooms built expressly for a first class Photograph Gallery. For further information apply at No. 175 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WANTED.—A BOY 12 to 15 years of age to assist in a Grocery Store in Allegheny. Address C. A., Allegheny.

WANTED—HELP.—AT EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, No. 1 St. Clair Street, BOYS GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

WANTS.

WANTED.—A good SINGER SEWING MACHINE to exchange for Dressing Bureaus, or Bureau and Washstand. Enquire at 181 North Avenue, Allegheny.

LOST.

LOST.—On the St. Clair Street Suspension Bridge, or Federal Street, a GOLD PEN AND PENCIL. A liberal reward will be given if returned to No. 12 Stockton Avenue, Allegheny City.

FOUND.

FOUND—On Wednesday morning, opposite Heazleton's store, in the Diamond, a POCKET BOOK, containing a sum of money, which the owner can have by calling at this office and describing the money and pocket book.

TO LET.

TO-LET.—ROOM—A furnished Room suitable for one or two single gentlemen. Terms reasonable Inquire at 173 Second avenue.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—One-half of a valuable PATENT for Pennsylvania. A small article used in all houses. A chance for an active young man with a few hundred dollars. Address PATENT, Postoffice Box 690.

FOR SALE.—SOUTH AVENUE RESIDENCE, Allegheny City. Lot is 28 feet by 150 to a 20 feet alley; house contains 11 rooms, good cellars, gas throughout and finished in good order. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No 139 Fourth Avenue.

FOR SALE.—Business Stand on Chestnut street, Allegheny City, has been used as a bakery and confectionary for a number of years, and is now occupied as such with a good custom. This is an opening seldom offered, and a practical man can do a number one business. Terms easy and satisfactory reasons for selling. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE.—LOOK HERE!— CHEAP FARM one mile from a Station on the C. & P. R. R., in Jefferson county, Ohio, containing 170 acres AT ONLY $35 per acre; good improvements, good water, underlaid with coal, and in a good neighborhood. MUST BE SOLD. Terms easy. If you want a cheap farm home don't fail to call soon at the Real Estate office of CROFT & PHILLIPS, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE.—FRUIT FARM and HOME, containing 13 acres, 10 miles from the city limits and 4 miles from a Station on the A. V. R. R.; good house, stable, &c.; ½ an acre in grapes. All kinds of fruits, from a currant to an apple. The improvements and fruits are worth all that is asked for the property; 6 acres underlaid with coal; every acre tillable; soil equal to any in the UNITED STATES. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth Avenue.

$65 AN ACRE WILL PURCHASE a desirable Farm of 100 acres in Columbiana county, Ohio. 11 miles from Enon Station, P., F. W. & C. R. R. Can work every foot of the land by machinery; all second bottom land; comfortable improvements, good water, &c. This property is located in what might be called the Garden of Eastern Ohio. Land around this sells for $100 per acre. Cannot fail to please a good farmer. Terms easy. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, No. 139 Fourth avenue. oct

FOR SALE.—SHOP ON NORTH AVENUE, ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.—The building 38x70 feet is being used by Jas. Godfrey & Co. as a manufacturing establishment. One of the members of the firm wishing to retire from business on account of poor health, we have decided to close out this part of the business at a bargain. Also good will of Steam Power (5 to 10 horse power) tools and machinery; would make a good wagon maker shop; lot 60x100 feet, on 5 year lease. For further particulars inquire at No. 44 Ohio street, Allegheny, Pa.

FOR SALE—10 ACRES, LESS or more, in Plum township, Allegheny conty. Allegheny Valley R. R. runs through it. Two hundred yards from station. Frame house of six rooms, and good stable, and all other necessary out-buildings; orchard of 100 bearing fruit trees, of all kinds; good garden, grape arbor, and gooseberries and currants; $25 000 worth of rock, quarry opened; will suit for residences or manufacturing establishments; coal under entire place; good indications of oil; deepest water and best landing on the river; all well fenced. Inquire of A. B. KERR, on the premises.

FOR SALE.

HOUSE AND LOT, No. 54 James street; House, new frame, contains 7 rooms and store room; also Frame Shop on rear of lot; shop 17x28 feet; the lot is 20 by 100 feet; is a splendid place for a grocer, baker or butcher; will be sold cheap.

2 HOUSES AND LOTS fronting on Pleasant Valley P. R. R.; houses each contain 5 rooms; lots are 17 by 200 feet

2 Houses and Lots on Fleming street; 4 lots on Robinson Road, Seventh Ward

HOUSE AND LOT in Salem, Ohio; 6 acres of ground in Reserve township; 2 lots on Freemont street. Other Houses and Lots in good localities. Inquire of

M. WHITMORE,
Real Estate Agent, corner Ohio and Sandusky street, Allegheny.

PERSONAL.—All persons seeking HOMES, or investments in Real Estate, will save time, trouble and money by procuring a copy of the "PITTSBURGH REAL ESTATE REGISTER." It is given away GRATIS or will be sent by mail FREE to any requesting it. Persons cannot fail to get suited out of the large list it contains. CROFT & PHILLIPS, Publishers and Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN.—$20 000 to loan on Bond and Mortgage in large or small amounts,

THOMAS K. PETTY,
Bill, Bond and Real Estate Broker,
No. 179 Smithfield street.

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PITTSBURGH

STEEL WORKS.

ESTABLISHED IN 1845.

ANDERSON & WOODS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

BEST REFINED CAST STEEL

Of every description. Also, best

Refined German Plow and Spring Steel.

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SPECIAL PARTNER—S. M. KIER,

CRESCENT STEEL WORKS,

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN,

OFFICE, No. 339 Liberty Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

fe14:d48

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Manufacturers of

IRON, NAILS, STEEL,

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FLAT BAR, ROUND AND SQUARE IRON, BAND, HOOP, SHEET AND TANK IRON, BOILER PLATES AND HEADS, GUARD IRON, DRAG and DROPPER BARS, FLANGES, CUTTER BARS, CYLINDER IRON, T AND FLAT RAIL, for Coal Roads, CROWBARS, WEDGES & HARROW TEETH, SPRING, PLOW AND CULTIVATOR STEEL, STEEL WINGS AND MOULDS cut to pattern, STEEL TIRES, STEEL SHAFTING, A. B. STEEL, COACH, BUGGY and WAGON SPRINGS and AXLES, CUT NAILS AND SPIKES.

All Goods First Class and Warranted.

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Fifteenth Street and Allegheny River, and 77 Water Street, Pittsburgh.

ap9

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Manufacturers of every description of

CAST AND GERMAN STEEL,

RAILWAY SPRINGS, SLEIGH AND PLATFORM SPRINGS, AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c., &c

Warehouse, 83 Water and 100 First Sts.

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STEEL WORKS.

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Manufacturers of all descriptions of

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HENRY BIER.....GUSTAVUS BASCH.

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SUCCESSORS TO

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MADE PROMPTLY TO ORDER.

Malleable and Grey Iron Fittings,

GAS PIPE AND TUBING,

THROTTLE, SAFETY AND CHECK VALVES,

ALL GLOBE PATTERN.

IRON COCKS,

Brass Work of every description for Steam, Water and Oil.

MANUFACTURERS OF J. M. COOPER & CO'S

Improved Balance-Wheel Steam Pump.

Agents for Dreyfus' Patent Oilers, the best in the Market.

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Corner Liberty street and Third Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.,

BRASS FOUNDERS AND IRON PIPE FITTERS,

And AGENTS for A. S. CAMERON & CO'S STEAM PUMPS AND BLOWERS.

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ELLERSHAUSEN PROCESS.

The Trustees are now prepared to grant licenses for the use of the ELLERSHAUSEN PROCESS.

The superior quality imparted to good iron, the great improvement in inferior iron, and the reduced cost, commend it to all manufacturers of iron.

Parties wishing to use it can obtain licenses by applying to

JAMES P. SPEER

Attorney for the Trustees,

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Parties interested are invited to visit the SHOENBERGER WORKS, where the process is now in successful operation. fe8:d87

EMERSON, PRESTON & CO.,

Pennsylvania Iron Works.

Warehouse, Nos. 166 and 167 FIRST STREET, opposite Monongahela House,

ap24:d8 PITTSBURGH

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NOVELTY WORKS.

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Engine Builders, Founders and Machinists

Manufacture STEAMBOAT ENGINES and STATIONARY ENGINES, of all sizes.

Special attention invited to our new STATIONARY OIL WELL ENGINE AND PORTABLE BOILER, of 15-horsepower.

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RIGS for Oil Wells, SHAFTING, PULLEYS, HANGERS, HOUSE and TOBACCO SCREWS and IRON TOBACCO PRESSES, on hand and made to order, at the

INDUSTRIAL WORKS,

Fronting on the Allegheny River, near the Point,

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All orders promptly filled. Try us.

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BOILER, STILL AND TANK WORKS.

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MANUFACTURERS OF

TUBULAR, DOUBLE-FLUED TUBULAR, FIRE-BOX AND CYLINDER STEAM BOILERS.

OIL STILLS AND OIL TANKS.

CHIMNEYS, BREECHING AND ASH PANS, SETTLING PANS, SALT PANS AND CONDENSERS;

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PRISON DOORS AND COAL SHUTES

Office and Warehouse, corner Second, Third, Short and Liberty Streets,

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Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of Barnhill's Patent Boilers.

Repairing done on shortest notice. ja5:c81

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JARED M. BRUSH & SON,

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SHEET IRON WORK, &C.

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NO. 30 WOOD STREET,

Manufacturers of the greatest variety of

Cook, Parlor and Heating Stoves,

TO BE FOUND.

In our assortment will be found all the LATEST PATTERNS AND IMPROVEMENTS, and the reputation of our Stoves is such that any one in want of a good article should purchase none but those manufactured by us, as they will be found the most durable as well as economical. Would call particular attention to our new VOLCANO STOVE, for churches, halls and stores. Over 500 sold in three months. Intended for with or without casing. All who have used them pronounce them superior to any other and far cheaper.

Send for Catalogue and Price List. je30

GRAFF, HUGUS & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF EVERY VARIETY OF

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BOSTON COOKING RANGE,

"THE FIERY FURNACE,"

FOR WARMING BUILDINGS.

THE NEW ANTI-DUST COOKING STOVE, "REGULATOR," COLUMBIA COOK STOVE, VAN'S (Cincinnati Pattern) PORTABLE RANGE CAST IRON MANTLES, WELLMAN'S REFLECTOR GRATES, free from dirt and dust; GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS, &c.

206 and 208 Liberty Street,

se25:y17 PITTSBURGH, PA.

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GET THE BEST.

BISSELL & CO.'S

TRIUMPH,

FOR BITUMINOUS COAL.

Warranted to Cook, Bake or Roast as well as any other Stove in the Union.

BISSELL & CO.,

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Also on hand and for sale, PARLOR STOVES, HEATING STOVES, GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS, COOKING RANGES, &c.

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TO BUILDERS!

500,000 feet Dry Pine Boards.
150,000 feet 1¼ inch Clear Plank;
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25,000 feet Dry 1 and 2 inch Oak;
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10,000 feet Dry Poplar Scantling;
10,000 feet Dry Yellow Pine Boards;
100,000 feet Hemlock Scantling.
303,000 feet No. 1 18 inch Saginaw Shingles.
200,000 No. 1 16-inch Shingles, sawed;
50,000 No. 1 16-inch Shingles, shaved;
50,000 Fire Brick;
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100 Tons Fire Clay;

Also, Saw Mill Lumber, Locust and Cedar Posts, and all articles in the line on hand and for sale by ALEXANDER PATTERSON, Yards—No. 157 Rebecca street and corner of Preble and Juniata streets, Sixth ward, Allegheny, late borough of Manchester, ap:6

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NEW GOODS.

FINE VASES,

BOHEMIAN AND CHINA.

NEW STYLES, DINNER SETS, TEA SETS, GIFT CUPS, SMOKING SETS,

A large stock of

SILVER PLATED GOODS

of all descriptions.

Call and examine our goods, and we feel satisfied no one need fail to be suited.

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MONONGAHELA FOUNDRY,

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Manufacturers of IRON HOUSE FRONTS, WINDOW LINTELS and SILLS, and

Castings of all Descriptions.

Special attention paid to ARCHITECTURAL CASTINGS and to Castings for Window Glass Houses, &c.

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FOUNDRY COMPANY.

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Engines, Rolling Mill Machinery, Nail Machines, Retorts, and Castings generally.

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Corner Carroll and Smallman Streets,

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WILLIAM SMITH,

Manufacturer of

CAST IRON BOWL PIPE

FOR GAS AND WATER WORKS.

My Pipes are all cast invariably in Pits, in dry sand, and 12 feet lengths. Also, full assortment of general

Castings for Gas and Water Works.

I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

DUQUESNE FORGE.

WILLIAM MILLER,

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Has facilities co-extensive with the leading Forges in the East, and is prepared to promptly and satisfactorily fill all orders for STEAMBOAT SHAFTS, CRANKS, PISTON RODS, LEVERS, PITMAN JAWS, WRISTS, RAILROAD AXLES, LOCOMOTIVE FRAMES, together with every description of SHAPE WORK. Office and Forge, Corner of Duquesne Way and First Street.

ap14:n40

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Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.

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Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding Boilers. ja11:n82

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DIAMOND OIL WORKS,

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Office, DALZELL BUILDING,

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Commission Merchants and Brokers in

Petroleum and its Products,

DALZELL'S BLOCK, DUQUESNE WAY,

PHILADELPHIA ADDRESS,

Room 17, Chamber of Commerce,

133 SOUTH SECOND STREET.

ap10

TACK BROTHERS,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

Petroleum and its Products,

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Philadelphia Office—137 WALNUT ST.

ap1:w20

ECLIPSE PETROLEUM REFINERY.

HERBERT W. C. TWEDDLE,

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Lubricating & High Test Burning Oils.

Eclipse Railroad Axle Oil.
Stands great heat without change; remains limpid at lowest temperatures. Special Oil for tropical climates or hot weather.
Locomotive, Engine, Machine Shop,
Will cut Screws,
Saw Mill and Planing Mill Oils,
Adapted for high speed.
Spindle Oil, Wool Head-Light Oil, Oil, Tanners' Stuffing & Finishing Oil, Gasoline, Harness Oil. Benzole, Parraffine.

ARMOR VARNISH, to preserve Bright Iron Work and Machinery from Rust.

These products are manufactured under Dr. Tweddle's patent by superheated Steam in Vacuo. The Lubricating Oils are almost odorless, perfectly pure, uniform, and mostly light colored, stand a high temperature unchanged, and remain limpid during extreme cold. The Railroad Oils are unequalled, and are in constant use on many of the principal Railroads. Samples can be examined and orders left at 174 WOOD STREET, Works at Sharpsburg Bridge.

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WEST COMMON

Machine Stone Works,

Northwest corner of West Common, Allegheny.

FRED'K ATWATER & CO.

Have on hand or prepare on short notice Hearth and Step Stones, Flags for Sidewalks, Brewery Vaults, &c. Head and Tomb Stones, &c.

Orders promptly executed. Prices reasonable

FINANCIAL.

AMERICAN BANK,

NO. 80 FOURTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH.

CASH CAPITAL - - - - - $200.000

Stockholders Individually Liable.

BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.

JOHN FLOYD, President. WM. FLOYD, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

Thos. M. Marshall, Wm. T. Shannon, James W. Arrott, Chas. B. Leech, John Floyd, John M. Murtland, Archibald Wallace, Jas. D. Kelly, Wm. Floyd.

This Bank is now fully organized and prepared to do a general Banking business. je10:43

FIFTH AVENUE BANK

Of Pittsburgh,

Is now open for Discount, Deposit and General Banking Business.

Any sum received from One Dollar upwards.

Interest at the rate of six per cent. paid on time deposits.

DIRECTORS:

ED. DITHRIDGE, W. H. SIMS, W. C. ROBERTSON, DAN. KINZER, W. P. WEYMAN, FRANK SIEBERT, HENRY MEYER, D. M. ARMOR, EMIL POERSTEL.

ED. DITHRIDGE, President.

F. F. SCHENCK, Cashier.

CITY BANK.

112 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

CAPITAL, $100,000.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE

Bought and sold, and when desired remitted to Europe. Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canada.

DOMINICK IHMSEN, President.
JAMES McCABE, Vice President.
W. N. MORGAN, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

D. Ihmsen, Thomas Rourke, J. Dunlevy, Jr., Patrick Kane, Chas. B. Barr, Jno. Jos. Hermann, James McCabe, Hugh Keating, Terence Campbell, James Phelan, H. A. Freyvogle, Thomas Barnes,

Je1:k5 JOS. M. GAZZAM, Solicitor.

THE

SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY

Of Pittsburgh.

Incorporated by the Legislature of Pennsylvania, January 24, 1867. For the safe-keeping of Bonds and other Securities, Gold and Silver, Silver Plate, Books, Records, Diamonds and Valuables of all descriptions, under guarantee, and for the renting of Safes in its burglar-proof vaults. Building and Office:

No. 83 FOURTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

PRESIDENT—WILLIAM PHILLIPS.
VICE PRESIDENT—HENRY LLOYD.

DIRECTORS:

WM. PHILLIPS, HENRY LLOYD, WILLIAM REA, WILLIAM M. LYON, JAMES L. BENNETT, BYRON D. PAINTER, JOS. MORRISON, GEORGE BLACK, CURTIS G. HUSSEY.

SECRETARY AND TREASURER: S. F. VON BONNHORST

au28:n67

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

Corner Third and Wood Streets,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

(SUCCESSORS TO HANNA, HART & CO.,)

DEALERS IN

Exchange, Coin, Coupons,

And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

COVERNMENT BONDS.

Sight Drafts on London.

my1:n82

PACIFIC RAILWAY GOLD LOAN.

Messrs. DABNEY, MORGAN & CO., 53 Exchange Place, and M. K. JESUP & CO., 12 Pine Street, N. Y., offer for sale the Bonds of the Kansas Pacific Railway. These Bonds pay seven per cent. in Gold; have thirty years to run; are Free from Government Taxation; are secured by a Land Grant of Three Million Acres of the Finest Lands in Kansas and Colorado. In addition to this special grant the Company also owns Three Millions of Acres in Kansas, which are being rapidly sold to develop the country and improve the road. They are a first mortgage upon the extension of the road from Sheridan, Kansas, to Denver, Colorado. The road in operation, 437 miles long, upon which it is also a mortgage, NOW EARNS MORE THAN ENOUGH NET INCOME TO PAY THE INTEREST ON THE NEW LOAN. There is no better security in the market—this being in some respects better than Government Securities. PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAYABLE IN GOLD. Price 96, and accrued Interest, in Currency. Pamphlets, Maps and Circulars furnished on application.

s au10]

FINANCIAL.

GOLD,

SILVER AND COUPONS

Bought at Highest Prices.

PH. R. MERTZ, Banker

Cor. Wood and Fifth Streets.

my6

N. HOLMES & SONS,

BANKERS,

57 Market Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

Stocks, Bonds and other Securities

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

United States Securities.

ja30:81

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

(Successors to S. JONES & CO.,)

Corner Fourth and Wood Sts.,

BANKERS,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

Money loaned on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.

Orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, Sept. 30, 1869.

The worst seems to be over in the gold and stock operation of the Wall street magnates and many a house that was worth millions a week ago is now either crippled or perhaps bankrupt. Happily the losses fall principally on Wall street operators or their rich friends in the interior who are able to bear them.

In gold the transactions have been very limited, and were principally confined to the National stock exchange; the gold board was embarrassed by injunctions to sell out the gold of parties not complying with the rules of that body. What the effect will be on stocks should they be sold out under the usual rules is difficult to foresee. Well informed parties do not yet believe in the present quotations, and look upon the advance to-day as a more temporary rise, which will be followed by rapid realizations, and a further heavy decline until prices have been reached conforming to the future currency value of gold.

As for gold there is but one opinion, and that is in favor of a lower premium, even for the next few days lower quotations are expected from National causes, approaching, perhaps, 125 to 127. What would arrest the downward course, would be an interferance by parties who are now holders of gold at about 135, and stocks which they must try to keep up until they have distributed them more evenly.

Government bonds were much depressed early to-day, but have recovered under heavy covering purchases, and partly for investments, but lower gold means lower quotations for bonds and a general decline in all values not only of stocks and bonds, but of merchandise, rent of property and of labor. A Stagnation of business will probably force the two last quicker than anybody has an idea.

Quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz: Gold, 129¾; Silver, 125; Eighty-one's, 118½; Five Twenties, 1862, 119¾; do 1864, 118¼; do 1865, 119; do 1865, Consols, 118; do 1867, 117½; do 1868, 118; Ten Forties, 108¾; New York Central, 168¾; Erie, 131½; Reading, 93¼; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad, 81½; Ohio & Mississippi, 126¼; Michigan Southern, 82¼; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 93; Chicago & Rock Island, 106¾; Chicago & North Western, 70; Chicago & North Western Preferred, 83½; Adams Express Company, 51¾; Merchants Union Express, —; Pacific Mail, —; Western Union Telegraph Company, 35¾; American Express Company 31.

EXCHANGE,	*Large.*	*Small.*
London, per £	$6,59	$6,70
Paris, per franc	26½	28
Berlin, thaler	96¼	98¼
Frankfort, florins	56½	58¼

—Closing quotations received by James T. Brady & Co. Gold: 131½; United States Sixes, 1881, 117¾; Five-Twenties; 1862, 119; do. 1864, 118¾; do. 1865, 118¾; Ten-Forties, 108¾; Five-Twenties, January and July, 1865, 116¾; do. do. 1867, 117; do. do. 1868, 116⅝; Due Compounds, —; Union Pacific Railroad, 86; Central do, do, 99; Cy. Pacific, 106⅜; Lake Superiors, 96.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, September 30, 1869.

Money active at 7 per cent gold, with ¼ to 1 per cent. commission per day. The banks were, however, lending more liberally to-day, and many bankers and brokers report considerable receipts of currency from the interior to buy stocks. Sterling declined to 8 for prime.

Gold lower, opening at 131⅞, advancing to 132 and closing at 129½@134. The transactions in the Gold Room and Stock Exchange itself were merely nominal, loans made flat. The bids for Government gold to day amounted to $2,332,000, at 128@131 15-100. $1,000,000 was awarded at 130 13-100@131 15-100.

Governments firm. Coupons, of 1881, 118¾@9; do. '62, 119¾@120; do 64, 118¾@119; do. 65, 119@119¼; do new 117¼@117¾; do. 67, 117¼@117½; do. '68, 117¾@117⅞. 10-40s, 108@108¾. Pacifics, 6¾@7.

State bonds higher, particularly North Carolinas. Missouris, 87½; old Tennessees, 60; new do., 52; North Carolinas, 49½; new do., 43.

The stock market at the close was not up to the highest point of the day, but there was a steady and more settled feeling. The great feature of the day was New York Central, which advanced from 158 to 170, and closed at 166. Hudson sold at 155 against 129 yesterday. The average improvement on the remainder of the list has been equal to 2@5 per cent.

The *Commercial* says: Various rumors have been circulated respecting the insolvency of the Lake Shore Railroad Co's finances with Lockwood & Co's failure, and insinuations are made that the coupons due to-morrow will not be paid. We learn on good authority that the Lake Shore Co. owes Lockwood & Co. about $600,000 against a collateral of $1,000,000 stock of Toledo & Wabash Railroad Co. Advertisements will be issued to-night, announcing coupons will be paid to-morrow at the Bank of New York. The Secretary to-day received $100,000, and expects to-morrow $100,000 to provide payment of the coupons. We understand that Legrand Lockwood agrees to resign in favor J. H. Banker. At the close of the market good houses were free buyers, and prices had an upward tendency.

Canton, 54; Cumberland, 25; Western Union Telegraph, 35¾; Quicksilver, 12; Mariposo, 8; do. preferred, 15½; Pacific Mail, 61¼; Adams Express, 51½; Wells & Fargo, 17¼; American, 31; United States, 50; New York Central, 166; Harlem, 126; Hudson, 150½; Reading, 92¼; Erie, 32¼; do. preferred, 55; Michigan Central, 118; Michigan Southern, 81¼; Illinois Central, 133; Pittsburgh, 90; Northwestern, 68¾; do. preferred, 83; Cincinnati, Cleveland & Columbus, 74; Rock Island, 107¾; St. Paul, 60; do. preferred, 78; Wabash, 55¼; Ft. Wayne, 81¼; Terre Haute, 30; do. preferred, 56; Chicago & Alton, 145; do. preferred, 144; Ohio & Mississippi, 26½; St. Joe, 107; C. C. & I. C., 25; Dubuque, 105.

Mining shares dull.

Coppers at Boston: Copper Falls, 7; Franklin, 18; Hecla, 70.

Sub-Treasury balance $893,643 91.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, Sept. 30, 1869.

The oil market, to use a common expression, closed last night and opened very sick this morning, spot refined having declined to a point that has not been touched for a month or two past; this afternoon, however, it having been pretty well ascertained that, for the time being at least, the bottom had been touched, there was an improved demand, and as a material consequence, prices began to advance, and at 4 P. M. there appeared to be more buyers than sellers even at the improvement. The bull interest have strong hopes now that the worst is over, that the market during the incoming month is destined to be in their favor, and while they do not expect any very great advance, they do expect that prices will be considerably higher than at present.

In the flurry attending the excitement in the east during the past week or two, the fact that there is a large amount of oil being shipped west and south has been overlooked. The steamer Bellevernon, which left for New Orleans this afternoon, took out 1,000 cases and 185 barrels, shipped by Livingston Bro; and 250 bbls shipped by Samuel Richardson. Large shipments are also being made almost daily by rail, and from this it would seem that Cleveland has not entirely monopolized the southern and western trade, as many have been led to believe. The unsatisfactory condition of affairs in the east has led many of our refiners and dealers to turn their attention south and westward, and there seems to be no good reason why Pittsburgh cannot successfully compete with Cleveland.

CRUDE.

The Crude market closed somewhat stronger this evening, under the influence of several sales of seller options at better prices than was generally supposed could have been realized, and with an improved demand both for present and future deliveries, the feeling to sell was not as pressing as it was yesterday. We can report sales in three lots of 7,500 bbls, seller option all 1869, 5,000 at 14½ and 2,500 at 14¾. Spot quoted at 14⅜@14¾, and the same figures will apply to seller October.

REFINED.

Sales 1,000 spot at 30⅝; 500 do at 31; 1,000 October at 32⅛, and 500 do at 32¼. Compared with yesterday, spot oil is ¾@1 better while futures, although stronger, remain unchanged.

LUBRICATING OILS.

Eclipse Winter Lubricating oil	40c
Eclipse Railroad Axle	35c
Eclipse Machinery	75c
Eclipse Spindle	80c

RECEIPTS OF CRUDE OIL BY A. V. R. R.

Citizen Refining Co. 160, an account Owston & Sowers; Jas Wilkins 240; Fisher Bro. 700; Waring, King & Co. 160, on account Pool Bro; Liberty Oil Works 480, on account J J Vandergrift; Pennock & Beeson 160, on account Owston & Sowers; Chrystal Oil Works 80, on account Owston & Sowers; Standard Oil Works 480, on account Owstin & Sowers.

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Keystone Oil Works 150 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Fawcett, L. & S. 147 bbls refined to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Fulton, M. & Co., 251 bbls refined to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Pennock & Beeson, 55 bbls ref. oil to G. W. White, Harriburg.

Montzheimer, Koehler & Co. 50 bbls ref. to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Forsyth & Bro., 102 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Total..... 755 bbls.

OIL SHIPPED EAST AT DUQUESNE DEPOT.

Hutchison Oil & Refining Co., 50 bbls to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Live Stock Market.

CHICAGO, September 30.—Cattle market quiet and unchanged sales at $3,75@4 50 for fair to good Cows; $5@5,35 for light and $6,87½@7 for good shipping steers. Hogs steady and firm at $8,50@9,50 for common, $9,25@9,35 for fair to medium, and $9,65@10,25 for good to choice.

CINCINNATI, September 30.—Hogs are in good demand; shippers pay 8 to $9, and butchers $9,75@10. Beef cattle are dull, but the prices are unchanged.

Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, September 30.—The market is comparatively inert, owing to the stringency and panic in monetary circles, but prices are nevertheless without material alteration.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

For the Pittsburgh Gazette.

GRAND RAPIDS AND INDIANA RAILROAD.

Having sketched the country through which the Grand Rapids and Indiana Railroad passes, a brief sketch of its history, including the "Land Grant by Congress," will not be uninteresting.

HISTORY—LAND GRANT.

This railroad company was organized in 1857 by the consolidation of three companies, covering substantially the same route. A land grant, originally bestowed upon that portion reaching from Grand Rapids to Traverse Bay, was subsequently extended from Grand Rapids to Fort Wayne, making the distance three hundred and twenty and a half miles, to which aid has been extended at the rate of three thousand eight hundred and forty acres per mile, making one million two hundred and thirty thousand seven hundred and twenty acres of land. The company were permitted to select these lands in alternate sections for twenty miles on each side of the line of their road, to make up for the deficiency of public lands upon the Southern portion of the line of the road.

LOCAL SUBSCRIPTIONS.

In addition to the munificent land grant of more than one million acres of land, the subscriptions by cities, villages, counties, &c., including individuals, amounted to near three quarters of a million of dollars. With all these resources at command, this great work languished for twelve long years.

WORK ACCOMPLISHED.

Spasmodic efforts from time to time down to 1869, had completed twenty miles of track north from Grand Rapids and about 60 per cent. of the grading south from that place had been made, and about 50 per cent. of bridging, ties, &c., furnished, which are now in good order. Ties and timber furnished twelve years before, had rotted in their places or had been carried off by inhabitants along the line of the road.

CITIZENS DISCOURAGED.

Repeated promises and successive failures on the part of the managers of the road had discouraged and completely disgusted all who lived along the route of the road and all who were in any way interested in its completion. The company was deeply involved, unable to meet just and equitable claims, and pressed and harrassed by demands which they claimed were neither just nor equitable, but positively fraudulent. Bonds were upon the market claimed to have been illegally, if not fraudulently, issued, and the condition of the road appeared to be hopeless beyond relief. So little vitality did the company possess, that an individual living on the line of the road boldly carried off some six thousand cross ties, which had been paid for by this company, and disposed of them to another.

ANOTHER RAILROAD.

In the meanwhile an individual possessed of enterprise and energy, devised and accomplished the construction of a road reaching northward from Kalamazoo to Grand Rapids and Southward from Kalamazoo to White Pigeon, on the Michigan Southern Railroad.

AFTER THE LAND GRANT.

It is said that Mr. Gardiner, the projector and builder of the roads, hoped to fall heir to the lands above described, which would become forfeited to the State of Michigan unless twenty miles more of road were completed before July first, of the current year (1869). The case seemed hopeless, it seemed beyond the power of the company to go further, hopeless insolvency and the loss of the entire land grant seemed inevitable.

RECEIVER APPOINTED.

At the request of some of the holders of securities of the company, Jesse L. Williams, Esq., well and favorably known as a Government Director on the Union Pacific Railway, and as a Director for many years upon the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway, was appointed Receiver by the Court, and directed to complete the second twenty miles north from Grand Rapids, in order to save the land grant and the charter of the railroad.

THE CONTINENTAL IMPROVEMENT COMPANY.

About this time the railroad company contracted with the Continental Improvement Company to finish their road. This is a company organized under the laws of the State of New York, of which General George W. Cass is President and Colonel Thomas A. Scott and William Thaw, Esq., are Directors.

A GREAT FEAT.

This company furnished the Receiver with funds, and in less than sixty days the required twenty miles were completed, and the work has since been accepted by Governor Baldwin, as having complied with the requirements of the law. The Receiver was ably assisted by John L. Shaw, Esq., Superintendent and Engineer, by. E. B. Talcott, Esq., Engineer, and by J. Zimmerman and M. Talcott, contractors. With the exception of the work on the Union Pacific road, where much more ample provision was made for the purpose, the rapidity with which this work was carried on to completion has no parallel in the annals of railroad engineering. The line of the railroad from Fort Wayne to Sturgis is now under contract, and by July 1st, 1870, will be completed to that point, as well as to sixty miles north from Grand Rapids.

Thus it will be seen that a great improvement, that will not only be of great worth to two great States directly interested, but to the railroad and commercial interests of the country generally, will be largely indebted for its ultimate completion to Pittsburgh enterprise and sagacity. This work directly interests the business of this city, as a concluding article will abundantly prove. D. H. W.

ACCIDENTS from machinery in factories, in England, during the six months ending April 30th, 1869, amounted in number to 3061, of which 53 were fatal. The total number of accidents, whether from machinery or other causes, amounted to 8177. With this large number of casualties, only 430 informations against owners were laid, and 177 of these were withdrawn on payment of costs. The convictions were 265, and the fines inflicted amounted to $2,110.

Maximilian and Juarez.

Appleton's Magazine contains some interesting incidents from Princess Salm Salm's Diary, written while in Mexico. Here is one concerning the closing hours of Maximilian:

The princess, on account of the important part she had taken in the plan to save the live of Maximilian, was sent to San Luis Potosi as a prisoner. There she made another last effort to obtain the pardon of President Juarez for the condemned. She says:

"The last day before the execution had come; the next morning the emperor was to be shot. Although I had little hope, still I determined to make one more effort to move the heart of the man who alone had the power to prevent the terrible tragedy. The pale, melancholy face of him whose clear-blue eyes had inspired with compassion even the Indian Palacios, was ever before me.

"It was eight o'clock in the evening when I went to the President, who immediately received me. He was pale, and looked careworn. With trembling lips I pleaded for the life of the Emperor, or at least for a respite. He said he could not even grant a respite, that it would only prolong the Emperor's agony, and that he must die the next morning.

"When I heard these terrible words I was wild with grief. I trembled in every limb, and, sobbing, I fell on my knees, and pleaded with words that came warm from the heart. The President sought to raise me, but I clung to his knees, and would not rise till he had granted my prayer; I thought I must move him to compassion. I saw he was deeply moved; he, as well as Senor Iglesia, who was present, could not restrain his tears. He said to me, in a sad tremulous tone: 'It pains me, madame, to see you thus on your knees before me, but, if all the kings and queens of Europe were prostrate before me, I could not save his life. I do not take it; it is the law, the people demand it, not I. If I failed to do the will of the people, my life would be the penalty.'

"'Oh,'" I cried, in my despair, "if blood must flow, take my life, the life of a useless woman, and spare that of a man who may do so much good in another country!"

"All was in vain. The President raised me to my feet, and again assured me that the life of my husband should be spared. He said he was very seriously compromised, and would certainly be condemned to death, but that, as I had gained his esteem and admiration by my efforts in behalf of Maximilian and my husband, he would grant my petition so far as he could. He would pardon my husband, and was grieved that he could do no more. I thanked him, and went.

"In the ante-room I found more than two hundred ladies of San Luis, who had come to plead for the lives of the three condemned men. They were admitted, but their prayers were of no more avail than mine.

"Later, Madame Miramon came, leading her two children. The president could not refuse to see her. Senor Iglesa told me it was a heart rending scene to see this poor woman and her innocent little ones plead for the life of husband and father. The President, he said, suffered terribly in these interviews to think that stern necessity compelled him to take the life of the noble Maximilian and his two 'brothers,' but he could not do otherwise.

"Madame Miramon fainted and was carried out of the room.

"I could not close my eyes that night, some hours of which I passed in the church with a number of ladies of our party, praying.

"In the course of the morning, the telegraph announced the sad intelligence that the executions had taken place and—that all was over."

The Statistics of Immigration.

Official returns of passengers arriving in the United States during the quarter ending with June 30, 1869, show an extraordinary increase.

The whole number arrived was 177,582, of whom 111,674 were males and 65,908 females. Of these 7,982 were citizens of the United States, 5,451 being males, 2,531 females; also 3,613 foreigners not intending to remain in the United States, of whom 2,560 were males, 1,053 females, making an aggregate of 11,595 passengers not immigrants. The total number of immigrants was 165,987, of whom there were under fifteen years of age 18,633 males, 17,512 females; between fifteen and forty, 74,492 males, 37,901 females; of forty years of age and upward, 10,538 males, 6,911 females; making a total of 103,663 males and 62,324 females.

The occupation of immigrants were as follows: Clergymen, 60; physicians, 65; artists, 58; mechanics, (of trades not specified,) 5,559; bakers, 333; butchers, 233; seamstresses, 74; shoemakers, 733; tailors, 756; masons, 1,058; of miscellaneous trades, 1,518; clerks, 560; farmers, 16,553; laborers, 46,255; traders, 1,943; miners, 3,108; mariners, 486; servants, 5,699; of other specified occupations, 763; 56 whose occupations are not specified, and 80,132 without occupation, being women and children.

These 165,987 immigrants arrived from the following countries:

Great Britain, 33,574; Ireland, 26,138; Germany, Austria, and Prussia, 50,999; Norway Sweden, and Denmark, 20,169; Switzerland 1,680; France, 153; Spain and Portugal, 38; Italy, 105; other South European States, 1,742; other European States, 2,780; China and Japan, 5,984; British North American Provinces, 3,128; Mexico, 68; West Indies, 506; country not stated, 18,923.

First Declaration of Independence.

In the churchyard at Concord, N. H., the following epitaph appears over the remains of a slave. The man who conceived this epitaph lived in advance of his time. Who knows but the unknown composer of this epitaph had a hand in framing *the* Declaration of Independence in three years after? Or was in the spirit of Revolution?

"God wills us free; man wills us slaves.
I will as God wills; God's will be done."
Here lies the body of
JOHN JACK.
A native of Africa, who died
March, 1773, aged about 60 years.
Though born in a land of slavery,
He was born free;
Though he lived in a land of liberty,
He lived a slave,
Till by honest, though stolen labor,
He acquired the source of slavery,
Which gives him his freedom.
Though not long before
Death the grand tyrant
Gave him his final emancipation,
And put him on a footing with kings.
Though a slave to vice,
He practiced those virtues
Without which kings are but slaves.
This has been called the first and original Declaration of Independence.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ **SCHENCK'S PULMONIC** SYRUP, SEAWEED TONIC AND MANDRAKE PILLS will cure Consumption, Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, if taken according to directions. They are all three to be taken at the same time. They cleanse the stomach, relax the livor and put it to work; then the appetite becomes good; the food digests and makes good blood; the patient begins to grow in flesh; the diseased matter ripens into the lungs, and the patient outgrows the disease and gets well. This is the only way to cure consumption.

To these three medicines Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philadelphia, owes his unrivaled success in the treatment of pulmonary Consumption. The Pulmonic Syrup ripens the morbid matter in the lungs, nature throws it off by an easy expectoration, for when the phlegm or matter is ripe a slight cough will throw it off, and the patient has rest and the lungs begin to heal.

To do this, the Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills must be freely used to cleanse the stomach and liver, so that the Pulmonic Syrup and the food will make good blood.

Schenck's Mandrake Pills act upon the liver, removing all obstructions, relax the ducts of the gall bladder, the bile starts freely, and the liver is soon relieved; the stools will show what the Pills can do; nothing has ever been invented except calomel (a deadly poison when is very dangerous to use unless with great caution) that will unlock the gall bladder and start the secretions of the liver like Schenck's Mandrake Pills.

Liver Complaint is one of the most prominent causes of Consumption.

Schenck's Seaweed Tonic is a gentle stimulant and alterative, and the alkali in the Seaweed, which this preparation is made of, assists the stomach to throw out the gastric juice to dissolve the food with the Pulmonic Syrup, and if is made into good blood without fermentation or souring in the stomach.

The great reason why physicians do not cure Consumption is, they try to do too much; they give medicine to stop the cough, to stop chills, to stop night sweats, hectic fever, and by so doing they derange the whole digestive powers, locking up the secretions, and eventually the patient sinks and dies.

Dr. Schenck, in his treatment, does not try to stop a cough, night sweats, chills or fever. Remove the cause, and they will all stop of their own accord. No one can be cured of Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Canker, Ulcerated Throat, unless the liver and stomach are made healthy.

If a person has consumption, of course the lungs in some way are diseased, either tubercles, abcesses, bronchial irritation, pleura adhesion, or the lungs are a mass of inflammation and fast decaying. In such cases what must be done? It is not only the lungs that are wasting, but it is the whole body. The stomach and liver have lost their power to make blood out of food. Now the only chance is to take Dr. Schenck's three medicines, which will bring up a tone to the stomach, the patient will begin to want food, it will digest easily and make good blood; then the patient begins to gain in flesh, and as soon as the body begins to grow, the lungs commence to heal up, and the patient gets fleshy and well. This is the only way to cure Consumption.

When there is no lung disease and only Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, Schenck's Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills are sufficient, without the Pulmonic Syrup. Take the Mandrake Pills freely in all billious complaints, as they are perfectly harmless.

Dr. Schenck, who has enjoyed uninterrupted health for many years past, and now weighs 245 pounds, was wasted away to a mere skeleton, in the very last stage of Pulmonary Consumption, his physicians having pronounced his case hopeless and left him to his fate. He was cured by the aforesaid medicines, and since his recovery many thousands similarly afflicted have used Dr. Schenck's preparation with the same remarkable success. Full directions accompany each, making it not absolutely necessary to personally see Dr. Schenck, unless patients wish their lungs examined, and for this purpose he is professionally at his Principal Office, Philadelphia, every Saturday, where all letters for advice must be addressed. He is also professionally at No. 32 Bond street, New York, every other Tuesday, and at No. 35 Hanover street, Boston, every other Wednesday. He gives advice free, but for a thorough examination with his Respirometer the price is $5. Office hours at each city from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic each $1.50 per bottle, or $7.50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents a box. For sale by all druggists. my19:l51-d&F

☞ **DOCTOR WHITTIER CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES.** That numerous class of cases resulting from self-abuse, producing unmanliness, nervous debility, irritability, eruptions, seminal emissions, and finally impotency permanently cured. Persons afflicted with delicate, intricate and long standing constitutional complaints are politely invited to call for consultation, which costs nothing. Experience, the best of teachers, has enabled him to perfect remedies at once efficient, safe, permanent, and which in most cases can be used without hindrance to business. Medicines prepared in the establishment, which embraces office, reception and waiting rooms; also, boarding and sleeping apartments for patients requiring daily personal attention, and vapor and chemical baths, thus concentrating the famed mineral springs. No matter who have failed, state your case. Read what he says in his pamphlet of fifty pages, sent to any address for two stamps in sealed envelope. Thousands of cases treated annually, at office and all over the country. Consultation free, personally or by mail. Office No. 9 Wylie street, (near Court House) Pittsburgh, Pa. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Pamphlet sent to any address for *two stamps*. ap2

☞ **BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.**

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world: the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; no remedies like the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful. *black or brown.* Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. my21:y62

☞ **THE HEALING POOL**—ESSAYS FOR YOUNG MEN, who have fallen into vicious habits, and now desire a higher life, and a better MANHOOD, with certain means of relief for the afflicted. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P, Philadelphia, Penna. se25:3m-d&r

BUSINESS CHANGES.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The firm of BOLLMAN, BOYD & BAGALEY was this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be continued by GEORGE W. BOLLMAN and RALPH BAGALEY, under the style and firm name of BOLLMAN & BAGALEY, who are authorized to collect all accounts due and pay all claims against the firm.

GEO. W. BOLLMAN, RALPH BAGALEY,
JOHN D. BOYD, WM. CAMPBELL, JR.

PITTSBURGH, August 21st, 1869.

In retiring from the foundry business we cheerfully recommend our late partners to the further patronage of the public.

JOHN L. BOYD,
WM. CAMPBELL, JR.

PHŒNIX ROLL FOUNDRY,

BOLLMAN & BAGALEY,

Manufacturers of superior CHILL ROLLS, AND ROLLS and PINIONS. Corner Liberty and 24th streets, Pittsburgh. se4:n85

DISSOLUTION.—The partnership heretofore existing between JOHN M. COOPER and HENRY BIER, under the firm name of

JOHN M. COOPER & CO.,

Was dissolved on the

12th Day of August, 1869,

Henry Bier purchasing the interest of John M. Cooper.

Henry Bier settle all the business of the late firm. se21:o63

LIVERY STABLES.

ROBERT H. PATTERSON & CO.,

CORNER OF

Seventh Avenue and Liberty St.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Will on Saturday, July 31st, 1869, and on each succeeding Saturday, hold an Auction Sale of

HORSES, CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, WAGONS,

And everything appertaining to the Horse.

Parties desiring to sell will please leave their notice of consignment on or before Thursday of each week in order for advertising. Prompt attention and good care will be given all Stock left for sale.

JOHN H. STEWART, Auctioneer.

ly28-m66

JOHN H. STEWART.....ROBT. H. PATTERSON.

ROBT. H. PATTERSON & CO.,

LIVERY, SALE AND

COMMISSION STABLES,

COR. SEVENTH AVENUE & LIBERTY ST.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ap26:h4

HYDRAULIC CEMENT.—100 bbls Louisville Hydrulic Cement, for sale by J. B CANFIELD,

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS

Will be received at the office of the undersigned until SATURDAY, October 2d, 9 A. M., for furnishing 350 or Gould's Improved Indirect Radiators, and fitting up the same for warming the new parts of the Allegheny County Jail. Further information given at our office.

se30:cp15 BARR & MOSER.

PROPOSALS

FOR

Lumber, Bricks, Slate, Glass & Copper.

Sealed proposals will be received at this Arsenal until 10 A. M. on TUESDAY, October 5th, 1869, for furnishing

80,000 feet White Pine Flooring, best quality, 1½ by 6 inches by 12, 14, 16 and 18 feet long.

96,000 feet White Pine Sheathing Boards 1½ by 8 inches by 14, 16 and 18 feet long.

95,000 feet White Pine Joists 2½ by 5 inches, and 16 feet long.

20,000 feet White Pine Joists 2½ by 4 inches, and 16 feet long.

All lumber to be of good quality, entirely free from large or loose knots, rau, shakes, splits and rot, and all to be delivered at site of shops at this Arsenal before the close of navigation in 1869.

Proposals will be made per thousand feet, board measure, and will state whether the lumber will be delivered on cars or wagons.

SEALED PROPOSALS will also be received at this Arsenal until 10 A. M. on WEDNESDAY, October 20th, 1869, for furnishing the following materials:

About 1 100,000 Bricks for floor arches.

All bricks must be of the best quality, sound and well burnt. Samples will be furnished with the bids.

Proposals will be made per thousand bricks, delivered at site of shops, at this Arsenal, and will state whether on cars or wagons. Delivery to commence by 1st of May, 1870, and all to be delivered before August 1st, 1870.

ALSO, for furnishing and putting in mortar with copper nails, about 600 squares (of 100 square feet) ROOF SLATING.

The slate must be of the best quality. Samples of different sizes and varieties will be furnished and separate proposals made for each.

Proposals will be made per square (of 100 square feet) of slating exposed when put on the roof, no extra allowance to be made for edges or waste in cutting. The United States to furnish no labor and no material, excepting sand and lime for the mortar.

The roof to be laid so that less than one-third of the length of each slate shall be exposed to the weather, and all laid within sixty days after the roof shall have been made ready for slating.

ALSO FOR GLASS.

800 lights 27 by 13½ inches.
1,400 lights 26½ by 13½ inches.
1,900 lights 26½ by 13½ inches.
350 lights 27 by 13½ inches.
200 lights 25 by 13½ inches.

The glass to be of best quality of window glass, double thickness, clear, out of wind, free from blisters, waves and stains. Samples will be furnished with the proposals.

Separate proposals will be made per 100 lights of each variety, delivered in cars at the site of shops at Rock Island Arsenal, all to be delivered before May 1st, 1870.

ALSO, FOR COPPER GUTTERS AND SPOUTING.

About 1,370 lineal feet of Gutters made of sheets, 4 feet wide.

About 580 lineal feet of Valley Gutters, made of sheets 2 feet 6 inches wide.

About 920 lineal feet of Ridge Cover made of sheets 2 feet wide.

About 760 lineal feet of flashings for gables made of sheets 1 foot 8 inches wide.

About 725 lineal feet of Downspouts 4 inches in diameter.

The copper to be of the best quality, No. 18 (or 24 lbs. per square foot) and to be made up and placed in position in the manner to be prescribed by the Commanding Officer of Rock Island Arsenal. The work to commence with in 10 days after notification that the roof is made ready. Proposals will be made per lineal foot of each variety. The United States to furnish no labor or material.

Persons desirous to make proposals for these materials can see all the drawings and obtain all necessary information by applying at this Arsenal.

The United States reserves the right to reject any or all bids, or parts of bids not deemed satisfactory, and to duplicate within one year any contract that may be made in conformity with this advertisement.

All proposals will be made in duplicate and in detail, addressed to the Commanding Officer, Rock Island Arsenal, and endorsed

"Proposals for furnishing (materials.)"

T. J. RODMAN,
Lt. Colonel Ordnance, Brt. Brig. Gen. U. S. A., Commanding.

Rock Island Arsenal, September 22, 1869.

se29:o90

LEGAL.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY ss:—In the Orphans' Court in and for said county. In the matter of the estate of JOSEPH A. BUTT, dec'd. No 33, September Term, 1869.

And now, to-wit, September 18th, 1869, on motion of Brown & Lamble, Attorneys for accountants, the Court appoints J. E. McKELVY, Esq., Auditor, to audit the account and make distribution of funds in hands of administrator.

BY THE COURT.

(From the Record,)
Attest: A. HILANDS, Clerk.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned Auditor will attend to the duties of the above appointment at his office, No. 91 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa., on WEDNESDAY, the 20th day of October, A. D. 1869, at the hour of 3 o'clock P. M. of said day, at which time and place those interested may attend.

se24:071-F J. E. McKELVY, Auditor.

WHEREAS LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION on the estate of FRANKLIN G. WILLIAMS, have been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will please present in same for settlement, properly authenticated, to the undersigned.

SAM'L A. NEALE,
No 195 Sandusky street, Third ward, Allegheny City. jy24:m61-F

NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of R. ROBISON, dec'd, have been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Allegheny county, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment, and those having claims against the estate are requested to present them for payment without delay.

SAM'L R. ROBISON,
QUINCY A. ROBISON,
se3:n82-F Executors, No. 255 Liberty St.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Whereas, letters testamentary on the estate of ALEX. McCONAGHY, dec'd, late of East Deer township, Allegheny county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned by the Register of said county, all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present them duly authenticated for settlement, and those indebted to said estate will make immediate payment.

WM. V. EVANS, Executor
TARENTUM, Sept. 24, 1869. se25:o74

PROCLAMATION.

City of Allegheny, ss:

I, SIMON DRUM, Mayor in and for the City of Allegheny, do issue this my Proclamation, that on the SECOND TUESDAY OF OCTOBER, A. D. 1869, being the 12th day of the month, the freemen of said city, qualified to vote for members of the House of Representatives of this Commonwealth, will meet at their several places of holding the elections in their respective wards and elect by ballot the following members of Select and Common Councils together with one person to serve as Mayor for two years, and one person to serve as Director of the Poor for three years.

The electors of the First Ward of the City of Allegheny, to meet at the Public School House in said Ward, and elect one member of Select Council and two members of Common Council.

The electors of the Second Ward of the City of Allegheny to meet at the Public School House in said Ward, and elect one member of Select Council and three members of Common Council.

The electors of the Third Ward, of the City of Allegheny, to meet at the Public School House in the first precinct and at the house of George Gerst in the second precinct, in said Ward, and elect one member of Select Council and four members of Common Council.

The electors of the Fourth Ward, City of Allegheny, to meet at the Public School House in the first precinct, and at the house of Mr. Gorton in the second precinct in said Ward, and elect one member of Select Council and four members of Common Council.

The electors of the Fifth ward, City of Allegheny, to meet at the Public School House in said Ward, and elect one member of Select Council and two members of Common Council.

The electors of the Sixth Ward, City of Allegheny, will meet at the house of Lutz & Welz in said ward, and elect one member of Select Council and two members of Common Council.

The electors of the Seventh ward, City of Allegheny, will meet at the house of Lutz & Welz in said ward, and elect one member of Select Council and two members of Common Council.

The electors of the Eighth Ward, City of Allegheny, will meet at the Public School House in said Ward, and elect one member of Select Council and two members of Common Council.

In testimony I have hereunto set my hand and seal of the said City of Allegheny, this 28th day of September, A. D. 1869.

SIMON DRUM, Mayor.

se29:p4

FRESH SHAD RECEIVED daily at BENJAMIN PULPRESS popular Fish Stand, NO. 45 Diamond Market, Pittsburgh, and at the Twin City, Allegheny City, corner of Ohio and Federal streets. Can be had all kinds of Sea and Lake fish, Halibut, Shad, Seak, Codfish, Haddock and Eel. Also, large supplies of White, Lake Fish, Salmon, Bass, Stergeon, Herring and Maclnaw Trout, which enables us to sell at the lowest market prices, wholesale or retail. We invite all lovers of Fresh Fish to give us a call, and we will insure them a treat. mh25

INSURANCE.

THE IRON CITY MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.

Of Pennsylvania.

Office, 75 Federal St., Allegheny City.

DIRECTORS:

Hon. JAMES L. GRAHAM,
Rev. J. B. CLARK, D. D.,
Capt. R. ROBINSON,
Rev. A. K. BELL, D. D.,
Rev. S. H. NESBIT, D. D.,
W. A. REED, Cashier Allegheny Trust Co.
JACOB RUSH, Real Estate Agent,
SIMON DRUM, Mayor of Allegheny,
C. W. BENNY, Hatter.
A. S. BELL, Attorney-at-Law,
D. L. PATTERSON, Lumber Merchant,
D. SWOGER, Insurance Agent.

Capt. ROBT. ROBINSON, President.
Rev. J. B. CLARK, D. D., Vice President,
JACOB RUSH, Secretary,
C. W. BENNY, Treasurer.

M. W. WHITE, MEDICAL ADVISER.

DANIEL SWOGER, Gen'l Agent.

This is a home company, conducted on the mutual principle, each policy holder receiving an equal share of the profits of the Company. Policies will be issued on all the different plans of Life Insurance, and being conducted on an economical basis will afford a safe investment to each policy holder, and thereby retain the money at home to encourage home industry. mh29:y33

CASH INSURANCE COMPANY,

PHELAN'S BUILDING,

No. 22 Fifth Avenue, Second Floor,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Capital All Paid Up.

DIRECTORS.

N. J. Bigley,	H. W. Oliver, jr,	Capt. M. Bailey,
Dan'l Wallace,	S. H. Hartman,	A. Chambers,
Jake Hill,	S. M'Clurkan,	Jas. M. Bailey,
Thomas Smith,	Jno. S. Willock,	

ROBERT H. KING, President.
JNO. F. JENNINGS, Vice President.
JOS. T. JOHNSTON, Secretary.
Capt. R. J. GRACE, Gen'l Agent.

Insures on Liberal Terms on all Fire and Marine Risks.

ap2:g67

BEN FRANKLIN INSURANCE COMPANY, OF ALLEGHENY, PA.

OFFICE IN FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK BUILDINGS,

No. 41 Ohio St., Allegheny.

A HOME COMPANY, managed by Directors well known to the community, who trust by fair dealing to merit a share of your patronage.

HENRY IRWIN.....President.
GEO. D. RIDDLE.....Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

Henry Irwin,	D. L. Patterson,	Wm. Cooper,
Geo. R. Riddle,	Jacob Franz,	Gottlieb Faas,
Simon Drum,	J. B. Smith,	Jacob Rush,
W. M. Stewart,	Ch. P. Whiston,	Joseph Craig,
Jos. Lautner,	H. J. Zinkand,	Jere. Kohen.

R. E. HERON,
GENERAL AGENT.

ap16:o85

PENNSYLVANIA INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTTSBURGH,

OFFICE, No. 167½ WOOD STREET, BANK OF COMMERCE BUILDING.

This is a Home Company, and insures against loss by Fire exclusively.

LEONARD WALTER, President.
C. C. BOYLE, Vice President.
ROBERT PATRICK, Treasurer.
HUGH McELHENY, Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

Leonard Walter,	George Wilson,
C. C. Boyle,	Geo. W. Evans,
Robert Patrick,	J. G. Lappe,
Jacob Painter,	J. C. Fleiner,
Josiah King,	John Voegtley,
Jas. H. Hopkins,	A. Ammon.
Henry Sproul,	

ap6:

INDEMNITY AGAINST LOSS BY FIRE.

FRANKLIN INSURANCE CO. OF PHILADELPHIA,

OFFICE, 435 & 437 CHESTNUT ST., near 5TH.

DIRECTORS.

Charles W. Bancker,	Mordecai H. Lewis,
Tobias Wagner,	David S. Brown,
Samuel Grant,	Isaac Lea,
Jacob R. Smith,	Edward C. Dale,
George W. Richards,	George Fales.

CHARLES G. BANCKER, President.
EDW. C. DALE, Vice President.
W. C. STEELE, Secretary, *pro tem.*
J. GARDNER COFFIN, AGENT,
North West corner Third and Wood Streets.

mn29:w15

WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH.

ALEXANDER NIMICK, President.
WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.
CAPT. GEORGE NEELD, General Agent.

Office, 92 Water street, Spang & Co.'s Warehouse, up stairs, Pittsburgh.

Will insure against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks. A home Institution, managed by Directors who are well known to the community, and who are determined by promptness and liberality to maintain the character which they have assumed, as offering the best protection to those who desire to be insured.

DIRECTORS:

Alexander Nimick,	John R. McCune,
R. Miller, Jr.,	Chas. J. Clarke,
James McAuley,	William S. Evans,
Alexander Speer,	Joseph Kirkpatrick,
Andrew Acklen,	Phillip Reymer,
David M. Long,	Wm. Morrison,
D. Ihmsen,	

no27

NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

Cor. Federal St. and Diamond, Allegheny,

Office, in the SECOND NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

W. W. MARTIN, President,
JOHN BROWN, JR., Vice President,
JAMES E. STEVENSON, Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

John A. Myler,	Jas. Lockhart,	Jos. Myers,
Jas. L. Graham,	Robert Lea,	C. C. Boyle,
Jno. Brown, Jr.	George Gerst,	Jacob Kopp,
O. H. Williams	Jno. Thompson	J. McNaugher.

ap6

PEOPLES' INSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICE, N. E. CORNER WOOD & FIFTH STS.

A Home Company, taking Fire and Marine Risks.

DIRECTORS:

Wm. Phillips,	Capt. John L. Rhoads,
John Watt,	Samuel P. Shriver,
John E. Parks,	Charles Arbuckle,
Capt. James Miller,	Jared M. Brush,
Wm. Van Kirk,	Wm F. Lang,
James D. Verner,	Samuel McCrickart

WM. PHILLIPS, President.
JOHN WATT, Vice President.
W. F. GARDNER, Secretary.
CAPT. JAS. GORDON, General Agent.

ALLEGHENY INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH.

OFFICE, No. 37 FIFTH STREET, BANK BLOCK. Insures against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks.

JOHN IRWIN, JR., President.
T. J. HOSKINSON, Vice President.
C. G. DONNELL, Secretary.
CAPT. WM. DEAN, General Agent.

DIRECTORS:

John Irwin, Jr.,	E. L. Fahnestock,
T. J. Hoskinson,	W. H. Everson,
C. G. Hussey,	Robert H. Davis,
Harvey Childs,	Francis Sellers,
Charles Hays,	Capt. J. T. Stockdale,
Capt. Wm. Dean,	T. H. Nevin.

SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

HOLMES, BELL & CO.,

ANCHOR COTTON MILLS,

PITTSBURGH.

Manufacturers of HEAVY MEDIUM and LIGHT

ANCHOR AND MAGNOLIA

SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

ASSESSMENTS.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, PITTSBURGH, Sept. 28, 1869.

NOTICE.—The assessment for Grading, Paving and Curbing BEECH ALLEY from Pride to Millenberger street, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until FRIDAY, October 8th, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.

se28:o100 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

JEFFERSON STREET.—THE undersigned, appointed Viewers to assess damages and benefits for opening Jefferson street, Second ward, Allegheny, will meet on the premises on SATURDAY, October 9th, 1869, at ½ o'clock P. M. to attend to the duties of our appointment.

S. W. McGUINNESS,
JAMES GRAHAM,
se23:o66-2w ANDREW DAVIDSON.

AMUSEMENTS.

☞ NEW OPERA HOUSE.

Benefit and last night but one of

MR. JOHN E. OWENS.

The renowned interpreter of the pathetic and comic drama.

DOT: OR, THE CRICKET ON THE HEARTH.

Caleb Plummer, Toy Maker.....Mr. J. E. Owens.

To conclude with the ever popular

TOODLES.

Timothy Toodles.....Mr. John E. Owens.

Saturday Afternoon, Owens Matinee.

MONDAY EVENING—The popular artists, Mary Mitchell Alnaugh and J. W. Alnaugh.

☞ PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

H. W. WILLIAMS, Sole Lessee and Manager. TO-NIGHT, Mr. EDWIN BLANCHARD and his trained dogs Carlo and Nero. The great London mimic FRANK DILLON. The dashing cantatrice, Miss VIOLA CLIFTON. The wonderful grotesque dancer, WM. H. MAFLIN. The excellent actor, GEO. A. WILCOX. Pittsburgh's favorite, Miss LUCY CLIFTON, and all the great stars.

Ladies' Matinee every Wednesday and Saturday. Admission to Matinee, 25 cents.

☞ FIFTH AVENUE HALL.

No. 65 Fifth avenue, opposite the Opera House, Pittsburgh, Pa., is the coolest and most desirable place of resorte. Liquors can be had at this place Pure and Good. The Billiard Rooms are on the ground floor in the rear.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—PROPERTY. 8 lots 25x131 feet, graded, only $500—$100 per year. 4 lots 24x132 feet, $400—$100 per year. 1 lot 25x129 feet, $500; Reed street. Frame house of 3 rooms, lot 24x100 feet; only $1,100. Brick house of 7 rooms, bath room and stable; 22x100—$4,500. 2 three-storied brick houses on Fulton street, each $4,500. 4 new roomed pressed brick houses finely finished, new; lot 60x100. Two brick houses, pumps and hydrants, all for $4,000. New two room'd and cellar brick house, lot 20x100; $1,400—$600 cash and $100 per year. Good seven roomed house and lot 24x260 feet, $2,500, on easy terms. 6 roomed frame house, lot 24x60, $1,500—$500 cash and balance in 1 and 2 years. 2 lots on Wylie street 24x80; $950. 1 lot on Wylie street 276x145; $1,000. 11 lots on Centre avenue 22½x125; $900 each. 150 feet front on Centre avenue by 145 feet deep, will divide to suit. 6 lots on Centre avenue from $300 to $800. The above property is well located and within 10 to 12 minutes walk of the Court House, and on the New Central Passenger R. R. 20 acres on Western Penna. Railroad, 4 miles from the city, 20 acres on Pan Handle Railroad, 4 miles from city, New 6 room frame house 1 mile from Court House. 225 acres Missouri land.

Persons desiring to purchase a home or make an investment, and those wishing to sell, please call on or address

McCLUNG & RAINBOW.
an30 Nos. 195 197 and 199 Centre avenue

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Universal admiration has been ceded to Milk of Violets, as the most elegant cosmetic ever produced. Its wonderful production of true loveliness has gained for it a far-famed reputation. Sold by all druggist. V. W. Brinckerhoff, New York, general agent.

Due Credit.—To Mr. Patrick Brough, the contractor for the stone work of the High School building, is due much credit for the decoration and arrangements about the ground, ensuring order and safety to all in attendance. His kind efforts, we are requested to say by the Central Board, were fully appreciated.

Severely Injured.—Last evening a son of Mr. Jacob Walz, of the firm of Lutz & Walz, brewers, Seventh Ward, Allegheny, was severely injured by being thrown from a buggy while the horse attached was running away. The accident occurred on Ohio Street. He received medical attention at the residence of his parents.

Palsied.—Tuesday evening Mr. Dennis Kellar, doing businsss on Ohio street, Fourth ward, Allegheny, while walking across the yard at the rear of his premises, suddenly fell to the ground. When picked up it was ascertained that he had received a stroke of palsy, depriving him of the use of his lower limbs. He is receiving medical attention at his residence.

For the Refuge.—Yesterday afternoon a colored boy was observed robbing the till of a stand in the Allegheny market. The owner, Mr. Burchill, seized the lad and had him taken to the lock-up. He will have a hearing this morning. This is the third time the boy has been detected in pilfering in the market, and it is quite likely he will go to the House of Refuge.

Correction.—Messrs. Lockhart, Frew & Co. desire us to correct some errors in yesterday's item regarding the fire at the Brilliant Oil Works. The fire was *not* occasioned by an explosion of a still, but by a leak. The Works were in no danger of destruction at any time, and the fire was promptly extinguished with little or no loss. We are glad to make the correction.

The attention of our lady readers is called to the advertisement of Mr. John Peck, ornamental hair worker and perfumer, No. 53 Market street. Mr. Peck requests us to say he is at all times prepared to dress ladies' hair, either at home or at his place of business, in the latest style. Ladies' wigs, bands, curls, switches, in fact everything in his line, he keeps constantly on hand. We commend Mr. Peck as a time honored gentleman, worthy of public patronage.

Special Train to the Meeting To-night.—A mass meeting of Republicans will be held at Frankstown in the Twenty-third ward to night, to be addressed by Messrs. H. C. Mackrell, Hon. P. C. Shannon, J. Cohen and W. F. Haines, Esqs. A special train will leave the Connellsville Railroad depot at 6:45 o'clock sharp, and return to the city at the adjournment of the meeting. The Second, Seventh and Eighth ward Geary Clubs will report at the depot at 6:15 o'clock, as special accommodations have been made for them. The public generally are invited to be present at the meeting.

Pumpmakers at War.

The pump making business, like other trades, sometimes engenders a little ill-feeling between those engaged in it. It was so yesterday in the case of Messrs. H. Tyler and James Charles, carrying on the business in the Third ward, Allegheny. This rivalry proceeded so far that a personal encounter was the result, followed by two informations made before Mayor Drum against Tyler. The first, made by Charles, was for surety of the peace, the defendont claiming that the threats of Tyler had made him fear for his life. Upon this Tyler was required to give bail for Court. The second for disorderly conduct was made by a bystander who attempted, while the quarrel was in progress, to act the part of peacemaker with indifferent success. The defendant was released on this charge by the payment of a fine of $25.

Library Lectures.

We publish, to-day, the advertisement of the Library Lectures for the coming winter. For so many years our cities have depended so much upon these lectures for their intellectual enjoyment that it is hard to imagine how we could exist without them. We can remember the time when we had no such pleasures to look for during the winter, and when we compare that time with the present, we feel that the debt we all owe the Library Association is very great indeed. The list this year is a very good one, embracing many familiar names and we believe as many familiar voices, excepting that of Miss Kate Fields. Every one of these promised lecturers is one worth hearing and seeing, and together, we think they probably compose the most popular list we have ever announced, and we heartily congratulate the Committee upon its success and our fellow citizens upon the pleasant prospects before them

The Innocents Abroad; by Mark Twain.

Some weeks ago we noticed the fact that Mark Twain, the incomparable humorist, had written a book concerning the excursion made last year in the steamer Quaker City to various parts of Europe, Asia and Africa. We stated that this book was to be published by a subscription firm in Hartford, and that an experienced lady had been appointed as agent for this city. This agent has been canvassing her district with success, what we then predicted and is now ready to deliver the book to subscribers. We have received a copy, and after giving it a pretty thorough examination are able to state that we believe nothing like it ever appeared before. We have read any quantity of books of travel but nothing that was better than this. The discriptions are as good and statements as true and reliable as those in most books, while the whole account of the pilgrim age is told in that rollicking, irresistible shape which has made the name of the author a delight and a household word. The account of the way he victimized the guides, cicerones and valets de place is perfectly unique, and so funny that the sorrowful Princess in the fairy tale would have laughed at it until the tears ran down her cheeks. There are pathetic portions, too, and grave ones, but these can be found in the works of other authors too, not one of whom would ever have thought of comparing Gibraltar to "a gob of mud on the end of a shingle." From first to last the book well repays perusal, and, although some persons wouldn't enjoy it, having had their sense of humor left out of their construction entirely, yet we believe the majority will agree that it is a book without a parallell in the whole library of travels.

POLITICAL.

First Ward Nominations.

The following candidates have been nominated by the Republicans of the First Ward, Pittsburgh:

Select Council—One to be nominated—G. W. Coffin, 184; George W. Perkins, 77.

Common Council—Three to be nominated—Joseph M. Gazzam, 170; John Seiferth, 169; Samuel M. Fulton, 149; W. R. Boggs, 140; James S. Vandergrift, 39; Charles F. Collins, 37.

School Directors—Two to be nominated—J. D. Stoneroad, 78; Florence Kramer, 225; George A. Dirkpatrick, 174.

The following officers were nominated unanimously, there being no opposition:

Judge of Elections—A. F. Brackmeyer.
Inspettor—Andrew Humbert.
Return Inspector—Wm. Hunter.
Constable—Matthew Keep.

Mr. Coffin, for Select Council, has served in that capacity for several terms and is universally regarded as one of the most zealous, faithful and correct members of that body. Mr. Seiferth, for Common Council, is at present a member and we are glad he has been re-nominated, thus receiving evidence of the continued confidence of his fellow-citizens. Mr. Samuel M. Fulton will enter his first term. He is well and favorably known and will make an excellent Councilman. Joseph M. Gazzam, Esq., will also enter his first term, and from long acquaintance with him we can heartily commend him to the voters of that ward as a gentleman eminently qualified and worthy the office. He is liberal minded and progressive, thoroughly honest and honorable, and perhaps has as great an interest in the conduct of municipal affairs as the large majority of his constituents. On the whole the ticket is a most excellent one and is worthy the hearty support of all the citizens of the ward.

Second Ward Nominations.

The Republicans of the Second ward met last night at the Public School House for the purpose of suggesting names for the ward offices, for which candidates are to be selected at the primary meeting to be held next Saturday. There was very large attendance. Mr. Aaron Floyd was called to the chair and Mr. T. P. Houston was chosen Secretary. The following nominations were then made: Select Council, Edw. House, (no opp.:) Common Council, four to be selected, James Vick, D. W. C. Carrol, Calvin Adams, Dr. A. Arthurs, J. C. Mattern, Dr. Charles Hauch. The latter gentlemen withdrew. Mr. T. P. Houston refused the use of his name for re-election; School Directors, William Woods, Thos. Ewing; Alderman, A. S. Nicholson, Jno. Floyd, Alex. Aiken; Inspector, John Paul, J. B. Campbell, Return Inspector, Thos. S. Bigelow, R. H. Wilson; Constable, J. S. Richardson.

Several gentlemen present addressed the meeting urging strong and hearty support to the entire Republican ticket. It was authoritatively asserted that the names of some Republicans of the ward had been placed on the Temperance Reform Executive Committee without authority, after which the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we assert, as the sense of this meeting, that it is the clear duty of all true Republicans to render earnest and hearty support to the *entire ticket* put forth by the recent Republican State and County Conventions.

Temperance and Reform.

At the regular meeting of the Executive Committee of the Temperance and Reform movement, held on Thursday afternoon, on motion Mr. Geo. Findley was called to the Chair.

On motion the following names were added to the Executive Committee: Wm. Shaw, Samuel Rea, James Laughlin. J. R. McCune, W. E. Smertz, A. P. Childs, John Anderson, Geo. Woods, L. L. D., F. R. Brunot, Henry Lloyd, Chas. P. Clarke.

The Committee apointed to wait upon the Executive Committees of the Republican and Democratic parties to solicit copies of their tickets, reported that these Committees promised to furnish official copies of their tickets at an early day.

On motion the Committee on Printing were instructed to order the printing of the tickets as soon as official copies are received.

Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—Mr. John E. Owens, who has been entertaining the patrons of the Opera House during the week, closes his engagement at that institution Saturday night. This evening he takes a benefit, on which occasion "Dot; or the Cricket on the Hearth," will be presented, with Mr. Owens as Caleb Plummer, the Toy Maker. The entertainment will conclude with "Toodles."

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.—Frank Dillon, Viola Clifton, Edward Blanchard and his trained dogs Carlo and Nero, contribute largely to the amusement of the *habitues* of the Pittsburgh Theatre. There are numerous other attractions, however, as the public well know, and the entertainments are first class. Remember the Saturday matinee.

ACADEMNY OF MUSIC.—The Gregory's, who have for the past two week been drawing large audiences at the Academny of Music, conclude their engagement at that establishment Saturday night. An entire change of programme is announced for this evening, and a grand matinee will be given Saturday afternoon.

SKATING RINK.—At the Allegheny Skating Rink last evening was commenced a rare and refined entertainment in the way of a stereoptic panorama of Bunyan's Pilgrims' Progress. This is one of the most pleasing entertainments ever partaken of by our citizens, and we urgently recommend our readers to be present.

The Temperance Fountain.

The friends of temperance and members of the various organizations in our vicinity devoted to that cause are making active exertions toward the erection of a fountain in the Allegheny Park, dedicated to temperance principles. The design of the proposed structure is very neat and attractive, and if carried out will add considerably to the ornamentation of any portion of the Park in which it is located. According to the design, the structure will consist of a firm base of freestone, surmounted by a square block of marble, the upper portion of which is cut or hollowed out on the four sides in the form of arches, with small basins underneath. Into the arches, the pipes for supplying the water will be extended. The marble will be finished off at the top with a representation of a temple, altar, cushion and open Bible, upon which rests a lamp. Upon the four sides of the marble will be inscribed appropriate mottoes. The vase will be surrounded with marble blocks upon which the names of the Societies contributing, will be inscribed. The whole affair will pe about six feet in hight and 3 feet square. It can be built for about $300, but as it is calculated to be of the finest workmanship and finish, it will probably cost considerably more than that figure.

THE COURTS.

District Court—Judge Kirkpatrick.

THURSDAY, September 30.—The case of the Commonwealth ex rel William Marten vs. the Trustees of the Plum Creek Church reported yesterday is still on trial.

TRIAL LIST FOR FRIDAY.

No. 17. Monaghan's Adms. vs. Manchester Savings Bank.
No. 32. Brown vs. same defts.
No. 20. McKerhan vs. Crawford's heirs.
No. 28. Kirkpatrick vs. Kelley.
No. 29. Lister vs Deckenbaugh.
No. 31. Lamble vs. Hunter.
No. 41. O'Donnell vs. Owners of Steam Tug Grey Eagle.
No. 55. First Nat'l Bank of Allegheny vs. Klouck.

Common Pleas—Judge Stowe.

THURSDAY, September 30.—In the case of Slacker and wife vs. Lehman, action of slander, to recover damages for "words spoken," reported yesterday, the jury returned a verdict for plaintiff for six cents damages.

James M. Taylor, Receiver, vs. John Sweinhart & Co., action on a book account. Plaintiff took a non-suit.

Col. L. B. Duff presented the petition of John Sterrett, asking that a commissioner be appointed to inquire into the lunacy of Rebecca Sterrett. James W. Over, Esq., was appointed a commissioner by the Court, as prayed for.

TRIAL LIST FOR FRIDAY.

No. 33. Hutchinson vs. Herrin.
" 37. McDonald vs. Franklin.
" 56. Boreland vs. Darlington and wife.
" 59. Kerr vs. Speny.
" 47. Duff and Ewing vs. Hoffman.
" 49. Cooner vs. Litchfield.
" 50. McGerk vs. Ballentine.
" 52. Grove vs. Rodgers et al.
" 54. Graham vs. McWilliams.

Quarter Sessions—Judge Mellon.

THURSDAY, September 30.—In the case of the Commonwealth vs. Mathias Puruker, reported yesterday, the jury returned a verdict of not guilty.

The next case taken up was that of the Commonwealth vs. Georgiana Bougton, indicted for assault and battery, Ellen Green prosecutrix. The jury returned a verdict of not guilty, and directed that each party should pay one-half the cost.

The case of the Commonwealth vs. James Wright, indicted for larceny, was next taken up. The jury returned a verdict of not guilty.

The next case taken up was that of the Commonwealth vs. John Gester, indicted for the larceny of a hog. On trial.

Sale To-Day! Sale To-Day!

Omnibuses will leave the corner of Ohio and East streets, Allegheny, this afternoon, from one till two o'clock, to convey passengers free to the grand public sale of lots, on the Saw Mill Valley Road, one mile and a quarter from the Diamond. Such a fine opportunity to purchase lots has not been presented for many a day. Attend the sale if you have the slightest idea of buying a lot.

There are all sizes, from one to five acres each. A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer.

Black Alpacas and mourning goods at Bates & Bell's.

Dancing Academy.

Those wishing to become proficient in the art of "tripping the light fantastic toe," have excellent advantages offered them at present at Prof. Cowper's Dancing Academy, No. 51 Fifth avenue, opposite the old theatre. The days of tution are Wednesdays and Saturdays. Masters and misses at 3 o'clock P. M., gentlemen's class at 8 o'clock in the evening. Prof. Cowper is an experienced teacher, and renders entire satisfaction. W:F:M: 2 w.

Be Beautiful.

If you desire beauty you should use Hagan's Magnolia Balm.

It gives a soft, refined, satin-like texture to the Complexion, removes Roughness, Redness, Blotches, Sunburn, Tan, &c., and adds a tinge of Pearly Bloom to the plainest features. It brings the Bloom of Youth to the fading cheek and changes the rustic Country Girl into a Fashionable City Belle.

In the use of the Magnolia Balm lies the true secret of Beauty. No Lady need complain of her Complexion who will invest 75 cents in this delightful article.

Lyon's Kathairon is the best Hair Dressing use. MWFF.

Wool Shawls, long and square, fancy Arabs, of all varieties, at Bates & Bell's.

Wanted.—TEN OR TWELVE intelligent respectable men to act as SPECIAL AGENTS for the Co-operative Life Ins. Co. Apply to. A. PATTERSON,
128 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh.

Country Flannels and blankets—new goods—at Bates & Bell's.

For fashionable hair-dressing, plain or by curling, and a frizzle, for a luxurious shave or bath, and for skillful cupping and leeching, call at Williamson's elegant saloon at No. 190 Federal street, Allegheny. F

Black Silks, evening silks, white alpacas, and evening dress goods of all kinds at Bates & Bell's.

Real Estate.—See advertisement of McClung & Rainbow, Real Estate and Insurance Agents, 195, 197 and 199 Centre avenue. tf.

New Goods and new styles at Bates & Bell's.

Additional Markets by Telegraph.

CHICAGO, Sept. 30.—*Latest*—Grain markets at the afternoon board were quiet and prices lower than at the close of Change. Wheat quite active and lower at $1,07@1,08½, seller October, and $1,07¾@1,08½ cash; closing at $1,08. Corn 70½@71c, seller October, mostly 70¾c, at which the market closed. Oats quiet and steady at 40½c, seller October. In the evening there was nothing done in the grain markets. Lake freights and provisions neglected.

NEW ORLEANS, September 30.—Cotton in good demand and ½@¾c lower, sales 2,000 bales middling at 25¼c. Receipts of 1,190 bales. Bacon firmer. 17½@17¾c. for Shoulders, 20¾@21c, for clear rib sides 21¼@21½c, for clear sides Whiskey at $1,26@1,27½. Other articles unchanged. Gold 32½. Sterling 40½. New York sight ¼@¾ discount.

NASHVILLE, September 30.—Wheat unchanged; red $1,20; amber $1,25; white $1'10. Corn $1,15; Oats 60c. Rye $1. Barley $1,25. Flour $5@8 for superfine and fancy. Bacon—sides 19½c; shoulders 17c; hams 20c. Lard 21c.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 30.—Flour, $4,37½@5,62½; Shipping Extra, $4,55. Wheat weak, at $2,55; choice shipping legal tenders, 76.

NEW YORK CITY.

The Gold War—The Worst Over—Action of Supreme Court—$1,000,000 Sold—Failures and Rumors of Failures.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, September 30, 1869.

Because of the failure of Lockwood & Co., Mr. Lockwood and all his colleagues have placed their entire property in the possession of J. P. Acker, to whom they have made an assignment for the benefit of their creditors. The principal creditors of the firm reside in Chicago, Cleveland and other cities, and are all wealthy men, embracing such capitalists as A. M. Stone and W. Whitt, of Cleveland. They have been telegraphed to to come on to this city, and are expected to arrive in season for a meeting on Friday, when the situation of affairs will be more developed. At present the firm are unable to state their exact condition. It is reported on the street that they are credited with holding large amounts of Pacific Mail, Michigan Southern, Northwestern and St. Paul. Also, that they have been on New York Central for the past twelve months, but the rumors of the street must be received with great caution.

At the Fifth avenue Hotel last night there was an excited crowd until midnight. The general feeling was that relief was at hand, and that soon men could again breathe freely. It was generally thought that the depression of stocks was due to the stringency in the money market, produced by the delay in effecting the clearances in gold and currency accounts on Broad street, but there is some who believe that some of the most prominent stocks in the market will not recover from their present downfall.

The *Times* says the application for an injunction against the Gold Room selling Smith, Gould & Martin out under the rules makes the extraordinary confession that forty millions of gold were bought and sold for the account of the plaintiffs, Golud & Smith, in a single day.

The *Times* says that Judge Cordoza, in granting this injunction restraining the Gold Exchange from transferring its own rules, has only furnished another illustration of the wicked purposes to which our Judicial system may be perverted.

There is less excitement in Wall street to-day. The Gold Room is in operation, and transactions are being made with the understanding that deliveries be on day of sale. The quotations of gold are 131.

An injunction has been issued in behalf of Gould & Martin by Judge Cordoza against some thirty different brokers, restraining them from carrying out the contracts in gold made for plaintiff's, except according to the rules of the Gold Exchange at the time such contracts were made, or changing the terms of the contracts.

One million and three quarters of gold were sold out under the rules to-day, on account of Heath & Co., Speyers & Co., and Leid, Lee & Conteal. Heath & Co. state that they have four hundred thousand dollars due from the Gold Bank, but the injunction prevents a statement.

LATER.

The excitement of the past week has given way to comparative quiet, and business at the Stock Exchange is now conducted in a more orderly manner. A large number of gold contracts on last Friday's business have been privately settled, and the complication incident to that day's business have been reduced to a comparatively small compass. A large number of contracts have been paid, and it is believed this entire matter would have been adjusted to-day, had it not been for the interference of the Courts, which action is generally and severely condemned. It appears that under the present condition of the money market Smith, Gould, & Martin are unable to take $6,000,000 gold delivered to them under the suspended settlements, and are consequently driven to expedients for postponing a settlement.

Judge Cordga issued an injunction, on application of Smith, Gould, Martin & Co, restrainiug various firms from carrying out any contracts made by them on behalf of Smith, Gould, Martin & Co., in any other manner than in strict conformity to the rules of the New York Gold Exchange, as they existed at the time such contracts were made; from compromising or settling any claims without the express consent of Smith, Gould, Martin & Co., and from any action in the matter except on their order.

It appears the firm allege that the defendants, as the plaintiff's agents, made loans to the amount of about $30,000,000 in gold upon security of about $40,000,000 in paper currency, with the understanding that no settlement was to be made for each separate transaction in coin or currency; that if the transactions of the plaintiffs were adjusted through the Clearing House, then a large balance would remain in their favor, while if separately settled, they would be obliged, in one day, to raise about $40,000,000 in paper and gold currency; that plaintiffs are informed the persons to whom the gold has been lent, on their account, by defendants, intend, within a single day, to demand the return of the $40,000,000 in currency, the security deposited for gold loans, instead of settling at the Clearing House, as agreed.

The *Commercial* says: "In order to facilitate a settlement of Friday's transaction in gold, and to obviate the difficulty of taking up $6,000,000 of gold under a stringent money market, Smith, Gould and Martin's brokers have offered, instead of taking up the gold coming to them, to accept currency at 135 for gold, and Smith, Gould and Martin offer to settle with their brokers on the same terms, the difference between 135 and the actual figure to be settled in checks. So far as we can learn very few accept the proposal

It is stated that one firm settled over $4,000,000 of gold transactions this morning in the Stock Exchange.

The action of Gold Exchange in suspending by laws 7 and 11 was under discussion, and strongly condemned.

The following amounts of gold were sold under rule for the firms specified at the Stock Exchange. These sales, at present complications of gold, do not necessarily imply the failure of the parties:

Albert Sbyers, $1,060,009; Wm. Heath & Co., $250,000; John Pond, $300,000; Reid, Leow & Carhart, $500,600; Polhamus & Jackson, $300,000. Sales were also made on account of Lockwood & Co., and Daiken & Gillespie.

A great many brokers have protested against this action, and legal complications are likely to arise therefrom. Among the parties protesting were Polhamus & Jackson.

After the sales an injunction was served on the officers of the Stock Exchange, E. K. Willard being the plaintiff, restraining them from selling under the rule any gold, on account of the parties acting as agents of Smith, Gould & Martin in the transactions of last Friday.

The failure of Lockwook & Co., though expected to turn out unfavorably to the creditors, is not likely to cause much injury to the brokers or their banks, who appear to have been protected by ample margins. The principal weight of losses is likely to fall on Western capitalists, who, for the most part, will be able to bear them without much embarrassment. As yet no statement of their affairs has been prepared, and it is impossible to give any estimate of their liabilities or of their assets.

The *Express* says it is estimated that the depreciation in the price of gold and securities dealt in on the New York Stock Exchange since Thursday last, will reach $100,000,000 in currency. Many men have been reduced from affluence to poverty.

The large stock failures of yesterday have not dragged down any other firms, but these failures will cause heavy losses to a large number of people who have no connection with the suspended firms.

The *Express* announces that Mr. Bigelow has resigned the editorship of the *Times*, and Frederick Hudson, late of *Herald*, is to be managing editor. Other papers confirm the resignation of Mr. Bigelow.

The steamer Weser sailed to-day with $45,000 in specie.

Isaac V. Fowler, whose defalcation and disappearanoe many years ago, when postmaster of New York, is well remembered, died yesterday in Chicago. His body is on the way here for interment.

MEXICO.

President Juarez' Speech to the Mexican Congress.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HAVANA, September 30.—The *Prensa*, to-day, comments favorably on the speech of President Juarez at the opening of the Mexican Congress, and praises him for refraining from any allusion to the authority given him to recognize the Cubans as belligerents.

The steamer City of Mexico has arrived from Vera Cruz, with dates from the City of Mexico to the 21st. The Mexican Congress assembled on the 16th, the anniversary of Mexican independence. President Juarez delivered the opening speech. He congratulated the members that they could now celebrate the anniversary of independence for the first time since 1859 with peace prevailing throughout the Republic, the laws obeyed, and a Government strong to repress rebellion and disorder.

After electing officers, Congress adjourned in honor of the day, and a grand celebration followed, in which six thousand persons took part. President Juarez, accompanied by his Cabinet, Members of Congress, and Mr. Nelson, American Minister, went to Puebla, where he inaugurated the Puebla and Mexico Railroad. From two to three thousands persons were present. A banquet followed, at which speeches were made on questions of internal improvement, and President Juarez committed himself fully to a progressive policy in this respect.

A toast to the United States was replied to by Minister Nelson, whose speech made a very favorable impression.

The Humboldt Centennial Anniversary was celebrated with a banquet and torchlight procession.

Conscription was badly received; protests appear against it in all parts of the Republic.

Lieut. Col. Pedro Abar was sentenced to be shot for his connection with the conspiracy of August 20th.

The American Consul at Mexico has been robbed of money and valuables.

Senor Romero, Secretary, presented to Congress a report for the fiscal year ending June 30. Total receipts $13,765,000. Expenditures, $13 500,000. Two million has been applied to the payment of the public debt, the consolidation of which he advocates.

Senor Le Jah has officially thanked Minister Nelson for his kind offices in obtaining a renewal of the relations between Mexico and Spain.

According to the census just concluded the population of Mexico is 8,567,000.

Several Mexican journal are discussing the question of annexation to the United States.

ST. LOUIS.

Extension of the South Pacific Railroad.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, September 30.—The South Pacific Railroad Company to-day completed their extension of sixty miles of road through the Ozark Mountains, from Little Piny to Lebanon, Missouri. An excursion party will leave here Tuesday next, to celebrate the completion of this work, and the following day the road will be opened for regular business. Two thousand men are now engaged grading the road, fifty-seven miles, between Lebanon and Springfield, and the work will be finished by the 1st af January next. From Springfield westwardly, construction is also being vigorously pushed, and it is expected that the road will reach the State line before the close of 1870.

Hall's Arctic Expedition—His Report—Not a Shadow of Hope that any of Franklin's Expedition Survives—Isolated Graves and Graves by Companies—Death by Starvation—Inhumanity of the Esquimaux.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, September 30.—Mr. Hall's detailed report of his Arctic expedition is published. It appears that there is no longer even a shadow of hope that any one survives from Franklin's company. It is thought that none of them reached even as far as Montreal Island, and their bones lie scattered along the coast of King William's Land, some in isolated graves, others in camping places, where they died in companies. The melancholy history has its crowning terror in the knowledge that they died by starvation, through the base behavior of the Esquimaux, and that on learning their fate, Capt. Hall was reduced to the awful necessity of taking the life of one of his own mutinous men. Mr. Hall states that the Erebus and Terror were abandoned. One of them consummated the great North-West passage, having five men aboard. The evidence of the exact number is circumstantial. Everything about this northwest passage ship of Sir John Franklin's expedition was in complete order. Four boats were hanging high up at the ship's sides and one was in the winter housing of sail cloths. This vessel was found by natives, near O'Reilly Island, latitude 68 deg. 30 min. N., longitude 99 deg. 81 min. W., early in the spring of 1849, it being frozen in the midst of a smooth and unbroken floe of ice of only one winter's formation.

Republican Club Assaulted—Two of their Number Fatally Wounded.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 30.—The Republican Invincibles paraded this evening to West Philadelphia. While crossing the Schuylkill river they were assaulted with bricks, and on their return at the same place they were again attacked. One member was fatally wounded. While this was going on, they allege the police came up and began firing at them. The consequence was another member was shot through the body, and it is believed fatally. The invincibles have secured the names of the police who attacked them, and will prosecute the matter.

Another Destructive Fire.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, Sept. 30.—Last night at eleven o'clock a destructive fire occurred at the corner of Illinois and St. Clair streets. The fire originated in a large stable belonging to E. R. McDonald. It contained twenty-two horses, all of which were destroyed.

CINCINNATI.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

Philadelphia Councilmen—Too Much Freight—Social Reunion.

CINCINNATI, September 30.—Sixteen members of the Philadelphia City Council arrived at four o'clock this evening and were escorted to the Burnet House by a Committee of the Cincinnati Council. They will be given a private supper here to-night, and to-morrow they will witness the display of fire department, and visit the subarbs.

The Louisville and Cincinnati short line railroad is offered more freight than it can take, and refuses every day.

Old Woodward has a reunion banquet to-night.

The weather is clear, the thermometer being 68 at noon.

Altoona Fair.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ALTOONA, September 30.—The Fair here (third day) was attended by over 15,000 people. One of the crowning features of the day was a mule race for a purse of $25. Eight entries were made, mule No. 4 coming in two lengths ahead of No. 1, No. 5 rolling in the middle of the track, while No. 3 was trying to run his carcass through a fence, Nos. 6, 7 and 8 were having a fine turn all around the enclosure. The fire department of Altoona turned out fully equipped, numbering over six hundred men, and made a very fine display. To-morrow will close the Fair, at which time a grand foot race for one hundred dollars will take place, and the three steamers will have a trial for a purse of $25. It is admitted that there never was a finer conducted fair in the State. Every one enjoyed themselves hugely. It is the intention of the Managers to have a grand race on the course next month, and from the liberal premiums they will offer, there is no doubt but that it will be a success.

MARRIED:

MILNE—RINEHART—On Wednesday evening, Sept. 29th 1869, at Newark Ohio, by Rev. J. B. Walker, Mr. JAMES H. MILNE and Miss RENA RINEHART, both of Allegheny City, Pa.

COLE—HAMILTON—On Thursday evening, September 30th, at the residence of the bride's mother, by Rev. E. J. Gray, Mr. THOMAS COLE and Miss URILDA W., second daughter of the late John Hamilton, all of Allegheny City.

DIED:

RISHERBERGER—Wednesday evening, at 8 o'clock, at his late residence, near Alliance, O., Mr. JOHN RISHERBERGER.

His remains will arrive at Federal street Railroad Station, Allegheny, TO DAY, October 1st, at 3 o'clock, to proceed direct to the Cemetery. All friends are respectfully invited to attend.

UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 165 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Carriages furnished for city funerals at $2 00 each.

REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D.D., Rev. M. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob H. Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & PEEBLES, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corner of SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE, Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with real and imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices varying from $4 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, all kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night.

JOSEPH MEYER & SON,
UNDERTAKERS,
No. 424 PENN STREET.
Carriages for Funerals, $3.00 Each.
COFFINS and all Funeral Furnishment at reduced rates. au7

WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c.

NEW GOODS!

Having just returned from the East with a splendid stock of

Watches, Jewelry, Silverware,

OPTICAL GOODS, &c.,

I am now prepared to offer them at greatly reduced prices. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

W. G. DUNSEATH,
Jeweller, No. 56 Fifth Avenue
au28: Opposite Masonic Hall.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

HENRY G. HALE

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Corner of Penn and Sixth Streets

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

NOW COMPLETE

BRASS FOUNDRY.

JOHN M. COOPER & CO

Bell and Brass Founders,

ENGINE, LOCOMOTIVE & ROLLING MIL

BRASSES

Made Promptly to Orde

BABBIT'S METAL

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Proprietors and Manufacturers of

J. M. Cooper's Improved Balance Whe

STEAM PUMP.

OFFICE AND FOUNDRY

Cor. 17th and Railroad Streets,

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BANKS.

PITTSBURGH
BANK FOR SAVINGS,
NO. 67 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURG
CHARTERED IN 1852.

OPEN DAILY from 9 to 4 o'clock, and SATURDAY EVENING, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of six per cent., free of tax, if not withdrawn compounds semi-annually, January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.

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